



**LION INDUSTRIES
CORPORATION**

LION INDUSTRIES CORPORATION BERHAD

Registration No. 192401000008 (415-D)

Laporan Tahunan

2024

Annual Report

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NOTICE OF MEETING

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT the 94th Annual General Meeting of Lion Industries Corporation Berhad ("94th AGM") will be held at the Meeting Hall, Level 16, Lion Office Tower, No. 1 Jalan Nagasari, 50200 Kuala Lumpur, Wilayah Persekutuan on Friday, 30 May 2025 at 10.30 am for the following purposes:

AGENDA

1. To receive the Audited Financial Statements for the financial year ended 31 December 2024 and the Reports of the Directors and Auditors thereon. **Note 1**
2. To approve the payment of Directors' fees amounting to RM301,200 for the financial year ended 31 December 2024. **Resolution 1**
3. To approve the payment of Directors' benefits of up to RM103,000 for the period commencing after the 94th AGM until the next annual general meeting of the Company. **Resolution 2**
4. To re-elect the following Directors who were appointed during the financial year and retire in accordance with Clause 111 of the Company's Constitution and who being eligible, have offered themselves for re-election:
 - (i) Y. Bhg. Dato' Sun Teoh Tia **Resolution 3**
 - (ii) Cik Zainab binti Dato' Hj. Mohamed **Resolution 4**

Y. Bhg. Dato' Nik Rahmat bin Nik Taib who retires by rotation in accordance with Clause 110 of the Company's Constitution, has expressed his intention not to seek re-election and hence, shall retire at the conclusion of the 94th AGM.
5. To re-appoint Messrs Forvis Mazars PLT as Auditors of the Company and to authorise the Directors to fix their remuneration. **Resolution 5**
6. Special Business

To consider and, if thought fit, pass the following Ordinary Resolutions:

 - 6.1 Authority to Directors to Issue and Allot Shares **Resolution 6**

"THAT pursuant to Sections 75 and 76 of the Companies Act 2016 and subject to the approval of all relevant authorities being obtained, the Directors be and are hereby empowered to issue and allot shares in the Company at any time and upon such terms and conditions and for such purposes as the Directors may, in their absolute discretion deem fit, provided that the aggregate number of shares issued pursuant to this resolution does not exceed 10% of the total number of issued shares of the Company (excluding treasury shares) for the time being ("Mandate") and that such Mandate shall continue to be in force until the conclusion of the next annual general meeting of the Company."

6.2 Proposed Renewal of Shareholders' Mandate for Recurrent Related Party Transactions of a Revenue or Trading Nature

"THAT approval be and is hereby given for the renewal of the mandate, for the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively, the "Group") to enter into recurrent related party transactions of a revenue or trading nature which are necessary for the Group's day-to-day operations as detailed in paragraph 3.3 and with those related parties as set out in paragraph 3.2 of the Circular to Shareholders of the Company dated 30 April 2025 ("Related Parties"), provided that such transactions are undertaken in the ordinary course of business and are on normal commercial terms which are consistent with the Group's usual business practices and policies, and on terms not more favourable to the Related Parties than those generally available to the public and are not to the detriment of the minority shareholders; and

Resolution 7

THAT authority conferred by this ordinary resolution will only continue to be in force until:

- (i) the conclusion of the next annual general meeting of the Company at which time it will lapse, unless by a resolution passed at the meeting, the authority is renewed;
- (ii) the expiration of the period within which the next annual general meeting of the Company after that date is required to be held pursuant to Section 340(2) of the Companies Act 2016 (but must not extend to such extension as may be allowed pursuant to Section 340(4) of the Companies Act 2016); or
- (iii) revoked or varied by resolution passed by the Shareholders of the Company in general meeting,

whichever is the earlier; and

THAT the Directors of the Company be and are hereby authorised to complete and do all such acts and things to give effect to the transactions contemplated and/or authorised by this ordinary resolution which shall include, without limitation, taking any action which the Directors may, in their absolute discretion deem fit, to recover any sums due to the Company under the said transactions or to settle the same."

7. To transact any other business for which due notice shall have been given.

By Order of the Board

WONG PHOOI LIN (MAICSA 7013812)

SSM PC No. 202008002964

KONG SIEW FOON (MAICSA 7044962)

SSM PC No. 202008002081

Secretaries

Kuala Lumpur

30 April 2025

Notes:

- Proxy
 - (i) In respect of deposited securities, only Members whose names appear in the Record of Depositors on 26 May 2025 shall be eligible to attend the Meeting.
 - (ii) A member entitled to attend and vote at the Meeting is entitled to appoint not more than 2 proxies to attend and vote instead of him. A proxy need not be a member of the Company.
 - (iii) If a member appoints 2 proxies, the proportion of his shareholdings represented by each proxy must be specified.
 - (iv) The instrument appointing a proxy must be in writing under the hand of the appointor or his attorney duly authorised in writing or, if the appointor is a corporation, either under seal or the hand of an officer or attorney duly authorised.
 - (v) Where a member of the Company is an exempt authorised nominee which holds ordinary shares in the Company for multiple beneficial owners in 1 securities account ("omnibus account"), there is no limit to the number of proxies which the exempt authorised nominee may appoint in respect of each omnibus account it holds.
 - (vi) The instrument appointing a proxy shall be deposited at the Office of the Registrar of the Company, Securities Services (Holdings) Sdn Bhd at Level 7, Menara Milenium, Jalan Damanlela, Pusat Bandar Damansara, Damansara Heights, 50490 Kuala Lumpur, Wilayah Persekutuan not less than 48 hours before the time for holding the Meeting.
 - (vii) Completed Form of Proxy sent through facsimile transmission or any electronic or digital manner shall not be accepted.

1. Audited Financial Statements for the financial year ended 31 December 2024

The Audited Financial Statements are laid in accordance with Section 340(1)(a) of the Companies Act 2016 for discussion only. As such, this Agenda item is not a business which requires a resolution to be put to vote by Members.

2. Resolution 2

The benefits payable to the Directors of up to RM103,000 for the period commencing after the 94th AGM until the next annual general meeting of the Company comprise estimated meeting allowance in respect of Directors' attendance at Board and Board Committees meetings which have been scheduled and special meetings. The Board is of the view that it is just and equitable for the Directors to be paid the meeting allowance as and when incurred in discharging their responsibilities and rendering their services to the Company throughout the relevant period.

3. Resolutions 3 and 4

The following Directors ("Retiring Directors") retire in accordance with Clause 111 of the Company's Constitution and being eligible, have offered themselves for re-election:

- (i) Y. Bhg. Dato' Sun Teoh Tia
- (ii) Cik Zainab binti Dato' Hj. Mohamed

The Nomination Committee ("NC") had reviewed the performance and contribution of each of the Retiring Directors during the annual assessment for the financial year ended 31 December 2024. Based on the results of the assessment, the NC was satisfied with the performance and contribution of the Retiring Directors who had performed their duties as Directors and members of the respective Board Committees of the Company; and had discharged their duties and responsibilities effectively at all times.

The NC was also satisfied that the Retiring Directors, who are also independent non-executive Directors, have displayed independent judgement and acted in the best interests of the Company and the minority shareholders of the Company.

The Board had concurred with the NC's recommendation to seek Shareholders' approval for the re-election of the Retiring Directors.

The profiles of the Retiring Directors are set out on page 8 of the 2024 Annual Report.

4. *Resolution 6*

The approval pursuant to Sections 75 and 76 of the Companies Act 2016 will allow the Company to procure the renewal of the general mandate which will empower the Directors of the Company to issue and allot new shares in the Company up to an amount not exceeding 10% of the total number of issued shares of the Company (excluding treasury shares) ("Mandate"). The Mandate, unless revoked or varied at a general meeting, will expire at the conclusion of the next annual general meeting of the Company.

The Mandate will provide flexibility to the Company for any possible fund raising activities, including but not limited to placing of shares for purposes of funding current and/or future investment projects, working capital and/or acquisitions.

As at the date of this Notice, no new ordinary shares in the Company were issued pursuant to the mandate granted to the Directors at the last Annual General Meeting of the Company held on 30 May 2024 which will lapse at the conclusion of the 94th AGM.

5. *Resolution 7*

This approval will allow the Group to continue to enter into recurrent related party transactions of a revenue or trading nature with those Related Parties, which are necessary for the Group's day-to-day operations undertaken in the ordinary course of business and are on normal commercial terms which are consistent with the Group's usual business practices and policies, and on terms not more favourable to the Related Parties than those generally available to the public and are not to the detriment of the minority shareholders.

Details on the Proposed Renewal of Shareholders' Mandate for Recurrent Related Party Transactions of a Revenue or Trading Revenue are set out in the Circular to Shareholders dated 30 April 2025 which is made available on the websites of the Company at www.lion.com.my/licb-agm and Bursa Malaysia Berhad at www.bursamalaysia.com.

CORPORATE INFORMATION

Board of Directors	:	Y. M. Datuk Seri Utama Raja Nong Chik bin Dato' Raja Zainal Abidin (Chairman) Y. Bhg. Tan Sri Cheng Heng Jem (Managing Director) Y. Bhg. Dato' Nik Rahmat bin Nik Taib Y. Bhg. Dato' Sun Teoh Tia Cik Zainab binti Dato' Hj. Mohamed Ms Cheng Hui Ya, Serena
Secretaries	:	Ms Wong Phooi Lin (MAICSA 7013812) SSM PC No. 202008002964 Ms Kong Siew Foon (MAICSA 7044962) SSM PC No. 202008002081
Registration No	:	192401000008 (415-D)
Registered Office	:	Level 14, Lion Office Tower No. 1 Jalan Nagasari 50200 Kuala Lumpur Wilayah Persekutuan Tel No : 03-21420155 Website : www.lion.com.my/lionind Email : licb@lion.com.my
Share Registrar	:	Securities Services (Holdings) Sdn Bhd Level 7, Menara Milenium Jalan Damanlela, Pusat Bandar Damansara Damansara Heights 50490 Kuala Lumpur Wilayah Persekutuan Tel No : 03-20849000 (general) Fax Nos : 03-20949940, 03-20950292 Email : info@sshsb.com.my
Auditors	:	Forvis Mazars PLT Wisma Golden Eagle Realty 11th Floor, South Block 142-A, Jalan Ampang 50450 Kuala Lumpur Wilayah Persekutuan
Principal Bankers	:	Malayan Banking Berhad Affin Investment Bank Berhad Bank of China (Malaysia) Berhad
Stock Exchange Listing	:	Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad ("Bursa Securities")
		<u>Ordinary Shares</u> <u>Warrants</u>
Stock Name	:	LIONIND LIONIND-WA
Bursa Securities Stock No	:	4235 4235WA
Reuters Code	:	LLBM.KL

DIRECTORS' PROFILE

Datuk Seri Utama Raja Nong Chik bin Dato' Raja Zainal Abidin *Independent Non-Executive Chairman*

Y. M. Datuk Seri Utama Raja Nong Chik bin Dato' Raja Zainal Abidin, a Malaysian, male, aged 72, was appointed to the Board on 29 August 2013 and has been the Chairman of the Company since 19 December 2013. He is also the Chairman of the Nomination Committee and a member of the Audit Committee of the Company.

Datuk Seri Raja Nong Chik graduated with a Bachelor of Economics (Honours) from the University College of Wales, Aberystwyth. He is also a Fellow of the Chartered Institute of Management Accountants and an Associate member of the Institute of Chartered Secretaries and Administrators as well as a member of the Malaysian Institute of Accountants.

Datuk Seri Raja Nong Chik started his career as an accountant at FELCRA (Federal Land Consolidation and Rehabilitation Authority) in 1978 and thereafter as the Assistant Financial Controller and Manager, Corporate Planning at Kumpulan FIMABhd. He then joined the OYL Group as an Executive Director and was instrumental in setting a joint-venture company which pioneered a local brand of air conditioners and fridge under the brand name, ACSON, which is now exported throughout the world. In 1986, he was instrumental in getting OYL Industries Bhd listed on the Kuala Lumpur Stock Exchange (now Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad). In 1991, he left the OYL Group after disposing of a strategic stake to the Hong Leong Group to establish his own RASMA Group of Companies as an engineering based investment company which is actively involved in mechanical and electrical engineering, construction and property investment and manufacturing. Until April 2009, he was on the Board of Pharmaniaga Bhd and iCapital.biz Bhd.

Datuk Seri Raja Nong Chik also served as a committee member of the Selangor Federation of Malaysian Manufacturers for a number of years, and before becoming a Minister, was the President of the Bumiputra Manufacturers and Services Industry Association, President of Persatuan Kontraktor Jentera Melayu Malaysia (PKJMM) and a member of the National Innovation Council of Malaysia. In April 2009, he was appointed a Senator and the Minister of Federal Territories and Urban Well-Being by the Prime Minister. He resigned as a Minister and Senator in May 2013.

Datuk Seri Raja Nong Chik has a direct shareholding of 100,000 ordinary shares in the Company ("LICB Shares") and a deemed interest in 100,000 LICB Shares. He also has a deemed interest in LICB Shares through the holding of 100,000 warrants exercisable into 100,000 LICB Shares.

Datuk Seri Raja Nong Chik attended all 5 Board Meetings of the Company held during the financial year ended 31 December 2024.

Tan Sri Cheng Heng Jem *Managing Director*

Y. Bhg. Tan Sri Cheng Heng Jem, a Malaysian, male, aged 82, was appointed the Managing Director of the Company on 26 May 2022.

Tan Sri Cheng has more than 60 years of experience in the business operations of the Lion Group encompassing steel, mining, property and industrial parks, agriculture, retail, financial services, tyre manufacturing, motor vehicle assembly, brewery and computer industries.

Tan Sri Cheng was the President of The Associated Chinese Chambers of Commerce and Industry of Malaysia ("ACCCIM") and The Chinese Chamber of Commerce and Industry of Kuala Lumpur and Selangor ("KLSCCCI") from 2003 to 2012 and is now a Life Honorary President of ACCCIM and KLSCCCI. He was also the President of Malaysia Retailers Association ("MRA") from May 2016 to May 2018, and was its Honorary President from June 2018 to July 2020. He was again appointed the President of MRA from July 2020 to May 2022 and in June 2022, he was appointed an Honorary President of MRA. He was the Chairman of the Federation of Asia-Pacific Retailers Associations from October 2017 to September 2019, and was its Vice Chairman from September 2019 to November 2022. He is a Trustee of ACCCIM's Socio-Economic Research Trust and the President of Malaysia Steel Association.

Tan Sri Cheng's other directorships in public companies are as follows:

- Chairman of Lion Posim Berhad, a public listed company which is a subsidiary of the Company
- Chairman and Managing Director of Parkson Holdings Berhad, a public listed company
- Founding Member and Permanent Trustee of The Community Chest, a company limited by guarantee established by the private sector for charity purposes

Tan Sri Cheng has a direct shareholding of 222,785,449 ordinary shares in the Company ("LICB Shares") and a deemed interest in 12,752,369 LICB Shares. In addition, he also has a deemed interest in LICB Shares through the holding of 117,768,907 warrants exercisable into 117,768,907 LICB Shares. By virtue of his substantial interest in the Company, he is deemed to be interested in the subsidiaries of the Company, both wholly-owned and those set out on page 75 of this Annual Report.

Tan Sri Cheng is the father of Ms Cheng Hui Ya, Serena, a non-independent non-executive Director of the Company. He is also the uncle of Tan Sri Cheng Yong Kim, a major shareholder of the Company.

Tan Sri Cheng attended all 5 Board Meetings of the Company held during the financial year ended 31 December 2024.

Dato' Nik Rahmat bin Nik Taib
Independent Non-Executive Director

Y. Bhg. Dato' Nik Rahmat bin Nik Taib, a Malaysian, male, aged 67, was appointed to the Board on 28 February 2018. He is also the Chairman of the Remuneration Committee and a member of the Audit Committee of the Company.

Dato' Nik Rahmat graduated with a Bachelor of Analytical Economics (Honours) from University of Malaya in 1980. He further obtained a Diploma in Public Administration from the National Institute of Public Administration (INTAN) in 1982 and a Masters in Microeconomics from University of Birmingham, United Kingdom in 1995.

Dato' Nik Rahmat first joined the Malaysian public service upon his graduation in 1981 as an Assessment Officer with the Inland Revenue Board (LHDN) and spent 16 years starting from 1983 in various Ministries; 6 years with the Malaysia Export Trade Centre (MEXPO now known as MATRADE) under the Ministry of International Trade and Industry (MITI); and 5 years each with the Ministry of Finance (MOF) and the Economic Planning Unit (EPU) where, as Principal Assistant Director, he was in charge of the Malaysia Technical Assistance Programme (MTCP) which provides technical assistance to developing countries.

In 2000, Dato' Nik Rahmat joined MITI as the Principal Assistant Director of the Strategic Planning Division. During his 17 years tenure with the MITI, he held various positions including Director of the Strategic Planning Division, Senior Director of the Trade Cooperation and Practices Division, Senior Director of the Sectoral Policy Division and Deputy Secretary General (Industry), a position he held from 2011 until his retirement in January 2018.

Dato' Nik Rahmat had also served on the Board of several government agencies, namely Malaysia Productivity Corporation (MPC), East Coast Economic Regional Development Council (ECERDC), Perbadanan Kemajuan Negeri Pahang (PKNP), Majlis Standard dan Akreditasi Malaysia (MSDAM), Ministry of Science, Technology and Innovation (MOSTI), and was the Chairman of Malaysia Steel Institute (MSI) from 2014 to 2017.

Dato' Nik Rahmat attended all 5 Board Meetings of the Company held during the financial year ended 31 December 2024.

Dato' Sun Teoh Tia

Independent Non-Executive Director

Y. Bhg. Dato' Sun Teoh Tia, a Malaysian, male, aged 64, was appointed to the Board on 30 May 2024. He is also a member of the Audit Committee and the Nomination Committee of the Company.

Dato' Sun graduated with a Bachelor of Science (major in Physics) from University of Malaya and a Masters of Arts in Criminology from University of Leicester, United Kingdom.

He served in the Royal Malaysia Police for 36 years, from 1985 until his retirement as the Deputy Director of Crime Prevention and Community Safety Department, Bukit Aman in December 2020. During his tenure of service, he held various positions related to criminal investigation, money laundering, crime prevention, and community safety.

Dato' Sun attended the remaining 2 Board Meetings of the Company held during the financial year ended 31 December 2024 subsequent to his appointment.

Zainab binti Dato' Hj. Mohamed

Independent Non-Executive Director

Cik Zainab binti Dato' Hj. Mohamed, a Malaysian, female, aged 67, was appointed to the Board on 30 May 2024. She is also the Chairman of the Audit Committee, and a member of the Nomination Committee and the Remuneration Committee of the Company.

Cik Zainab graduated with a Diploma in Accountancy from Universiti Teknologi MARA (UiTM) in 1978 and studied at the London School of Accountancy, England for the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants qualification from 1979 to 1981. She is a member of the Malaysian Institute of Accountants, and was a Fellow Member of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants until 2020.

Cik Zainab has more than 35 years of experience in the audit and finance fields holding various positions in an audit firm, a commercial bank, an investment and holding company, a petroleum multinational company, a general insurance company and a solid waste management concessionaire.

She managed her own management and consultancy firm, ANZ Consultancy Services from 2002 until her retirement in 2019.

Cik Zainab attended the remaining 2 Board Meetings of the Company held during the financial year ended 31 December 2024 subsequent to her appointment.

Cheng Hui Ya, Serena

Non-Independent Non-Executive Director

Ms Cheng Hui Ya, Serena, a Malaysian, female, aged 38, was appointed to the Board on 23 November 2017. She is also a member of the Nomination Committee and the Remuneration Committee of the Company.

Ms Serena Cheng obtained her Higher Diploma in Multimedia Design and Technology from Hong Kong Polytechnic University in 2010 and thereafter completed her internship with a marketing company in Taiwan.

Upon returning to Malaysia in 2011, she started her career in the property development industry with Sunsuria Development Sdn Bhd, a member of the Sunsuria Group which is now listed on the Main Market of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad, as a Sales & Marketing Executive carrying out sales and marketing including new projects launching, roadshows and fairs. This was followed by a stint in the Projects Department with exposure to and involvement in project planning and construction of the various developments undertaken by the Sunsuria Group.

Ms Cheng joined the Lion Group Property Division in 2013 and is part of the team responsible for property development in Malaysia and Cambodia. Her current portfolio as General Manager - Projects since May 2018 involves dealing with property and construction, and building requirements. She is actively engaged in other business operations of Lion Group, namely manufacturing, retail, mining, steel manufacturing, and operations and management of a golf club. Ms Cheng is also entrusted to oversee certain head office functions of the Lion Group.

Ms Cheng is an Executive Director of Lion Posim Berhad, a public listed company which is a subsidiary of the Company, and Hy-Line Berhad, a public company which involves in operations and management of a golf club.

Ms Cheng is the daughter of Y. Bhg. Tan Sri Cheng Heng Jem who is the Managing Director and a major shareholder of the Company. She is also the cousin of Tan Sri Cheng Yong Kim, a major shareholder of the Company.

Ms Cheng attended all 5 Board Meetings of the Company held during the financial year ended 31 December 2024.

Notes:

1. Details of the potential conflict of interest ("COI") situations involving Datuk Seri Raja Nong Chik, Tan Sri Cheng and Ms Serena Cheng are disclosed in the Audit Committee Report on pages 33 and 34 of this Annual Report.
2. Save as disclosed in the Directors' Profile and Note 1 above, none of the Directors has (i) any interest in shares in the Company or its subsidiaries; (ii) any family relationship with any Director and/or major shareholder of the Company; (iii) any COI or potential COI, including interest in any competing business with the Company or its subsidiaries; and (iv) any conviction for offences within the past 5 years nor any public sanction or penalty imposed by any relevant regulatory bodies during the financial year.

PROFILE OF KEY SENIOR MANAGEMENT

Wong Pak Yii, William

Malaysian, male, 56 years of age

Mr Wong Pak Yii, William has been the Director - Commercial Division (Steel) since 1 October 2020, responsible for overseeing the Sales and Marketing of all manufactured products such as steel bar, wire rod, tin ore, silica sand, construction sand and procurement of raw materials. Prior to his current position, he had been the General Manager - Marketing since October 2007, responsible for the marketing of the Group's steel bars and wire rods.

Mr William Wong graduated with a Bachelor of Business Administration (Honours) from the Kuala Lumpur Infrastructure University College and obtained his qualification in Corporate Administration from the Malaysian Institute of Chartered Secretaries and Administrators.

Mr Wong first joined the Lion Group in 1999 as an Assistant Manager - Sales (Bar) in the Marketing Department and has more than 25 years of experience in the marketing and distribution of building materials.

Lee Weng Lan

Malaysian, male, 68 years of age

Mr Lee Weng Lan was appointed on 22 September 2016 as the General Manager - Production of Steel Division - Long Products, responsible for the production and maintenance of the plant under Amsteel Mills Sdn Bhd. He was transferred to be in charge of the hot rolled coils under the flat steel production of the Steel Division in 2021.

Mr Lee obtained a Diploma in Electrical from Institute Technology Negeri Ipoh in 1978.

Mr Lee first joined the Lion Group in 1980 as an Electronic Technician at the steel mill in Klang. From 1985 to 2012, Mr Lee held various positions within the Steel Division of the Lion Group which included Senior Engineering Executive for the Engineering Department in charge of 3 plants in Amalgamated Containers Berhad and later promoted to Assistant Manager - Press Shop Production in charge of the supply of all materials for container production, and Manager in charge of electrical project for installation and setting-up of the flat steel rolling mill. Mr Lee also participated in the Cold Rolling Mill Complex Project from carrying out feasibility study to plant set-up design.

In 1998, Mr Lee was transferred to be in charge of the Compact Strip Production Rolling Mill mechanical and electrical section in installation, testing and commissioning of the plant. In 2012, he was appointed the General Manager in charge of the Cold Rolling Mill production and co-ordination, and in 2014, the General Manager - Sourcing (Project) in the Group Purchasing Department.

Chong Won Hoong

Malaysian, male, 52 years of age

Mr Chong Won Hoong was appointed on 1 April 2016 as the Senior Manager - Process Improvement of the Steel Division - Long Products, responsible for the process improvement of the plant under Amsteel Mills Sdn Bhd.

Mr Chong obtained a Diploma in Materials Engineering from Tunku Abdul Rahman College in 1997.

Mr Chong first joined the Lion Group in 1997 as a Production Executive - Flat Product at the Steel Making Plant in Banting and assisted in the civil construction and machines installation for the Flat Product Project. In 2000, Mr Chong was appointed the Shift Superintendant and in 2003 promoted to Manager - Production in charge of production, mechanical and electrical of the Steel Making Plant. In 2013, Mr Chong was promoted as the Senior Manager - Production and from 2014 to 2016 was in charge of the Process Department - Flat Product before assuming his current position in the Long Products section.

Young Pey Feei

Malaysian, male, 65 years of age

Mr Young Pey Feei was appointed on 14 May 2012 as the Managing Director for the Property Division responsible for the Lion Group's property development in Malaysia.

Mr Young graduated with a Bachelor of Science (Hons) (Housing, Building and Planning) degree from the University of Science Malaysia and a Master of Business Administration from the University of Malaya.

Mr Young has more than 30 years of experience in property development. Prior to joining the Lion Group, he was the Senior General Manager - Property Development of Talam Corporation Bhd and the General Manager - Property Development of WCT Land Sdn Bhd.

Mr Young is a Director of Hy-Line Berhad and certain companies within the Lion Group which are involved in property development.

Poon Sow Har, Valerie

Malaysian, female, 60 years of age

Ms Poon Sow Har, Valerie was appointed the General Manager for the Lubricants, Petroleum Products and Automotive Products Division on 1 October 2014. She is responsible for managing the Division, including the expansion of the businesses in both the domestic and export markets.

Ms Valerie Poon obtained her professional qualification from the Chartered Institute of Management Accountants in 1984.

Ms Poon joined the Lion Group in 1988 and had served in the Corporate Head Office as well as the Retail, Properties, Motor, Trading and Building Materials Divisions of the Lion Group before assuming her current position.

Cheah Chee Ngen

Malaysian, male, 62 years of age

Mr Cheah Chee Ngen was appointed on 1 August 2018 as the Executive Director responsible for the Building Materials and Steel Products Division.

Mr Cheah obtained his Diploma in Civil Engineering from the Federal Institute of Technology, Kuala Lumpur in 1985.

Mr Cheah started his career as a site supervisor cum clerk of works in Greatwall Construction Sdn Bhd from 1986 to 1988 and later as a credit officer with KCB Finance Berhad (now part of the Hong Leong Bank Berhad Group). In 1991, he joined Ipmuda Berhad as a Sales Representative and by 1994 he was promoted as the Sales Manager. In September 2000, he assumed the position of General Manager - Sales in charge of the general building material trading in the Central region. From 2008 to 2018, he was a Director - Sales & Marketing of Ipmuda Berhad overseeing the overall sales and marketing of the various products range of the group, new product development as well as creating new agency lines to complement the group's existing wide range of products. His last position held in Ipmuda Berhad before he left was Senior Vice President of Nationwide Sales and Marketing responsible for the overall trading operations of the entire group which included the Central, Northern, Southern regions as well as East Coast and East Malaysia.

None of the Key Senior Management has (i) any directorship in public companies and listed issuers; (ii) any family relationship with any Director and/or major shareholder of the Company; (iii) any conflict of interest ("COI") or potential COI, including interest in any competing business with the Company or its subsidiaries; and (iv) any conviction for offences within the past 5 years nor any public sanction or penalty imposed by any relevant regulatory bodies during the financial year.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE OVERVIEW STATEMENT

INTRODUCTION

The Board is pleased to present the Corporate Governance (“CG”) Overview Statement of the Company for the financial year ended 31 December 2024. This CG Overview Statement is prepared pursuant to the Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad (“Bursa Securities”) Main Market Listing Requirements (“Listing Requirements”).

The Board has been guided by the Malaysian Code on Corporate Governance (“MCCG”) in its implementation of CG practices by the Company and its subsidiaries to promote a holistic adoption of CG practices and culture within the Group in the best efforts while ensuring compliance with the Listing Requirements and the Companies Act 2016 (“CA 2016”) in addition to monitoring developments in industry practice and other relevant regulations.

The CG Overview Statement provides a summary of the Company’s CG practices during the financial year, with reference to the following 3 principles, intended outcomes and practices of the MCCG, having considered the Company’s structure, processes, business environment and industry practices:

- Board leadership and effectiveness;
- Effective audit and risk management; and
- Integrity in corporate reporting and meaningful relationship with stakeholders.

This CG Overview Statement should be read together with the CG Report, which is available on the Company’s website at www.lion.com.my/lionind. It should also be read in conjunction with other statements in this Annual Report such as the Statement on Risk Management and Internal Control, the Audit Committee Report and the Sustainability Statement.

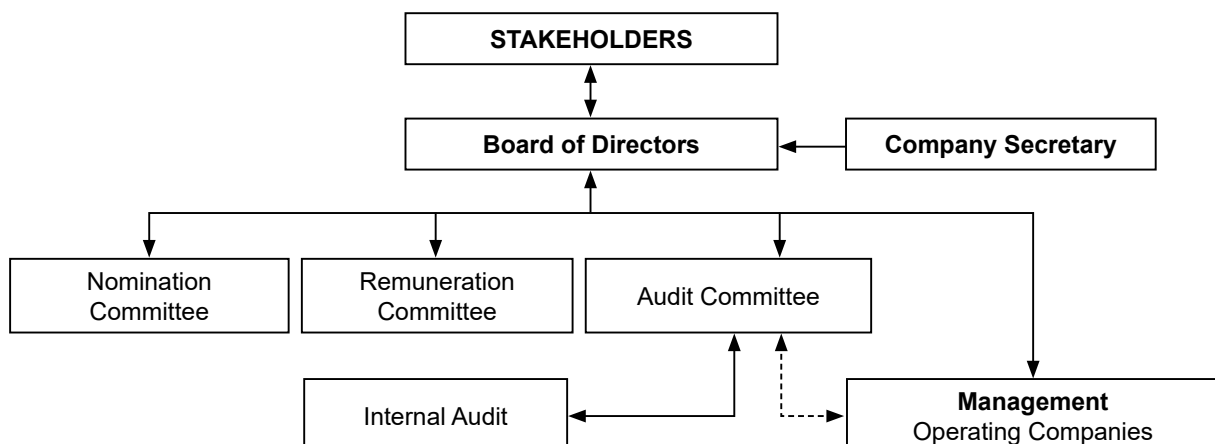
In its deliberation and review of the CG Overview Statement, the Board is satisfied that the practices set out in the MCCG, in all material respects, have been applied to achieve the intended outcomes for the financial year under review except for the following practices:

- Practice 1.4 : The Chairman of the board should not be a member of the Audit Committee, Nomination Committee or Remuneration Committee.
- Practice 5.10 : Company’s policy on gender diversity for the board and senior management.
- Practice 8.2 : Disclosure on a named basis, the remuneration of top 5 senior management.

A detailed explanation of how the Company has applied each CG practice as set out in the MCCG, taking into consideration the specific circumstances affecting the Group, including alternative measures taken to achieve the intended outcomes and the explanation for non-adoption of or departure from the abovementioned practices, are available in the CG Report for the financial year ended 31 December 2024.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE FRAMEWORK

The governance structure of the Company where the responsibilities of the Board are delegated to the relevant Board Committees and the Management of the Company is illustrated below:



BOARD LEADERSHIP AND EFFECTIVENESS

I. BOARD RESPONSIBILITIES

Responsibilities for Leadership and Meeting Objectives and Goals

The Board establishes the vision and strategic objectives of the Group and is entrusted with the responsibility in leading and directing the Group towards achieving its strategic goals, delivering sustainable value and realising long-term shareholders value. The Board is primarily responsible for overseeing the implementation of strategies and plans by the Management, promoting good corporate governance culture and the governance of sustainability within the Group, overseeing the conduct of the Group's businesses, monitoring and evaluating the implementation of appropriate systems and framework to identify, analyse, manage and monitor principal risks, reviewing the adequacy and integrity of the Group's system of internal control, and ensuring effective communications with stakeholders.

The Chairman is primarily responsible in ensuring Board effectiveness and leading the Board in its collective oversight of management whereas the Managing Director ("MD") is responsible for day-to-day management of the Group's businesses and operations including the implementation of business plans, strategies and policies. The distinct and separate roles of the Chairman and MD with clear division of responsibilities are set out in the Company's Board Charter. The positions of Chairman and MD are held by 2 individuals.

The Board acknowledges the requirement of MCCG that the Chairman of the board should not be a member of the Audit Committee, the Nomination Committee or the Remuneration Committee in order to foster greater objectivity in the boardroom. Although the Chairman of the Board is also the Chairman of the Nomination Committee and a member of Audit Committee, the Board is of the view that with the Chairman's professional qualifications and sound knowledge in financial reporting and management accounting coupled with the experience he has accumulated for more than 40 years in various sectors, the Chairman is able to contribute his professional and accounting advice to the strategies and operations of the Company in meeting its objectives. As a senior Independent Director, he is able to bring with him the quality of impartiality, maintains his neutrality and continues to be an effective conduit for other independent Directors to voice their concerns in the Company's decision-making. Nevertheless, the Chairman had indicated that he shall resign as the Chairman and a member of the Nomination Committee after the 94th Annual General Meeting of the Company ("94th AGM").

The Company Secretaries who have the requisite credentials and qualifications are available and provide support to the Board and Board Committees in ensuring that all of their meetings as well as general meetings are properly convened in accordance with applicable rules and procedures and that the records of the proceedings and resolutions are properly maintained. The Company Secretaries also facilitate the communication of decisions made by the Board and Board Committees to the relevant Management for appropriate actions.

The Directors also have access to the Company Secretaries for advice on their duties and obligations under the CA 2016 and updates on corporate governance matters, statutory and regulatory requirements, and other relevant legislations in addition to administrative matters.

The appointment and removal of the Company Secretaries are subject to the approval of the Board.

The Board, as a whole and its members in their individual capacities, have unrestricted access to complete information on a timely basis in the form and quality necessary for the discharge of their duties and responsibilities. Prior to each Board meeting, all Board members are furnished with the relevant documents and sufficient information to enable them to obtain a comprehensive understanding of the matters to be deliberated upon. Senior Management of the Group are also invited to attend Board meetings to provide their professional views, advice and explanation on specific items on the agenda in order for the Board to arrive at an informed decision.

Besides direct interactions with the Management, external independent professional advisers are also made available at the Company's expense to render their independent views and advice to the Board whenever deemed necessary and under appropriate circumstances or at the request of the Board.

The Board meets on a quarterly basis, with additional meetings convened as and when necessary. During the financial year, 5 Board Meetings were held.

Demarcation of Responsibilities between Board, Board Committees, Individual Directors and Management

As part of the corporate governance process, the Board had formalised and adopted the Board Charter which clearly sets out the composition, roles, responsibilities, powers and processes of the Board, and matters reserved for decision of the Board. In facilitating the discharge of duties by the Board, the Board Charter provides for delegation of responsibilities by the Board to Board Committees via approved Terms of Reference of each Board Committee and the reporting obligations by the Board Committees. The Board Charter sets out responsibilities of the Board to ensure effective interactions between the Management and the Board. The Board Charter also serves as reference criteria for the Board in the assessment of its own performance, individual Directors and the Board Committees. Ultimately, the Board Charter reinforces the overall accountability of both the Board and the Management towards the Company and the stakeholders.

The Board Charter is subject to review by the Board at least once in every 3 years or as and when the need arises and in tandem with any new or revision of relevant statutory and regulatory requirements impacting the responsibilities and discharge of duties by the Board. The Company's Board Charter is available on the Company's website.

In assisting the Board to discharge its oversight functions, the Board delegates certain responsibilities to 3 committees, namely the Audit Committee, the Nomination Committee and the Remuneration Committee. The Terms of Reference which regulate the affairs and conduct of these Committees spell out their composition, responsibilities, authority and duties. The respective Committees report to the Board on matters considered and their recommendations thereon. The Board may also form other committees delegated with specific authority to act on its behalf whenever required. The ultimate responsibility for the final decision on all matters, however, lies with the Board.

The Terms of Reference of the respective Committees are available on the Company's website.

The Board delegates to the MD, the authority and powers of executive management of the Company and its businesses within levels of authority specified from time to time. The MD may delegate aspects of his authority and powers but remains accountable to the Board for the Company's performance and is required to report regularly to the Board on the progress being made by the Company's business units and operations.

Commitment to Good Business Conduct and Healthy Corporate Culture

The Board in discharging its functions has observed Part A of the Code of Ethics for Company Director & Company Secretary issued by the Companies Commission of Malaysia ("CCM") which can be viewed from the CCM's website at www.ssm.com.my, the provisions of the CA 2016, and the principles of the MCCG.

The Group has in place, a Code of Business Ethics and Conduct ("CoBEC") which covers the ethical values and principles of the Group and provides guidance on acceptable behaviour to all Directors and employees of the Group in operating and managing the Group's businesses and affairs. The CoBEC also sets out key processes and procedures for the managing and reporting of conflict of interest ("COI"), potential COI and related activities in compliance with the Listing Requirements. The CoBEC is further supported by other policies which include the Whistleblower Policy, Anti-Bribery and Corruption Policy ("ABC Policy"), Competition Policy, Sexual Harassment Policy, Sustainability Policy, Procurement Framework, Integrity and Fraud Risk Policy, and Personal Data Protection Framework of the Group.

The ABC Policy reflects the Group's stand of zero tolerance against all forms of bribery and corruption, and its commitment to lawful and ethical conduct at all times. The ABC Policy further elaborates on the Group's core principles set out in the CoBEC and the Employee Code of Conduct, providing information and guidance to all directors, employees and other stakeholders of the Group concerning how to deal with improper solicitation, bribery and other corrupt activities and issues that may arise in the course of business.

The key policies are available on the Company's website under the section "Governance".

Commitment to Address Sustainability Risks and Opportunities in an Integrated and Strategic Manner

The Board shoulders the responsibility of driving economic growth by empowering businesses, and serving in the best interests of the employees, customers, suppliers, community and society at large, while continuously committed to understanding and implementing sustainable practices to achieve the right balance between the objectives of the Shareholders, attaining economic success, protecting the environment and fulfilling ethical obligations to other stakeholders and the wider community (in which the Group has a presence).

Full details of the Group's commitment to sustainability in the aspects of Economic, Environmental and Social impacts are found in the Sustainability Statement in pages 48 to 68 of this Annual Report.

II. BOARD COMPOSITION

Objectivity in Board Decision-Making

The objectivity in decision-making by the Board is driven by its composition, role of independent non-executive directors and competencies of its members. Following the retirement of an independent Director at the conclusion of the 93rd AGM held on 30 May 2024, 2 new independent Directors had been appointed during the financial year. Hence, the Board currently comprises 6 Directors, 5 of whom are non-executive. Represented on the Board are 4 independent non-executive Directors, effectively constituting more than half of the Board and whose presence and participation provide independent advice, views and judgement to bear on the decision-making process of the Group in ensuring that a balanced and unbiased deliberation process is in place to safeguard the interests of all stakeholders. As and when a potential COI arises, it is mandatory practice for the Directors concerned to declare their interests and abstain from the decision-making process.

In accordance with the Company's Constitution, 1/3 of the Directors shall retire from office at every annual general meeting and all Directors shall retire from office at least once in every 3 years. Retiring Directors can offer themselves for re-election. Directors who are appointed by the Board during the financial year are subject to re-election by the Shareholders at the next annual general meeting following their appointment.

The MCGG provides that the tenure of an independent Director shall not exceed a cumulative period of 9 years. Upon completion of the 9 years, an independent Director may continue to serve on the Board as a non-independent Director. In the event such Director is to be retained as an independent Director beyond 9 years, the Board must provide justification and obtain Shareholders' approval through a two-tier voting process.

The Nomination Committee is responsible for recommending to the Board the re-election of Directors and the retention of the independent Directors whose tenure of service will exceed 9 years or has exceeded 9 years. Further, the Board, assisted by the Nomination Committee, assesses the independence of the independent Directors and tenure of each Director on annual basis. In addition, the independent Directors affirm their independence annually to the Board.

Y. M. Datuk Seri Utama Raja Nong Chik bin Dato' Raja Zainal Abidin has served on the Board as an independent non-executive Director for more than 9 years and will be re-designated a non-independent non-executive Director upon the conclusion of the forthcoming 94th AGM in line with the recommendation of the MCGG.

Y. Bhg. Dato' Nik Rahmat bin Nik Taib who retires by rotation in accordance with the Company's Constitution has indicated to the Board that he does not wish to seek re-election as Director. Hence, he shall retire at the conclusion of the 94th AGM.

In optimising the collective leadership by the Board in providing clear direction and opportunities for the Group, the Board, in its appointments and composition, pays due recognition to the mix of competencies, expected contributions and diversity representation of the Board. The Board, from time to time, undertakes a review of the merit of the appointment criteria in the context of the Group's businesses and strategies for appropriateness.

The Nomination Committee is responsible for identifying, evaluating and nominating suitable candidates to be appointed to the Board and Board Committees.

As an enhancement to its process of sourcing suitable candidates for the Board, the Nomination Committee may also consider procuring suitable candidates from independent sources, when appropriate and practicable.

In assessing and recommending to the Board suitable candidature of Directors, the Nomination Committee shall consider the broad fit and proper, and independence criteria as set out in the Directors' Fit and Proper Policy and the following:

- Competencies – qualifications, knowledge including financial literacy, industrial experience and expertise, seniority and past achievements;
- Expected contributions – appointment scope, role, commitment level, professionalism and integrity; and
- Diversity representation – appropriateness and the fulfilment of the Board's desired mix of competencies, age, gender and cultural background.

While recognising the importance of providing fair and equal opportunities for appointment of Board and Senior Management, the Board is supportive of the Government's target of having at least 30% women participation on boards of public listed companies in Malaysia. The Board currently has 2 women Directors.

The process and criteria to identify and nominate candidates for appointment as a Director, re-election of existing Directors, and retention of independent Directors are set out in the Board Charter.

A brief description of each Director's background is presented in the respective profile under Directors' Profile on pages 6 to 9 of this Annual Report.

The Nomination Committee comprises 4 members, all of whom are non-executive Directors with a majority of them being independent Directors. The Nomination Committee is chaired by an independent Director. The composition and the Terms of Reference of the Nomination Committee are presented on page 38 of this Annual Report and are available on the Company's website.

Effectiveness of the Board and Individual Directors

The Nomination Committee assesses and evaluates on an annual basis the performance and the effectiveness of the Board as a whole, the Board Committees, the independence of the independent Directors as well as the contribution of each individual Directors and Audit Committee members based on the criteria set out by the Board and in accordance with the respective Board Committee's Terms of Reference.

In the evaluation of the performance of the Board for the financial year, the Directors were also assessed on their commitment in ensuring that Environmental, Social and Governance ("ESG") risks and opportunities as well as stakeholders engagement were considered in the organisation's vision and strategy and that the organisation's sustainability initiatives were communicated to its internal and external stakeholders.

The assessment criteria for review of performance and effectiveness of the Board, Board Committees and individual Directors are set out in the Board Charter.

Time Commitment

A Director shall notify the Chairman of the Board of his/her acceptance of any new directorship in public listed companies. In any event, the maximum number of appointments in public listed companies shall be limited to 5 or any other number as set out in the Listing Requirements.

The notification shall include an assurance of his/her continued time commitment to serve the existing Board and that his/her other appointments shall not be in conflict or compete with the existing appointment with the Company.

Directors' Training

The Board is mindful of the need for continuous training to keep abreast of matters affecting the changing business environment within which the Group operates and is encouraged to attend training programmes/forums/seminars and external programmes facilitated by external professionals in accordance with their respective needs in discharging their duties and roles as Directors pertaining to the laws and regulations which may affect the Group. The Board will continue to evaluate and determine training needs of each Director to enhance Directors' skills and knowledge including financial literacy and sustainability matters. The Company Secretary keeps a complete record of the trainings attended by the Directors.

All Directors had attended the Mandatory Accreditation Programme ("MAP") Part I in relation to a director's roles, duties and liabilities as required by Bursa Securities. Bursa Securities also requires Directors to attend MAP Part II which aims to provide directors with the foundation to address sustainability risks and opportunities effectively, and a better oversight over the company's material sustainability matters. Accordingly, 4 Directors of the Company had attended the MAP Part II during the financial year while the remaining 2 Directors will attend in due course.

The Directors are kept up-to-date with market developments and relevant requirements covering corporate governance, regulatory compliance, accounting standards, taxation and other related areas through Board discussion meetings with Management and by email communication. In addition, the Company may arrange site visits for the Directors, whenever necessary, to enhance their understanding of the Group's businesses and have a better awareness of the risks associated with the Group's operations.

Newly appointed Directors are required to attend a familiarisation programme which also serves as a platform to establish effective channel of communication and interaction with Management. Cik Zainab binti Dato' Hj. Mohamed and Y. Bhg. Dato' Sun Teoh Tia who were appointed during the financial year, had attended the familiarisation programme where the Company Secretaries had briefed on the statutory and regulatory requirements, and responsibilities as Directors, while key senior management had briefed on the core businesses and operations of the Group.

During the financial year, the Directors had attended the following webinars, seminar, workshop and other training programmes including the MAP Part I and MAP Part II (collectively referred to as the “Programmes”) on topics in relation to board leadership and ethics; corporate governance; business opportunities, investment and prospect in various industries; statutory and regulatory updates and requirements; financial and accounting knowledge and updates; sustainability covering ESG; and integrity, anti-bribery and corruption:

Name of Directors	Programme
Datuk Seri Utama Raja Nong Chik bin Dato’ Raja Zainal Abidin	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ICDM – Mandatory Accreditation Programme Part II: Leading for Impact (LIP) Bursa Malaysia & ICDM – Building Sustainable Credibility: Assurance, Greenwashing and The Rise of Green-Hushing Securities Commission Malaysia’s Audit Oversight Board Conversation with Audit Committees – Preparing for IFRS Sustainability Disclosure Standards in Malaysia
Tan Sri Cheng Heng Jem	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Bursa Malaysia – Conflict of Interest (“COI”) and Governance of COI
Dato’ Nik Rahmat bin Nik Taib	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ICDM – Mandatory Accreditation Programme Part II: Leading for Impact (LIP)
Dato’ Sun Teoh Tia	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ICDM – Mandatory Accreditation Programme Part I
Zainab binti Dato’ Hj. Mohamed	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ICDM – Mandatory Accreditation Programme Part II: Leading for Impact (LIP)
Cheng Hui Ya, Serena	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> REHDA Institute 2 days Event: How to Develop Award Winning Industrial Parks and Real Estate in Malaysia? ICDM – Mandatory Accreditation Programme Part II: Leading for Impact (LIP) CeDR Corporate Consulting Sdn Bhd – Anti-Bribery and Corruption - Bribery Precaution Refresher Workshop

The Directors are also updated and apprised on a continuing basis by the Company Secretaries on new and/or revised regulatory and statutory requirements (“Continuing Updates”).

The Board, after having undertaken an assessment, viewed that the Directors, having attended the Programmes and having been updated with market developments and relevant requirements, and apprised with the Continuing Updates, had adequately met the training needs of each of the Directors towards enhancing their skills and knowledge in discharging their duties and roles as a Director.

III. REMUNERATION

Level and Composition of Remuneration that Attract and Retain Talents

The Company has a formal remuneration policy for the Board of Directors and Senior Management respectively to ensure that it attracts, retains and motivates experienced, well qualified and high calibre Directors and Senior Management to manage the Company’s and the Group’s businesses and operations effectively. Directors do not participate in decisions regarding their own remuneration. The Board continues to apply the criteria set for determining the remuneration packages of executive Directors whilst the recommendation made by the Board on the non-executive Directors’ fees for approval by Shareholders at the Company’s annual general meeting was reflective of the market competitiveness and responsibilities undertaken by the Directors.

The Board delegates the oversight of the remuneration of the MD to the Remuneration Committee. The composition and the Terms of Reference of the Remuneration Committee are presented on page 40 of this Annual Report and are available on the Company's website.

Remuneration Factoring in Individual and Company's Performance

Details of the remuneration paid or payable to all Directors of the Company for the financial year ended 31 December 2024 are as follows:

The Group

	Fees RM'000	Meeting Allowance RM'000	Salaries & Bonuses* RM'000	Benefits- in-kind RM'000	Total RM'000
Executive Director					
Tan Sri Cheng Heng Jem	60	9	2,400	175	2,644
Non-executive Directors					
Datuk Seri Utama Raja Nong Chik bin Dato' Raja Zainal Abidin	85	13	—	—	98
Dato' Nik Rahmat bin Nik Taib	55	10	—	—	65
Dato' Sun Teoh Tia ⁽¹⁾	32	4	—	—	36
Zainab binti Dato' Hj. Mohamed ⁽¹⁾	34	5	—	—	39
Cheng Hui Ya, Serena	55	12	114	31	212
Yap Soo Har ⁽²⁾	25	7	—	—	32
	346	60	2,514	206	3,126

The Company

	Fees RM'000	Meeting Allowance RM'000	Salaries & Bonuses* RM'000	Benefits- in-kind RM'000	Total RM'000
Executive Director					
Tan Sri Cheng Heng Jem	35	5	960	—	1,000
Non-executive Directors					
Datuk Seri Utama Raja Nong Chik bin Dato' Raja Zainal Abidin	85	13	—	—	98
Dato' Nik Rahmat bin Nik Taib	55	10	—	—	65
Dato' Sun Teoh Tia ⁽¹⁾	32	4	—	—	36
Zainab binti Dato' Hj. Mohamed ⁽¹⁾	34	5	—	—	39
Cheng Hui Ya, Serena	35	8	—	—	43
Yap Soo Har ⁽²⁾	25	7	—	—	32
	301	52	960	—	1,313

Notes:

* The salaries and bonuses are inclusive of employer's provident fund.

(1) Appointed on 30 May 2024

(2) Retired on 30 May 2024

EFFECTIVE AUDIT AND RISK MANAGEMENT

I. AUDIT COMMITTEE

Effective and Independent Audit Committee

The Board affirms its responsibility for the presentation of a balanced and clear assessment of the Group's position, financial performance and future prospects to the Company's stakeholders through the annual financial statements, quarterly financial reports and corporate announcements which are in accordance with the Listing Requirements.

The Audit Committee supports the Board in its responsibility to oversee the financial reporting and the effectiveness of the internal controls of the Group. The Board discusses and reviews the recommendations proposed by the Audit Committee prior to the adoption of the quarterly financial results and the annual audited financial statements of the Group and of the Company, including timely and quality disclosure through appropriate corporate disclosure policies and procedures adopted.

The Audit Committee comprises 4 members, all of whom are independent Directors and financially literate. The Chairman of the Audit Committee is elected among the members of the Committee who is not the Chairman of the Board. The Terms of Reference and the main works undertaken by the Audit Committee for the financial year under review are set out in the Audit Committee Report on pages 31 to 37 of this Annual Report.

The Board has established a formal and transparent relationship with the External Auditors through the Audit Committee. The Audit Committee evaluates the performance and assesses the suitability, objectivity and independence of the External Auditors based on the policies and procedures which are in place. The Audit Committee had also considered information presented in the Audit Quality Commitment Newsletter published by the External Auditors. The Audit Committee also recommends the re-appointment of External Auditors and their remuneration to the Board. The re-appointment of the External Auditors is subject to the approval of Shareholders at the annual general meeting whilst their remuneration is determined by the Board.

II. RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROL FRAMEWORK

Informed Decisions on Level of Risks and Implementation of Controls in Pursuit of Objectives

The Board has the oversight responsibility of the adequacy and effectiveness of the Group's system of internal control which comprises the governance, risks and controls aspects. The Board believes that effective maintenance of the system is important to help the Group to achieve its various objectives at many levels and having considered the risks that the Group faces whilst balancing out the interests of its many stakeholders and protecting the Group's assets and investments.

The Board fulfils its oversight function of risk management and internal control system via the Audit Committee. An approved Enterprise Risk Management ("ERM") Framework which was developed based on ISO31000 is in place and provides guidance to both the Board and Management on the risk management reporting structure and governance, processes, assessment methodologies and tools. The Management of key operating companies adopt and apply the prescribed methodologies to identify, evaluate, treat, control, track and report the Strategic, Business, Financial and Operational Risks based on the risk appetite set. In addition to the ERM Framework, the Group has in place an approved Compliance Framework which defines the roles and responsibilities to manage compliance risks via the establishment of internal policies, procedures and related framework. It dictates the spheres of compliance governance and promotes effective compliance mechanism in accordance with applicable laws, regulations, rulings, directives and guidelines.

The Internal Audit Function assesses and reports the adequacy and effectiveness of the Group's governance, risk management and internal control system using the Committee of Sponsoring Organisations of the Treadway Commission (COSO) Internal Control – Integrated Framework and provide confirmation of the effectiveness of internal control and risk assessment process by the respective Heads of Operating Companies ("OC") and Heads of accounts and finance of the OC (on financial related matters) with signing-off of the Risk Management and Internal Control – Self-Assessment Questionnaire (RMIC-SAQ) on an annual basis.

An overview of the Board's responsibility, the state and descriptions of the key components of the Group's system of internal control which include the conduct of reviews by the Internal Audit Function, risk management and compliance management are set out in the Statement on Risk Management and Internal Control on pages 23 to 30 of this Annual Report.

Effectiveness of Governance, Risk Management and Internal Control System

The Board has established an Internal Audit Function within the Group to provide assurance on the effectiveness of risk, control, anti-corruption, whistleblowing and governance processes. Oversight of the Internal Audit Function is delegated to the Audit Committee to ensure that there are sufficient resources and internal audits are carried out objectively, effectively and independently. The Internal Audit Function is led by the Group Chief Internal Auditor ("CIA") who reports directly to the Audit Committee. Following the resignation of the former Group CIA, the appointment of a successor is in progress. In the interim, a Senior Manager is handling the relevant internal audit functions. The Internal Auditors attend all meetings of the Audit Committee. The Audit Committee's review of the scope of work, budget, reports by the Internal Audit Function and the detailed description of the Internal Audit Function are provided in the Audit Committee Report on pages 36 and 37 of this Annual Report.

The Internal Audit Function discharges its duties in accordance with internationally recognised framework and guidelines as described on pages 25 and 26 in the Statement on Risk Management and Internal Control and pages 36 and 37 in the Audit Committee Report of this Annual Report.

INTEGRITY IN CORPORATE REPORTING AND MEANINGFUL RELATIONSHIP WITH STAKEHOLDERS

I. COMMUNICATION WITH STAKEHOLDERS

Continuous Communication between the Company and Stakeholders to Facilitate Mutual Understanding of Objectives and Expectations

The Board acknowledges the importance of timely and equal dissemination of material information to the Shareholders, investors and public at large. The Board ensures its adherence to and compliance with the disclosure requirements of the Listing Requirements as well as the Corporate Disclosure Guide issued by Bursa Malaysia Berhad ("Bursa Malaysia").

The Company's Shareholders and members of the public may gain access to any latest corporate information of the Company on its website at www.lion.com.my/lionind which is linked to the announcements published on the website of Bursa Malaysia at www.bursamalaysia.com. The Company's website also provides easy access to the Company's Board Charter, Terms of Reference of Board Committees, key policies and annual reports.

The Group also values dialogues with institutional investors, fund managers and analysts. The Group has been practising open discussions with investors/fund managers/analysts upon request through meetings, teleconferencing and emails. In this regard, information is disseminated with strict adherence to the disclosure requirements of Bursa Securities.

The Board has identified the Company Secretaries to whom concerns may be conveyed and who would bring the same to the attention of the MD.

II. CONDUCT OF GENERAL MEETINGS

Participation by Shareholders and Informed Voting Decisions

The Board has oversight over the implementation and maintenance of the required effective communications and engagements with Shareholders.

The annual general meetings and other meetings of Shareholders are the principal forum for dialogue with Shareholders. The Company has leveraged technology to facilitate remote participation at general meetings and remote voting by Shareholders. The Remote Participation and Voting facilities provided by a third party Poll Administrator also allow Shareholders to pose questions regarding the proposed resolutions at the said meetings as well as on matters relating to the Group's financial and non-financial performance, long-term strategies, businesses and affairs. The Shareholders may also pose questions prior to the meetings via email. The Chairman, the Board members, Senior Management as well as the External Auditors are in attendance at the meetings to respond to Shareholders' queries. The Chairman ensures that meaningful responses are provided to relevant questions posed by the Shareholders. Minutes of the general meetings of the Company are made available on the Company's website within 30 business days after the meetings.

STATEMENT ON RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROL

The Board of Directors (“Board”) acknowledges the importance of maintaining a sound system of internal control to safeguard the interests of stakeholders (including shareholders’ investments) and the Group’s assets. The Board is pleased to present the Statement on Risk Management and Internal Control of the Group covering key subsidiaries, which outlines the nature and scope of its internal control and risk management during the financial year under review.

Board Responsibility

The Board affirms its overall responsibility for the Group’s internal control system and for reviewing the adequacy and effectiveness of this system which covers governance, enterprise risk management, financial, strategy, organisational, operational, regulatory and compliance controls. However, in view of the inherent limitations in any system, such systems of internal control can only provide reasonable and not absolute assurance against material misstatements, frauds or losses and unforeseen emerging risks.

The Board delegates the oversight of internal control and risk management to the Audit Committee (“AC”). The AC deliberated at its meetings, the adequacy and effectiveness of internal controls based on the findings and outcomes of the audits which were conducted and reported by the Group Internal Audit (“GIA”) during the financial year. The reports by the GIA described the issues discovered during the audits and actions taken by Management in addressing them. The Chairman of the AC thereafter briefed the Board members on the proceedings of the AC meetings including highlighting any material matters on internal control or risk management that warranted the Board’s attention. Minutes of the AC meetings which recorded these deliberations were also presented to the Board for notation.

Key Components of Internal Control System

The Group’s key components of internal control system are as follows:

1. Integrity and Ethical Values

- A Code of Business Ethics and Conduct (“CoBEC”) which sets out the principles to guide Directors’ and employees’ conduct to the highest standards of personal and corporate integrity. The CoBEC covers areas such as conflict of interest, use of company assets, confidentiality of proprietary information, acceptance of gifts and business courtesies, prohibition of kickbacks as well as provisions which cover personal data protection, competition, anti-money laundering and anti-terrorism financing. The CoBEC had been reviewed by the Board on 28 February 2024.
- A groupwide integrity framework which accentuates the Group’s commitment to uphold integrity in all manner of conduct by its employees at all times in their interaction with various stakeholders, both internal and external. This framework includes Integrity and Fraud Risk Policy which interphases with many of the existing policies adopted within the Group and also addresses fraud reporting and investigation.
- An Anti-Bribery and Corruption Policy (“ABC Policy”) which reflects the Group’s stand of zero tolerance against all forms of bribery, fraud and corruption, and its commitment to lawful and ethical conduct at all times. The ABC Policy elaborates on the Group’s core principles set out in the CoBEC and the Employee Code of Conduct, providing information and guidance to all directors, employees and other stakeholders of the Group concerning how to deal with improper solicitation, bribery and other corrupt activities and issues that may arise in the course of business.
- Annual e-declarations on Conflict of Interest and acknowledgement on the understanding and compliance with the ABC Policy among executive employees being part of the Group’s effort in creating awareness and ensuring that the employees understand, observe and uphold high integrity and ethical values in all their business dealings.

- Pursuant to Section 17A of the Malaysian Anti-Corruption Commission (“MACC”) Act 2009 which imposes corporate liability on companies for the corrupt practices of its employees and/or any person associated with the companies in cases where such corrupt practices are carried out for the companies’ benefit or advantage, the Group had conducted a series of trainings and workshops to brief employees on the adequate procedures (as per guidelines issued under MACC Act 2009) that had been put in place and to equip them with the required understanding of their duties, responsibilities and obligations under this section. The Board and the Management will continue to strengthen the adequate procedures to prevent acts of corruption related to the organisation.

The CoBEC and the ABC Policy are published on the Company’s website at www.lion.com.my/lionind.

2. Authority and Responsibility

- The Board establishes the vision and strategic objectives of the Group and is entrusted with the responsibility in leading and directing the Group toward achieving its strategic goals and realising long-term shareholders’ value. The Group’s business strategic directions are also reflected in the respective operating companies’ (“OCs”) Corporate Performance Scorecard (“CPS”) which are reviewed half-yearly. The Board retains full and effective control of the Group’s strategic plans, overseeing the conduct of the Group’s businesses, setting policies, implementing, reviewing and maintaining an appropriate system of risk, control and compliance management and ensuring the adequacy and integrity of the Group’s system of internal control. The Board is also responsible for ensuring financial integrity, setting the Group’s risk appetite, reviewing and approving material transactions, related party transactions, capital financing and succession planning, and overseeing the implementation of stakeholder communication.
- The Board delegates to the Managing Director (“MD”), the authority and powers of executive management of the Company and its businesses within levels of authority specified from time to time. The MD may delegate aspects of his authority and powers but remains accountable to the Board for the Company’s performance is required to report regularly to the Board on the progress being made by the Company’s business units and operations. Delegation of responsibilities and accountability by the MD further down the structure of the Group is communicated and formalised via respective operational structure and organisational chart as well as the authority matrix.
- Board Committees which are guided by respective Terms of Reference were set up to fulfil certain responsibilities delegated by the Board. These Committees assist the Board in promoting governance and accountability as well as overseeing internal controls, Board effectiveness, and nomination and remuneration of Directors and key positions:
 - Audit Committee
 - Nomination Committee
 - Remuneration Committee
- The Management of each operating company is responsible and accountable to the Senior Management, MD, and the Board for implementing the frameworks, policies and procedures on risk and internal control as approved or directed by the Board.

3. Organisation Structure

- An operational structure and organisational chart which defines the lines of responsibility and delegation of authority together with a hierarchical structure of reporting and accountability.
- The authority matrix outlines the decision areas and the persons empowered to requisite, authorise, and approve the expenditure/commitment. Delegated authority carries with it the obligation to exercise sound judgement, good business sense and accountability.

4. Frameworks, Policies and Procedures

- A set of Group level internal policies and procedures which is maintained centrally and accessible to employees via the intranet. The policies and procedures at both Group level and business or operational level are regularly reviewed for updates to resolve operational deficiencies and to meet new compliance requirements. Enhancement efforts to streamline local policies, guidelines or procedures at business or operational level to key Group Policies and Procedures are continuing.
- A Group Procurement Framework which provides a fairly standardised, uniform and consistent set of controls by promoting accountability, ownership and transparency. This increases the ability of the Group to develop a pool of reliable and competent vendors through proper governance, selection of appropriate procurement methods and vendor management.
- A Group Personal Data Protection Framework which provides guidelines on implementation of controls in business and operations processes in meeting the requirements of data protection principles of Personal Data Protection Act 2010.
- Other key policies such as Competition Policy and Sexual Harassment Policy which complement the Group's CoBEC and ABC Policy. These policies direct the employees to behave ethically and professionally in ensuring compliance with relevant laws and creation of a conducive working environment.
- A Group Sustainability Policy that outlines the general principles and fundamentals governing the Group's commitment to sustainability, establishing a foundation for its strategic approach to integrating economic, social and environmental considerations.

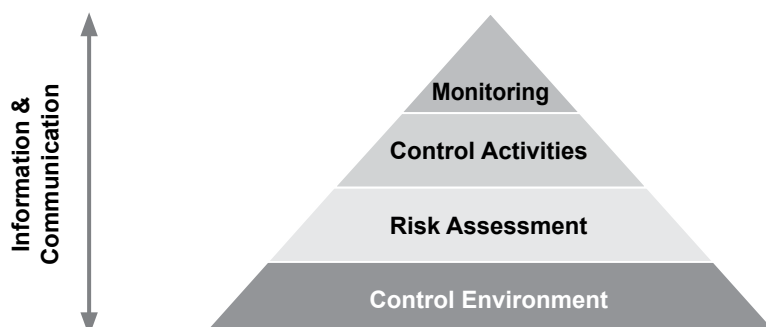
5. Planning, Monitoring and Reporting

- An annual exercise involving all business units to prepare a comprehensive budget and business plan which includes development of business strategies and the establishment of key performance indicators against which the overall performance of the companies within the Group can be measured and evaluated.
- Review of key business variables and the monitoring of the achievements of the Group's performance on a quarterly basis by the Board and the AC.

6. Internal Audit

- Internal Audit Charter that is approved by the AC articulates the purpose, responsibility and authority of the GIA function as well as the nature of assurance activities provided by the function.
- Annual Audit Plan that is approved by the AC provides a basis for audit engagements which also considers feedback from the Management. The GIA adopts a risk-based audit approach, assesses the selected areas within the audit scope for risk exposures, compliance with approved policies and procedures, adherence to relevant laws and regulations and where applicable, benchmarking against industry best practices.
- The GIA reviews business processes and internal control and risk management systems, submitting reports to the AC quarterly. The GIA also conducts follow-up reviews to ensure effective implementation of internal audit recommendations.
- Confirmation of the effectiveness of internal control and risk assessment process by the respective Heads of OC and Heads of Accounts and Finance of the OC (on financial related matters) through the signing off of the Risk Management and Internal Control – Self-Assessment Questionnaire (RMIC- SAQ) on an annual basis.

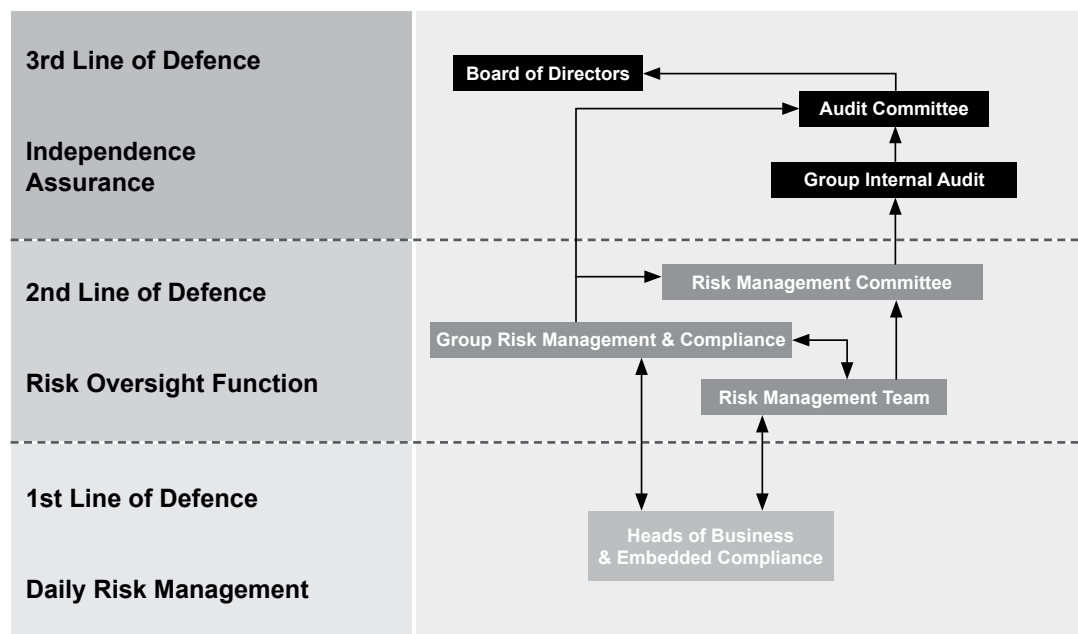
- The GIA assesses and reports on the adequacy and effectiveness of the Group's governance, risk management, and internal control systems in accordance with the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO) Internal Control – Integrated Framework. The following 5 inter-related COSO components are considered during the assessment:



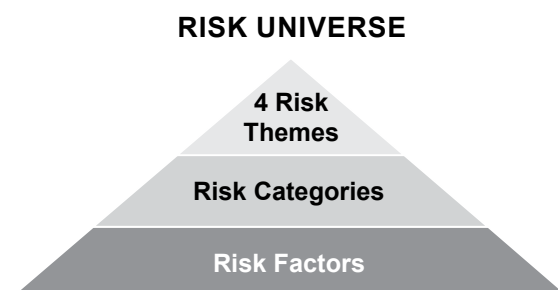
7. Risk Management

- The Group has in place a risk management framework, Enterprise Risk Management (“ERM”) Framework that is modelled after the widely adopted standard ISO31000 Risk Management – Principles and Guidelines to guide the implementation of a consistent risk management practice across the Group by both the Board and the Management. It recognises that risks are inherent in businesses and views them within the context of risk as an opportunity, uncertainty or hazard.
- The ERM Framework provides guidelines on risk governance, risk management process, risk reporting and generic tools to be used by the Group. The design of the risk governance structure therein is premised on 3 lines of defence concept with clear functional responsibilities and accountabilities for the management of risk:
 - The first line of defence under the framework is found at the OCs level where the Head of each OC assumes the overall accountability for the respective OCs’ risk management implementation. Each OC’s Heads of department would provide support to the Head of OC and supervision of risk management practices in key processes under their respective areas of responsibilities. The Heads of OC, in their half-yearly updates and reporting of respective CPS and Corporate Risk Scorecard (“CRS”), provided confirmation that the risk management process with regard to identification of material issues together with relevant controls and management actions have been adequately complied with.
 - The second line of defence provides oversight function via the establishment and roles vested in the OC’s Risk Management Team (“RMT”) and Risk Management Committee (“RMC”) both of which are supported by the Group Risk Management and Compliance (“GRC”) department. The RMTs establish their strategy roadmap for every financial year via the CPS and identified, analysed and reported risks to the RMC and AC via the CRS. The GRC provides the reporting templates, updated tools, maintenance of Q-Radar system and facilitation or review of OC’s scorecards development or updates with OCs’ risk representatives. The RMC receives and reviews the scorecards reports from OCs together with the AC.
 - The third line of defence is realised through the provision of objective and independent challenge by GIA with regard to the level of assurance as provided by business operations and oversight functions. The Board, through the deliberations and recommendations of the AC, sets the overall risk appetite for the Group.

- The risk management organisational structure adopted by the Group is illustrated as follows:



- The Group employs a Risk Universe Listing to facilitate identification of risk across 4 risk themes which are Strategic, Business, Financial and Operational as shown in the illustration below:



- Most OCs of the Group have set risk tolerance ranges, either qualitative or semi-quantitative, for selected result areas via a self-defined risk impact severity table. Such table is referred to together with a risk matrix which provides measurement scales on possibility of risk occurrence and impact. The use of these tools facilitates the measurement of each risk analysed and evaluated at 3 different levels; Inherent, Nett and Target, thereby enabling the RMTs to focus more on the management of high risk areas in line with their risk tolerance.

8. Compliance Management

- Half-yearly Compliance Risk Self-Assessment (CRSA) exercises with mitigations identified to address breaches or material non-compliances.
- Joint review of existing operational practices and selected policies or procedures for possible and appropriate control enhancements. Such exercises may result in revisions of relevant policies or procedures, new policies or procedures, introduction of control tools such as standard templates/forms and even development of special purpose automated processes.

- A compliance programme reviewed by the AC on an annual basis addressing key compliance areas of statutory and regulatory requirements, codes and internal ethics/standards/policies and procedures. The results and status of the compliance programme were reported by the Compliance Function on a half-yearly basis to the Compliance Committee to monitor and address ongoing changes and implementations in the legislative and regulatory requirements affecting the Group.

9. Safety, Health and Environment Management

- The Group has established an Occupational Safety and Health (OSH) Committee to support the implementation of safety obligations under the Occupational Safety and Health (Amendment) Act 2022, effective 1 June 2024.
- The OSH Committee plays a key role in promoting safety and health awareness, identifying potential risks, continuously communicating with operating companies, recommending precautionary measures to ensure the safety, health, and welfare of employees, and proactively addressing the increased penalties for safety violations.
- The Group also has a Safety, Health and Environment (“SHE”) Management System which is an integrated approach where all the 3 SHE factors are effectively managed to protect the safety and health of employees and the public as well as the environment from hazards associated with the workplace.
- Workplace safety and health involves implementing procedures for identifying workplace hazards and reducing accidents and exposure to harmful situations and substances. It also includes training personnel in accident prevention, accident response, emergency preparedness, and use of protective clothing and equipment.
- The environmental aspect involves complying with environmental regulations, such as managing waste or air emissions and reducing the company’s carbon footprint.
- Under SHE, the Group’s steel manufacturing operations have a Work Scope Control Procedure detailing all the Standard Operating Procedures (“SOPs”) for each and every identified task deemed as hazardous or potentially hazardous. It also includes an Emergency Management Plan to minimize the impact of any emergency event on employees, the community, and the environment by responding immediately and efficiently to protect lives and assets, and to ensure disaster recovery and business continuity.
- Regulatory requirements such as the Occupational Safety and Health Act (OSHA) play an important role in SHE management and require the company to implement and comply with all the necessary measures.
- The Group continues to prioritise a safe and healthy workplace for all employees, alongside business continuity concerns. Workplace health and safety procedures, along with the National Security Council’s SOPs on preventive measures to mitigate health risks, are in place and communicated to employees, business associates, and other stakeholders.
- At the Group level, there is an Issues Management and Communication Policy and process established under the Corporate Communications Function to guide the handling of communications, internal and external, in the event of any issue/crisis/disaster.

10. Information and Communication Technology/Management Information System

- A quarterly IT Steering Committee meeting is held where all IT Managers from various operating companies meet. It is a platform which enables collaboration among the operating companies, sharing of experiences and consolidation of standard IT platforms.
- A set of Group IT Policies and Guidelines is in place to govern the operations of IT within the Group. Due to the diversity of businesses, each operating company has its own set of IT Policy adopting the standard Group IT Policy wherever possible and adding policies that are peculiar to the business they are in.
- The Group Human Resources Management System runs off a cloud infrastructure where a single system is used across the Lion Group of Companies. Cloud infrastructure is hosted offsite to protect the sensitivity of data and is supported by a hot Disaster Recovery site to enable quick recovery of data in the event of any unforeseen incident. An annual Disaster Recovery test is carried out to ensure service quality as per agreed service level agreement.
- As part of Lion Group's Cyber Security strategy to mitigate cyber security risks and threats, Group IT had provided and shall continue to provide Cyber Security Awareness and related initiatives to educate employees with the objective of safeguarding our businesses and employees.

11. Insurance

- An insurance programme to safeguard major assets against financial loss resulting from property damage, machinery breakdown, business interruption and general liability, which is reviewed annually.
- A yearly exercise to ensure the adequacy and renewal of the Group's Directors' and Officers' Liability insurance.

12. Whistleblowing

- A Whistleblower Policy which provides the channels to report wrongdoings by employees and/or other stakeholders whilst ensuring the integrity of the process and information and also protecting the rights of informants. The implementation of this policy enables the Group to address such concerns that may adversely affect the reputation and interests of the Group more effectively.
- The oversight by the Board and its engagement with the Management in the handling of reported wrongdoings are also set out in the Integrity and Fraud Risk Policy.

Risk Management Process

The OCs' CPS which are prepared every financial year are updated on a half-yearly basis to provide a clear and proper context within which performance-related risks are to be identified, analysed and managed in line with the respective OCs' strategic direction and business objectives. Key Performance Indicators ("KPI") were assigned to these objectives and their performance were tracked by the KPI owners under the supervision of the Heads of the OC.

In establishing a bottom-up reporting of the risk profile of the OCs, the RMT in the respective OCs identified possible and actual risks faced by the OC together with an analysis of the causes, impact and mitigating actions.

The risk owners were responsible to ensure preventative, detective and corrective controls were in place to address these risks. Gaps in controls and continual improvements were implemented through management action plans. This process was executed by the RMTs and documented in the CRS.

The GRC conducted reviews of the risk profiles, either focusing on specific risk issues or the completeness of the risk assessment process for selected risk profiles. The results of the review were communicated to the administrators of risk scorecards and/or Heads of OC for improvement and implementation.

The CPS and CRS were presented by the RMT and RMC to the AC on a half-yearly basis for reviews on the status of the performance objectives and management action plans implementation. These reviews may result in identification of new risks or re-assessment of reported risks. The AC reviewed significant risks, if any, across the risk themes and guided the OCs on further mitigations, where required.

The Heads of the OC, at the half-yearly reporting, had confirmed that the respective OCs' RMT had reviewed and updated the CPS and CRS with the status of all related material information, controls and management actions and that the risk management process had been complied with and information provided therein fairly reflected the position of the OC for the financial year under review.

In all material transactions such as acquisitions and disposals of assets or business and corporate proposals, risks associated with such transactions as analysed by the project team and RMC are presented to the AC and Board for their deliberation and decision making. The AC will review the proposals together with the risks associated therewith after which the Board may approve, decline or modify the proposals in line with the Group's risk appetite and the Group's strategic and business directions.

Conclusion

The Board is satisfied with the adequacy and effectiveness of the system of risk management and internal control in place throughout the Group for the financial year under review, and up to the date of approval of this Statement. The MD and the Head of respective OCs have provided reasonable assurance to the Board that the Group's risk management and internal control system, in all material aspects, is operating adequately and effectively.

Implementation measures are continuously being taken to strengthen the system of risk management and internal control so as to safeguard the Group's assets as well as the shareholders' investments, and the interests of other stakeholders.

Review by External Auditors

The External Auditors have performed limited assurance procedures on this Statement on Risk Management and Internal Control pursuant to the scopes set out in the Audit and Assurance Practice Guide 3 ("AAPG 3"): Guidance for Auditors on Engagements to Report on the Statement on Risk Management and Internal Control included in the Annual Report issued by Malaysian Institute of Accountants for inclusion in the Annual Report of the Group for the financial year ended 31 December 2024, and reported to the Board that nothing has come to their attention that has caused them to believe the Statement on Risk Management and Internal Control intended to be included in the Annual Report has not been prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with the disclosures required by paragraphs 41 and 42 of the Statement on Risk Management and Internal Control: Guidelines for Directors of Listed Issuers, Corporate Disclosure Guide, Corporate Governance Guide and Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad's Main Market Listing Requirements ("Listing Requirements"), nor is the Statement factually inaccurate.

AAPG 3 does not require the External Auditors to consider whether the Statement on Risk Management and Internal Control covers all risks and controls, or to form an opinion on the adequacy and effectiveness of the Group's risk management and internal control system including the assessment and opinion by the Board and the Management thereon. The report from the External Auditors was made solely for, and directed solely to the Board of Directors in connection with their compliance with the Listing Requirements and for no other purposes or parties.

AUDIT COMMITTEE REPORT

The Audit Committee of Lion Industries Corporation Berhad is pleased to present the Audit Committee Report for the financial year ended 31 December 2024.

COMPOSITION

As at the date of this Annual Report, the composition of the Audit Committee is as follows:

- **Members**

Cik Zainab binti Dato' Hj. Mohamed
(Appointed as a member on 30 May 2024 and elected as the Chairman on 29 August 2024)
(Chairman, Independent Non-Executive Director)

Y. M. Datuk Seri Utama Raja Nong Chik bin Dato' Raja Zainal Abidin
(Independent Non-Executive Director)

Y. Bhg. Dato' Nik Rahmat bin Nik Taib
(Independent Non-Executive Director)

Y. Bhg. Dato' Sun Teoh Tia
(Appointed as a member on 30 May 2024)
(Independent Non-Executive Director)

The respective profiles of the members are set out under Directors' Profile in the Annual Report.

- **Secretaries**

The Secretaries of Lion Industries Corporation Berhad, Ms Wong Phooi Lin and Ms Kong Siew Foon, are also Secretaries of the Audit Committee.

MEMBERSHIP

The Audit Committee shall be appointed by the Board from amongst their number and shall consist of not less than 3 members, all of whom shall be non-executive Directors with a majority of them being independent Directors. The members of the Audit Committee shall elect a chairman among themselves who is an independent Director and who is not the chairman of the Board. The composition of the Audit Committee shall fulfil the requirements as prescribed in the Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad Main Market Listing Requirements ("Listing Requirements").

None of the members of the Audit Committee was a former partner of the External Auditors of the Group.

MEETINGS AND MINUTES

The Audit Committee shall meet at least 4 times annually, and the Group Chief Internal Auditor and the Chief Accountant shall attend the meetings. Relevant members of Senior Management shall be invited to attend these meetings to assist to clarify matters raised at the meetings. A majority of independent Directors present shall form a quorum. The Audit Committee shall meet with the External Auditors without the executive Board members and Management being present at least twice a year.

Minutes of each Audit Committee Meeting were recorded and tabled for confirmation and adoption at the next Audit Committee Meeting and subsequently presented to the Board for notation. The Chairman of the Audit Committee shall report on each meeting to the Board.

TERMS OF REFERENCE

The Terms of Reference of the Audit Committee which are in line with the provisions of the Listing Requirements, the Malaysian Code on Corporate Governance and other best practices are available for reference on the Company's website at www.lion.com.my/lionind.

ACTIVITIES FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR

During the financial year under review, 5 Audit Committee Meetings were held. While Cik Zainab binti Dato' Hj. Mohamed and Y. Bhg. Dato' Sun Teoh Tia attended the remaining 2 Meetings held subsequent to their appointment, the other members attended all the 5 Meetings held during the financial year.

The Chief Accountant was present at all the Meetings. While the Group Chief Internal Auditor has not been appointed, a Senior Manager from the Group Management Audit Department attended the Audit Committee Meetings, representing the Internal Audit Function.

The Audit Committee carried out its duties for the financial year in accordance with its Terms of Reference.

The main works undertaken by the Audit Committee for the financial year are as follows:

- **Financial Results**

Reviewed the quarterly interim unaudited financial statements and the annual audited financial statements of the Group prior to submission to the Board for its consideration and approval focusing particularly on changes in or implementation of material accounting policies and compliance with MFRS Accounting Standards issued by the Malaysian Accounting Standards Board ("MASB"), IFRS Accounting Standards issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB"), provisions of the Companies Act 2016 and requirements under the Listing Requirements; significant matters highlighted including financial reporting matters, significant transactions and judgements made by Management; and main factors contributing to the financial performance of the Group in terms of revenue and earnings.

Discussed with Management and External Auditors, and had obtained reasonable assurances that all changes in material accounting policies had been implemented; MFRS Accounting Standards issued by MASB, IFRS Accounting Standards issued by IASB, provisions of the Companies Act 2016 and requirements under the Listing Requirements had been complied with; significant matters including Key Audit Matters and critical accounting judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainties made by Management had been evaluated by the External Auditors; and impact of new accounting standards for the following financial year, where relevant, had been assessed.

- **Internal Audit**

- (a) Reviewed and approved the annual audit plan to ensure adequate scope and coverage on the activities of the Group, taking into consideration the assessment of key risk areas and ensured that key and high risk areas were audited annually.
- (b) Reviewed the effectiveness of audit programmes, and the adequacy and suitability of the resource requirements and skill levels of the Internal Auditors for the financial year and assessed the performance of the Internal Audit Function.
- (c) Reviewed the internal audit reports, audit recommendations made and Management's response and actions taken to improve the system of internal control and procedures. Where appropriate, the Audit Committee had directed Management to rectify and improve control procedures and workflow processes based on the Internal Auditors' recommendations and suggestions for improvement.

Audit approach had been determined in areas with weaknesses in control as revealed by the Internal Auditors during their previous audit reviews.

- (d) Monitored the implementation of the audit recommendations to ensure that all key risks and controls had been addressed.
- (e) Reviewed the risk and control profile changes of the annual Risk Management and Internal Control – Self-Assessment ratings submitted by the respective operations management. The Internal Auditors had validated the ratings during their audit review, and adjustments to the ratings, if any, had been made accordingly and reported to the Audit Committee.
- (f) Reviewed recurrent related party transactions of a revenue or trading nature reports on a quarterly basis for compliance with the review procedures outlined in the Shareholders' Mandate and ensured that the transactions were undertaken on an arm's length basis and on normal commercial terms which were consistent with the Group's usual business practices and policies, and on terms not more favourable to the related parties than those generally available to the public and were not to the detriment of the minority shareholders.

All recurrent related party transactions of a revenue or trading nature undertaken were in compliance with the Listing Requirements and the Group's policies and procedures as well as the Shareholders' Mandate.

- (g) Reviewed the quarterly reports on situations of conflict of interest ("COI"), potential COI and interest in competing business involving the Directors and Key Senior Management that arose or persist in addition to those that may arise; and the measures taken to resolve, eliminate, or mitigate such conflicts.

The Code of Business Ethics and Conduct was enhanced in March 2024 to include additional provisions on COI and potential COI requirements and disclosures by employees, Directors and Key Senior Management. The Group has in place (i) processes and procedures to mandate the Directors and Key Senior Management encountering a situation of COI to disclose the nature, extent and scope of the conflict as and when any such conflicts arise in addition to submitting their COI Declaration annually; and (ii) measures to resolve, eliminate, or mitigate COI and potential COI situations.

In addition, Whistleblower Policy has been in place to provide an avenue or course of action an employee, customer, supplier or third party, may take to escalate any wrong doing committed by employees, Directors and Key Senior Management.

Below is a summary of potential COI situations disclosed by Directors and measures taken to address thereon:

- (1) Y. Bhg. Tan Sri Cheng Heng Jem ("TSWC") has substantial interest in the Company and is deemed to be interested in the subsidiaries of the Company. He also has interest in companies which conduct similar businesses with the Group in the following areas where potential COI may arise:

Business of the Group	Nature and Extent of Interest	Potential COI
Mixed property development in Melaka and Taman Supreme, Kuala Lumpur.	By virtue of his interest and/or directorships in Lion Corporation Berhad ("LCB") and certain privately owned property development companies with projects in Bandar Mahkota Cheras, Banting, Lenggeng and Bandar Bukit Mahkota Bangi.	May arise due to the similar nature of the business. Nevertheless, the Group does not have any current development where the location is conflicting with the property development of LCB and his privately owned companies.

- (2) Ms Cheng Hui Ya, Serena is a non-independent non-executive Director of the Company. She is also a daughter of TSWC and holds directorship in certain companies declared by TSWC under (1) above. As such, potential COI may occur in all companies and projects declared by TSWC under (1) above.
- (3) Y. M. Datuk Seri Utama Raja Nong Chik is the independent non-executive Chairman of the Company. He has interest in a company which conducts similar business with the Group in the following area where potential COI may arise:

Business of the Group	Nature and Extent of Interest	Potential COI
Mixed property development in Melaka and Taman Supreme, Kuala Lumpur.	By virtue of his interest in a privately owned property development company with projects in Kepong.	May arise due to the similar nature of the business. Nevertheless, the Group does not have any current development within Kepong vicinity.

- (h) Reviewed the Sustainability Statement together with the Statement of Assurance issued by the Internal Auditors, before recommending the same for Board's approval for inclusion in the Annual Report.
- (i) Reviewed the Statement on Risk Management and Internal Control which provided an overview of the state of internal controls within the Group prior to the Board's approval for inclusion in the Annual Report. The Statement on Risk Management and Internal Control which had been reviewed by the External Auditors is set out on pages 23 to 30 of this Annual Report.

The Audit Committee was satisfied that the system of risk management and internal control in place throughout the Group as described in the Statement on Risk Management and Internal Control, was sound and effective, providing reasonable assurance that the structure and operation of controls were appropriate for the Group's operations. The Audit Committee also acknowledged that implementation measures were continuously being taken to strengthen the system of risk management and internal control so as to safeguard the Group's assets as well as the shareholders' investments, and the interests of other stakeholders.

- (j) Reviewed the Group Compliance Framework for the financial year under review with regard to the scope of activities and their progress as set out in the Compliance Program/Work Plan for the financial year.
- (k) Approved an annual budget for the Internal Audit Function to effectively carry out its audit plan.
- (l) Approved the Audit Committee Report and recommended the same for Board's approval for inclusion in the Annual Report.

• **External Audit**

- (a) Reviewed and discussed with External Auditors the audit strategy memorandum covering the audit objectives and approach, audit plan, key audit areas and relevant technical pronouncements and accounting standards issued by MASB, and regulating requirements applicable to the Group; and the processes and controls in place to ensure effective and efficient financial reporting and disclosures under the financial reporting standards.
- (b) Reviewed and discussed with External Auditors the results of the audit and the audit report in particular, significant accounting matters arising from the external audit and their opinion on the financial statements of the Group and of the Company.

- (c) Reviewed with External Auditors the memorandum of comments and recommendations arising from their study and evaluation of the system of internal and accounting controls together with Management's response to the findings of the External Auditors and ensured where appropriate, that necessary corrective actions had been taken by Management.
- (d) Evaluated the performance and assessed the suitability, objectivity and independence of the External Auditors during the financial year taking into consideration information presented in the Audit Quality Commitment Newsletter published by the External Auditors, in accordance with the policies and procedures in place, vide a set of questionnaires covering the calibre of the external audit firm; quality of processes and performance; skills and expertise including industrial knowledge; independence and objectivity; audit scope and planning; audit fees; and their communications with the Audit Committee.

The Audit Committee had received from the External Auditors written confirmation that they have complied with the International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including International Independence Standards) issued by the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants and the By-Laws (On Professional Ethics, Conduct and Practice) of the Malaysian Institute of Accountants, and that they have policies and procedures in place which were designed to ensure that they carry out their work with integrity, objectivity and independence.

Having satisfied with the performance and the assessment on the External Auditors' suitability, objectivity and independence, recommended to the Board the re-appointment of the External Auditors and their remuneration.

- (e) Reviewed and approved the non-audit fees in respect of services rendered by the External Auditors.
- (f) Met with the External Auditors twice to discuss matters in relation to their audit planning and audit review of the financial results. The External Auditors met with the Audit Committee without executive Board members and Management after their audit review of the financial results to discuss matters in relation thereto and arising therefrom.

- **Compliance Management**

- (a) Conformance to Group policies and procedures

Noted the status and outcome of the half-yearly Compliance Risk Self-Assessment ("CRSA") exercises which seek to identify gaps in compliance with regard to applicable laws, regulations, codes, guidelines and standards, market/industry best practices and Group policies and procedures, and discussed the adequacy of measures to address such gaps or non-compliance. The CRSA questionnaire sets and declarations were completed by the identified Heads of Business, Finance Officers of the Operating Companies ("OCs"), Group Accountants, Company Secretaries, Group Tax, Group Treasury and Group Corporate Planning.

- (b) Noted the status of the activities of Group Risk Management and Compliance Department which included monitoring on a half-yearly basis the scope of activities and status of implementation as driven and coordinated by the Group Risk Management and Compliance Department as set out in the Compliance Program/Work Plan for the financial year.

- **Risk Management**

- (a) The Audit Committee together with the Risk Management Committee:

- Monitored the progress on the achievement of targets set for business objectives of OCs for the financial year via review of the Corporate Performance Scorecards updates on a half-yearly basis. The Audit Committee sought explanation/understanding from the Risk Management Team ("RMT") of OCs on non-performance.

- Reviewed the key risks as reported by the RMTs in their Corporate Risk Scorecards across the wide spectrum of risk facing the businesses and operations which included strategic risk, business risk, financial risk and operational risk. The Audit Committee provided comments on the adequacy and effectiveness of controls and/or management actions identified and/or implemented by the OCs in addressing the identified risks.
 - (b) The Audit Committee provided assurance to the Board on the risk reporting and review activities that took place during the financial year.
- **Related Party Transactions**
 - (a) Reviewed related party transactions entered into by the Group and ensured that the transactions undertaken were in the best interest of the Group, fair, reasonable and on normal commercial terms, and not detrimental to the interest of the minority shareholders, and recommended the same for approval of the Board.
 - (b) Reviewed the renewal of Shareholders' Mandate for recurrent related party transactions of a revenue or trading nature for Shareholders' approval to undertake transactions which are recurrent, of a revenue or trading nature and which are necessary for the day-to-day operations of the Group with related parties ("RRPTs").

The Audit Committee reviewed the review procedures and had opined that they were sufficient to ensure that the RRPTs were not more favourable to the related parties than those generally available to the public and were not to the detriment of the minority shareholders and that the Group had in place adequate procedures and processes to monitor, track and identify RRPTs in a timely and orderly manner, and such procedures and processes were reviewed on a yearly basis or whenever the need arose.

The review on RRPTs by the Internal Auditors was reported to the Audit Committee on a quarterly basis.

The Management had given assurance to the Audit Committee that related party transactions and mandate for recurrent related party transactions were in compliance with the Listing Requirements and the Group's policies and procedures.

- **Material Transactions**

Reviewed material transactions entered into by the Group and ensured that the transactions undertaken were in the best interest of the Group, and recommended the same for approval of the Board. The transactions were subsequently approved by the Board.

INTERNAL AUDIT FUNCTION

The Internal Audit Function is undertaken by the Group Management Audit Department ("GMA Department") and is independent from Management of the Company and the function which it audits. Its principal activity is to perform regular and systematic reviews of the system of internal control so as to provide reasonable assurance that such system continues to operate satisfactorily and effectively.

Following the resignation of the former Group Chief Internal Auditor, the appointment of a successor is in progress. In the interim, a Senior Manager from the GMA Department is carrying out relevant internal audit functions and overseeing audit assignments.

The purpose, authority and responsibility of the Internal Audit Function as well as the nature of the assurance activities provided by the function are articulated in the Internal Audit Charter approved by the Audit Committee. The Audit Committee is of the opinion that the Internal Audit Function is appropriate to its size and the nature and scope of its activities.

In discharging its function, the GMA Department adopts the *International Standards for the Professional Practice of Internal Auditing* as well as established auditing guidelines to enhance its competency and proficiency.

A risk-based audit plan is tabled to the Audit Committee for approval on an annual basis. The audit plan covers key operational and financial activities that are significant to the overall performance of the Group and is developed to ensure adequate coverage on a regular basis. Key risk areas are continuously identified and prioritised to ascertain the scope of the audit activities through the adoption by the operation management of the RMIC-SAQ, the Corporate Performance Scorecard and the Corporate Risk Scorecard.

During the financial year, the Internal Auditors had conducted independent reviews and evaluated risk exposures relating to the Group's governance, operations and information system as follows:

- Reliability and integrity of financial and operational information
- Effectiveness and efficiency of operations
- Safeguarding of assets
- Compliance with set policies and procedures
- Identification of opportunities to improve the operations and processes
- Investigations and special audit reviews
- Adequacy and effectiveness of the Group's governance, risk management and internal control system using the Committee of Sponsoring Organisations of the Treadway Commission (COSO) Internal Control – Integrated Framework
- Compliance aspects of the Anti-Bribery and Corruption Policy and its programmes
- Disclosures of COI and potential COI situations involving the Directors and Key Senior Management
- Issuance of Statement of Assurance in relation to the Sustainability Statement

The Internal Auditors also established follow-up review to monitor and to ensure that internal audit recommendations are effectively implemented. Significant matters were reported directly to the Audit Committee and Senior Management to ensure improvement and corrective actions are taken.

The internal audit works had been carried out according to the internal audit plan approved by the Audit Committee for the financial year.

An annual assessment for evaluating the adequacy and effectiveness of the Internal Audit Function was carried out in the financial year.

The Internal Auditors are updated on the improvement and development in internal auditing standards, procedures, techniques, corporate governance and the Listing Requirements through the attendance of seminars and talks organised by the Institute of Internal Auditors Malaysia, the Malaysian Institute of Accountants, Bursa Malaysia Berhad and the Securities Commission Malaysia as well as core competency courses organised by professional training establishments. The Audit Committee was also satisfied that pending the appointment of the new Group Chief Internal Auditor, the Internal Audit Function, overseen by a Senior Manager and backed by 4 staff at the managerial and executive levels who possessed the relevant qualifications and experience, has adequate resources to fulfil the internal audit plan for the next financial year.

The Internal Auditors had confirmed that they are free from any relationships or conflict of interest which could impair their objectivity and independence in their audit assignments.

The total cost incurred in managing the Internal Audit Function of the Group for the financial year was RM357,342.

NOMINATION COMMITTEE

- Chairman** : Y. M. Datuk Seri Utama Raja Nong Chik bin Dato' Raja Zainal Abidin
(Independent Non-Executive Director)
- Members** : Y. Bhg. Dato' Sun Teoh Tia
(Appointed on 28 November 2024)
(Independent Non-Executive Director)
- Cik Zainab binti Dato' Hj. Mohamed
(Appointed on 30 May 2024)
(Independent Non-Executive Director)
- Ms Cheng Hui Ya, Serena
(Non-Independent Non-Executive Director)
- Terms of Reference** :
1. To consider and recommend to the Board, candidates for directorships in the Company.
 2. To consider, in making its recommendations, candidates for directorships proposed by the Chief Executive Officer and, within the bounds of practicability, by any other senior executive or any Director or major shareholder and from independent sources.

In making a recommendation to the Board on the candidate for directorship, the Committee shall consider the broad Fit and Proper, and Independence Criteria as set out in the Board Charter.

The candidate for an independent non-executive Director should be a person of calibre, credibility and have the necessary skill and experience to bring an independent judgement to bear on issues considered by the Board.
 3. To recommend to the Board, Directors to fill the seats on Board Committees.
 4. To assist the Board in reviewing on an annual basis, the composition, the required mix of skills, knowledge, experience, diversity and other qualities, including core competencies which each individual Director including the independent non-executive Director should bring to the Board, to enable the Board to function effectively, and strengthen board leadership and oversight of sustainability issues.
 5. To establish and implement processes to assess, on an annual basis, the effectiveness of the Board as a whole and the committees of the Board; the independence of the independent Directors; the contribution of each individual Director; and the term of office and performance of the Audit Committee and each of its members to determine whether the Audit Committee and its members have carried out their duties in accordance with their Terms of Reference, based on the process and procedure laid out by the Board.
 6. To recommend to the Board:
 - (a) the re-election of those Directors who are retiring at an annual general meeting ("AGM") of the Company and to put forward their re-election for approval at the AGM; and
 - (b) the continued retention of any independent non-executive Director who has served for a cumulative period of more than 9 years as an independent non-executive Director or otherwise. Any retention of an independent Director who has served a cumulative period of 9 years shall be subject to Shareholders' approval in line with the recommendation of the Malaysian Code on Corporate Governance. Notwithstanding, the tenure of an independent Director shall not exceed a cumulative period of more than 12 years.
 7. To review the induction and training needs of Directors.
 8. To consider other matters as referred to the Committee by the Board from time to time.

NOMINATION COMMITTEE REPORT

The Nomination Committee comprises 4 members, all of whom are non-executive Directors with a majority of them being independent Directors. The Nomination Committee is chaired by Y. M. Datuk Seri Utama Raja Nong Chik bin Dato' Raja Zainal Abidin who is an independent Director.

Appointment to the Board and the Effectiveness of the Board

The Nomination Committee is responsible for identifying, evaluating and nominating suitable candidates with the necessary mix of skills, knowledge, experience and competencies for appointment to the Board and Board Committees to ensure the effectiveness of the Board and the Board Committees. The Nomination Committee shall conduct skills and gap analyses from time to time or when required in identifying candidatures for appointment. As an enhancement to its process, the Nomination Committee may also consider procuring suitable candidates from independent sources, when appropriate and practicable. The Nomination Committee assesses and evaluates on an annual basis the performance and the effectiveness of the Board as a whole, the Board Committees, the independence of the independent Directors as well as the contribution of each individual Directors and Audit Committee members based on the criteria set out by the Board and in accordance with the respective Board Committee's Terms of Reference.

The assessment criteria of the Board's evaluation/performance review process as well as the process and criteria to (i) identify and nominate candidates for appointment as a Director; (ii) re-elect existing Directors; and (iii) retain independent Directors, are set out in the Directors' Fit and Proper Policy included in the Board Charter.

In assessing and recommending to the Board suitable candidature of Directors, the Nomination Committee shall consider the competencies, expected contributions and diversity representation covering the qualifications, knowledge including financial literacy, industrial experience and expertise, seniority and past achievements, appointment scope, role, commitment level, professionalism and integrity, and the appropriateness and the fulfilment of the Board's desired mix of competencies, age, gender and cultural background which would contribute to the overall desired composition of the Board.

The Directors' mix of skills are set out in the respective profile under Directors' Profile on pages 6 to 9 of this Annual Report.

Activities of the Nomination Committee for the Financial Year

The Nomination Committee met thrice since the date of the last Annual Report and all the members attended the Meetings.

The Nomination Committee had carried out the following duties for the financial year in accordance with its Terms of Reference:

- (i) Assessed and recommended for Board's consideration, the following appointments:
 - (a) Y. Bhg. Dato' Sun Teoh Tia as an independent non-executive Director, and a member of the Audit Committee and the Nomination Committee of the Company; and
 - (b) Cik Zainab binti Dato' Hj. Mohamed as an independent non-executive Director, and a member of the Audit Committee, the Nomination Committee and the Remuneration Committee of the Company.
- (ii) Reviewed the compositions of the Board and Board Committees of the Company and assessed the implications of the impending re-designation of Y. M. Datuk Seri Utama Raja Nong Chik bin Dato' Raja Zainal Abidin who would be re-designated a non-independent non-executive Director upon the conclusion of the forthcoming 94th Annual General Meeting of the Company ("94th AGM").
- (iii) Discussed the proposed appointment of the Chairman of the Nomination Committee to succeed Y. M. Datuk Seri Utama Raja Nong Chik bin Dato' Raja Zainal Abidin after the conclusion of the 94th AGM.

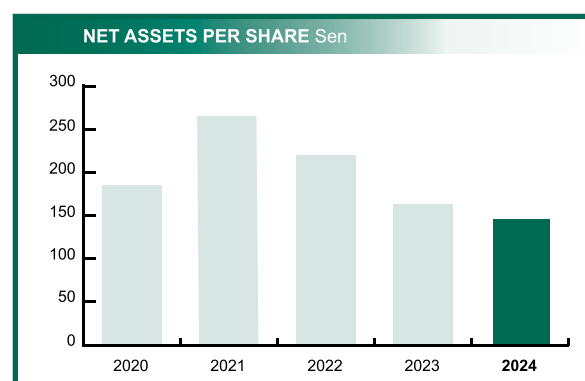
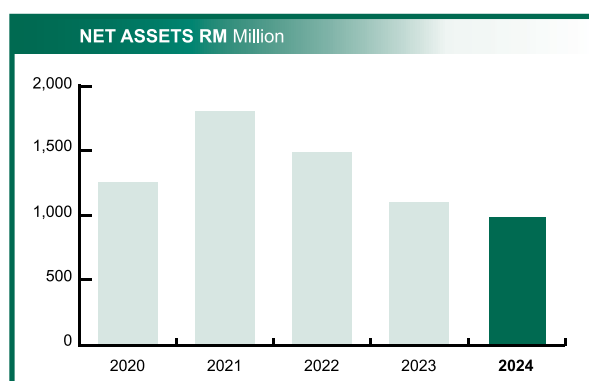
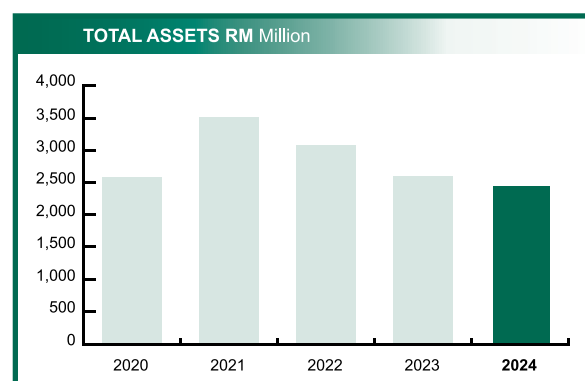
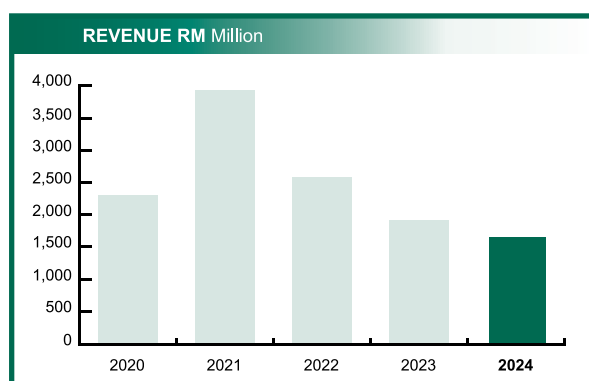
- (iv) Reviewed and assessed the performance and the effectiveness of the Board as a whole, the Board Committees, the independence of the independent Directors as well as the contribution of each individual Directors and Audit Committee members based on the broad fit and proper, and independence criteria as set out in the Directors' Fit and Proper Policy using a set of quantitative and qualitative performance evaluation forms adopted by the Nomination Committee, and was satisfied that (a) the Board composition in term of size, mix of competencies and diversity representation and the balance between executive, non-executive and independent Directors was adequate and in line with the Group's business operations and needs; and (b) the Board as a whole and the Board Committees had discharged their duties and responsibilities effectively at all times. The Nomination Committee was also satisfied with the level of independence of the independent non-executive Directors and their ability to act in the best interests of the Company and the minority shareholders of the Company.
- (v) Reviewed the term of office and performance of the Audit Committee as a whole and each of its members including an assessment of their financial literacy, and assessed and evaluated the effectiveness of the Audit Committee in conducting its activities in accordance with its Terms of Reference, and was satisfied that the Audit Committee and its members had carried out their duties effectively and were financially literate and able to understand matters under the purview of the Audit Committee including financial reporting process.
- (vi) Reviewed the retirement of Y. Bhg. Dato' Sun Teoh Tia and Cik Zainab binti Dato' Hj. Mohamed who were appointed during the financial year, and having satisfied that they had discharged their duties and responsibilities effectively at all times, recommended their re-election for Board's consideration, which shall be tabled for approval of the Shareholders at the 94th AGM.
- (vii) Discussed on the vacancies arising from the impending retirement of Y. Bhg. Dato' Nik Rahmat bin Nik Taib at the conclusion of the 94th AGM.
- (viii) Reviewed the training needs of the Directors and was satisfied that the Directors having attended the relevant training programmes and having been updated with market developments and relevant requirements through Board discussion meetings with Management and by email communication, and apprised on a continuing basis by the Company Secretaries on new and/or revised regulatory and statutory requirements, had adequately met the training needs of each of the Directors towards enhancing their skills and knowledge in discharging their duties and roles as a Director.
- (ix) Approved and recommended for Board's consideration the Nomination Committee Report incorporating the Nomination Committee's activities for inclusion in the 2024 Annual Report.

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

Chairman	:	Y. Bhg. Dato' Nik Rahmat bin Nik Taib (Independent Non-Executive Director)
Members	:	Cik Zainab binti Dato' Hj. Mohamed (Appointed on 30 May 2024) (Independent Non-Executive Director)
		Ms Cheng Hui Ya, Serena (Non-Independent Non-Executive Director)
Terms of Reference	:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • To recommend to the Board, the remuneration of the executive Directors in all its forms, drawing from outside advice as necessary. • To carry out other responsibilities, functions or assignments as may be defined by the Board from time to time.

5 YEARS GROUP FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Financial years/period		12 months ended 30 June 2020	18 months ended 31 December 2021	12 months ended 31 December		
				2022	2023	2024
Revenue	(RM'000)	2,318,470	3,937,446	2,579,174	1,914,817	1,661,530
Profit/(Loss) before tax	(RM'000)	(377,024)	570,284	(319,269)	(334,371)	(84,633)
Profit/(Loss) after tax	(RM'000)	(383,170)	539,241	(309,841)	(402,414)	(84,905)
Net Profit/(Loss) attributable to owners of the Company	(RM'000)	(390,533)	494,990	(309,024)	(401,296)	(87,655)
Total assets	(RM'000)	2,515,969	3,512,778	3,085,897	2,601,127	2,451,475
Net assets	(RM'000)	1,251,585	1,813,558	1,497,364	1,100,812	989,805
Total borrowings	(RM'000)	163,605	182,211	155,836	160,239	100,060
Earnings/(Loss) per share	(Sen)	(57.4)	72.7	(45.4)	(58.9)	(12.9)
Net assets per share	(Sen)	184	266	220	162	145



THE GROUP'S BUSINESSES



- Amsteel Mills Sdn Bhd produces steel products namely, billets, bars and wire rods for construction and manufacturing requirements.



- The Building Materials Division is involved in the trading and distribution of building and construction materials such as (top left, clockwise) roofing, sanitarywares, BRC mesh, steel bars, bricks, ironmongery, cement, and floor tiles.



- Posim Petroleum Marketing Sdn Bhd distributes a wide range of petroleum-based products under "HI-REV", "torQe" and "T-TRAX" brands which meet specifications required by American Petroleum Institute (API), Japanese Automotive Standards Organization (JASO) and European Automobile Manufacturers' Association (ECEA) for exceptional performance in engine lubrication and protection against thermal stress to maintain excellent performance in high power density engines.

CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT

On behalf of the Board of Directors ("Board"), I hereby present the Annual Report and Audited Financial Statements of Lion Industries Corporation Berhad ("the Group" or "the Company") for the financial year ended 31 December 2024.

FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE

In 2024, the global steel industry faced persistent challenges, fueled by ongoing geopolitical conflicts, inflationary pressures, and the growing trend of geoeconomic fragmentation. These global uncertainties placed considerable strain on overall market conditions.

Locally, the steel industry remained under pressure, characterised by a persistent imbalance between supply and demand, alongside rising production costs. This challenge was further exacerbated by regional overcapacity, intensifying competition and exerting downward pressure on prices. Additionally, the lack of large-scale infrastructure projects further constrained demand, adding to the overall strain on the steel market.

In the face of these adversities, the Group reported a lower revenue of RM1,662 million for the year under review. Despite these challenges, the Group was able to reduce its loss before tax to RM84.6 million, largely due to the RM220.7 million gain arising from sale and leaseback transactions.

As of 31 December 2024, the net assets of the Group amounted to RM989.8 million, equivalent to a net assets per share of RM1.45. This represents a decrease of 17 sen compared to the previous year.

SIGNIFICANT CORPORATE DEVELOPMENTS

- (1) Amsteel Mills Sdn Bhd ("AMSB"), a 99% owned subsidiary of the Company, and Gelora Berkati Sdn Bhd, a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, had on 1 September 2023 entered into conditional sale and purchase agreements with Unichamp Mineral Sdn Bhd for the disposal of portions of freehold land measuring 19.781 acres and 7.006 acres, for a cash consideration of RM67.96 million and RM24.07 million, respectively ("Proposed Disposals").

The Proposed Disposals are pending fulfillment of conditions precedent.

- (2) AMSB had entered into the following conditional sale and purchase agreements with RHB Trustees Berhad, the trustee of Axis Real Estate Investment Trust:

- (a) Sale and purchase agreement entered on 23 February 2024 in relation to the disposal of a piece of leasehold land held under HS(D) 24277, PT 3501 in Mukim Kapar, Daerah Klang, Negeri Selangor Darul Ehsan measuring approximately 3.23 hectares together with the buildings erected thereon, for a disposal consideration of RM49.00 million ("Disposal").

The Disposal was completed on 31 May 2024 and subsequently leaseback by AMSB.

- (b) Sale and purchase agreements entered on 22 April 2024 in relation to the disposals of:
 - (i) 2 pieces of leasehold industrial land held under HS(D) 17795, PT 3494 (now known as Lot No. 25170) with the buildings erected thereon together with the fixtures and fittings attached thereto and HS(D) 31354, PT 17631 (now known as Lot No. 26953), both located in Mukim Kapar, Daerah Klang, Negeri Selangor Darul Ehsan for a total disposal consideration of RM313.00 million to be satisfied entirely in cash and the subsequent leaseback by AMSB ("Proposed Disposal of Property 1").

The Proposed Disposal of Property 1 was completed on 8 October 2024.

- (ii) a piece of leasehold industrial land held under HS(D) 119721, PT 59358 (now known as Lot 62610), located in Mukim Kapar, Daerah Klang, Negeri Selangor Darul Ehsan for a disposal consideration of RM38.80 million to be satisfied entirely in cash ("Proposed Disposal of Property 2").

The conditions precedent of the Proposed Disposal of Property 2 have been fulfilled and the sale and purchase agreement for the Proposed Disposal of Property 2 has now become unconditional and pending completion.

PROSPECTS

Local steel demand is forecasted to grow in 2025, spurred by construction activities benefiting from infrastructure and data centre projects while striving to achieve a balance in supply and demand. Overcapacity issues remain a great challenge to the local steel industry.

Further, the Government's proposed increase in the base electricity tariff is expected to raise operational costs and potentially undermining the competitive edge of the local steel sector within the region.

Externally, the geopolitical uncertainties, persistent global market volatility, the US's trade policies and China's monetary policy are adding further complexities to the operating environment.

In response to these challenges, the Group will take a proactive approach to address the current market conditions. Key areas of focus will include improving operational efficiencies, enforcing strict cost containment measures, and accelerating the diversification of the product portfolio. These strategies are designed to strengthen the Group's market position and ensure long-term sustainability in an increasingly challenging and competitive environment.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Y. Bhg. Dato' Nik Rahmat bin Nik Taib who is due to retire by rotation pursuant to the Constitution of the Company has indicated that he will not seek re-election and shall therefore retire at the conclusion of the forthcoming Annual General Meeting.

On behalf of the Board, I would like to extend our sincere appreciation to Y. Bhg. Dato' Nik Rahmat for his dedication and contribution to the Group. Y. Bhg. Dato' Nik Rahmat, an Independent Non-Executive Director of the Company, is also the Chairman of the Remuneration Committee, and a member of the Audit Committee.

I would also like to extend a warm welcome to Y. Bhg. Dato' Sun Teoh Tia and Cik Zainab binti Dato' Hj. Mohamed who joined the Board as independent non-executive Directors of the Company on 30 May 2024. The Board believes that the Group will benefit from their extensive experience and expertise.

APPRECIATION

On behalf of the Board, I wish to express my heartfelt and sincere thanks to all our valued shareholders, customers, financiers, business associates and the various governmental and regulatory authorities for their continuing support and confidence in the Group throughout these challenging times.

I would like to convey my appreciation and gratitude to my fellow Directors for their invaluable guidance and contribution throughout the year.

Last but not least, I would like to place on record my appreciation to the management and staff for their dedication and commitment to the Group.

**DATUK SERI UTAMA RAJA NONG CHIK BIN
DATO' RAJA ZAINAL ABIDIN**
Chairman

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

	2024 RM'000	2023 RM'000	Change
Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss			
Revenue	1,661,530	1,914,817	-13%
Loss from operations	(281,472)	(208,145)	-35%
Loss before tax	(84,633)	(334,371)	75%
Loss after tax	(84,905)	(402,414)	79%
Consolidated Statement of Financial Position			
Total assets	2,451,475	2,601,127	- 6%
Deposits, cash and bank balances	144,129	114,558	26%
Total liabilities	1,238,022	1,277,658	-3%
Loans and borrowings	100,060	160,239	-38%
Net assets	989,805	1,100,812	-10%

The Group posted a 13% lower revenue of RM1,662 million for the year 2024 compared with RM1,915 million in the preceding year. This was primarily attributable to lower sales volume and lower selling prices for long steel products in the Steel Division. Consequently, the Group recorded a higher loss from operations of RM281.5 million compared with RM208.1 million in the previous year.

The Group shared a higher loss of RM23.9 million from the associated companies and a joint venture, compared with RM4.4 million loss in the previous year. This was largely attributable to the weaker performance and impairment losses on assets from the retail businesses.

The Group recorded a lower loss before tax of RM84.6 million compared with RM334.4 million in the previous year mainly due to the recognition of RM220.7 million gain arising from sale and leaseback transactions during the year under review. The loss in the previous year had included an impairment loss on goodwill of RM130.4 million, attributed to the Steel Division.

As at 31 December 2024, the Group's total assets was RM2,451 million, which had decreased by 6% from RM2,601 million in the previous year. The Group's total liabilities decreased by 3% to RM1,238 million while the Group borrowings dropped by 38% to RM100.1 million. Overall, the Group's net assets reduced by 10% to RM989.8 million, resulting in net assets per share decreasing by 17 sen to RM1.45 from RM1.62 in the previous year.

REVIEW OF OPERATIONS

Note: "Profit or loss before interests, share of associates, taxation and gain arising from sale and leaseback transactions" is hereinafter referred to as "profit" or "loss".

STEEL		
	2024 RM Million	2023 RM Million
Revenue	1,126	1,431
Segment loss	(264.5)	(195.2)

Long Steel Products (Billets, Steel Bars & Wire Rods)

Our long steel products business is spearheaded by Amsteel Mills Sdn Bhd, which operates two steel plants situated in Bukit Raja in Klang and Banting.

Throughout 2024, the local steel industry faced persistent and significant challenges, shaped by both internal and external factors. Overcapacity within the industry resulted in underutilised production facilities, while a sluggish market environment, characterised by weak demand and delays in mega infrastructure projects, intensified these difficulties.

Regional overcapacity and heightened competition placed significant downward pressure on selling prices. In addition, rising production costs, caused by escalating energy prices and higher raw material costs, further strained the industry's profitability throughout the year.

Amid these challenging conditions, the long steel products segment reported a 21% decline in revenue, decreasing from RM1.4 billion in the previous year to RM1.1 billion. The decline in revenue was primarily attributable to lower sales volume and lower selling prices. Consequently, this segment recorded a higher loss at RM197.4 million (2023: RM122.3 million) for the year under review.

Despite these challenges, we will continue to implement strategic initiatives focused on enhancing operational efficiency, ensuring a reliable supply to our customers, and strengthening our market presence. Additionally, we are actively exploring new opportunities and remain dedicated to fostering sustainable growth for the future.

Flat Steel Product (Hot Rolled Coil)

In view of the extremely challenging steel market conditions locally and globally, the Group has suspended the commercial production of the flat steel plant located in Banting.

BUILDING MATERIALS		
	2024 RM Million	2023 RM Million
Revenue	630.0	635.4
Segment profit	5.0	2.3

The construction sector experienced strong growth in 2023, maintaining positive momentum in 2024, fuelled by the government allocation for development projects and steady economic expansion. This growth has driven increased demand for residential, commercial, and industrial structures, coupled with rising private and public investments in energy and infrastructure projects. The construction sector's contribution to Malaysia's Gross Domestic Product (GDP) reached 17.3% in 2024, reflecting its resilience and post-pandemic recovery. Additionally, sustained demand for data centres and advanced manufacturing facilities continues to propel industry growth.

Nevertheless, fluctuations in core building material prices continue to present challenges. The Division recorded a revenue of RM630.0 million for the financial year 2024, slightly lower than RM635.4 million in the previous year, mainly due to intensified price competition among distributors.

Looking ahead, the construction industry is set for further expansion in 2025, driven by the revival and acceleration of mega infrastructure and renewable energy projects, as well as rising private-sector investments in data centres. The government's allocation for affordable housing, targeted for completion by year-end, further supports industry growth. The Public-Private Partnership Master Plan 2030, unveiled in September 2024, is expected to boost infrastructure development, data centre expansion, and foreign direct investment (FDI), with key projects such as the Penang Light Rail Transit (LRT), the revived Kuala Lumpur-Singapore High-Speed Rail (KL-SG HSR), and Mass Rapid Transit (MRT 3).

Operating in a highly competitive and evolving environment, the Division remains vigilant and responsive to market changes. It continues to strengthen its operations by fostering strategic relationships with principal suppliers, trading partners, key customers, and developers while expanding its distribution network for in-house brands, including sanitary wares, tap fittings, tiles, and ironmongery, to drive revenue growth and enhance margins. To further expand its market presence in the hardware sector, the Division currently operates warehouses in Selangor, Perak, and Melaka, with plans to establish additional facilities in major cities nationwide. Existing proactive measures remain in place to mitigate potential business disruptions, ensuring long-term resilience and sustainable growth for the Division.

LUBRICANTS, PETROLEUM PRODUCTS AND AUTOMOTIVE PRODUCTS		
	2024 RM Million	2023 RM Million
Revenue	120.3	117.5
Segment profit	14.1	12.2

The Division experienced a relatively soft market throughout 2024. This was mainly due to consumers' cautiousness in their spending. Escalating costs of daily necessities had consequently reduced consumers' spending power, thus placing vehicles maintenance expenditure at a lesser priority.

Likewise, our business operations also encountered escalating production and distribution costs. We remain vigilant to these challenges and work closely with suppliers and dealers through collaboration and co-creation to offer an optimal range of products and services that benefit all stakeholders, including end-users.

We are pleased to see encouraging growth in certain regions that had progressively bounced back, exceeding pre-Covid 19 economic levels. As our customers in these markets registered improved business activities, we too benefitted from being their preferred business partners.

Overall, despite ongoing challenges across various areas, the Division maintained stable revenues and income for the year. Moving forward, we will continue to strategise and pursue emerging business opportunities to build a sustainable and resilient base for our business growth.

SUSTAINABILITY STATEMENT

Lion Industries Corporation Berhad (“Company”) is pleased to present its Sustainability Statement which provides an overview of its Economic, Environmental and Social (“EES”) impacts for financial year ended 31 December 2024 (“FY2024”).

CORE BUSINESS

The Company is involved in the manufacturing of long steel products by Amsteel Mills Sdn Bhd (“Amsteel”) in Klang and Banting, Selangor. Amsteel’s plant in Klang produces billets for rolling into steel bars and wire rods while its plant in Banting produces special grade billets for rolling into specialty bars and wire rods for automotive parts, mattress and mechanical springs, turning parts, wire rods, wire ropes and other stringent applications. The steel bars and wire rods produced by the Company are used in the construction, fabrication and manufacturing industries.

In the property development sector, the Company is involved in property management and residential development. Some of its projects are Taman Malim Jaya in Melaka, Taman Soga in Batu Pahat and Pelangi Promenade in Klang.

Through its listed subsidiary, Lion Posim Berhad, the Company is engaged in the trading and distribution of building materials, including finishing products namely sanitary wares, tap fittings, tiles and ironmongery. Additionally, it distributes steel products and petroleum-based products, including automotive and industrial lubricants as well as automotive components.

BASIS OF SCOPE

This Sustainability Statement covers the Company’s operations in the long steel products in Klang and Banting, and its property development project in Taman Malim Jaya in Melaka.

REPORTING FRAMEWORK AND STANDARDS

This Statement has been prepared in accordance with the Global Reporting Initiative (“GRI”) Standards and Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad’s (“Bursa Malaysia”) Main Market Listing Requirements (“Listing Requirement”), with reference to its Sustainability Reporting Guidelines and aligns with the United Nations Sustainable Development Goals (“UNSDGs”).

The Company is working to adopt the recommendations of IFRS Sustainability Disclosures Standards and the National Sustainability Reporting Framework (“NSRF”), and will continue to improve its disclosures to align with best practice reporting standards.

AVAILABILITY AND FEEDBACK

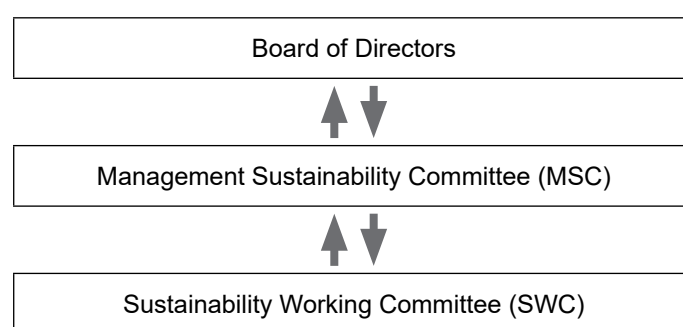
The Sustainability Statement is available on the Company’s website at www.lion.com.my/lionind or Lion Group’s website at www.lion.com.my as part of the Company’s FY2024 Annual Report. We welcome our stakeholders to share their feedback regarding this Statement and the topics discussed.

APPROACH TO SUSTAINABILITY

Our sustainability approach is guided by Lion Group's mission "We are committed to make Lion Group a caring organisation and be recognised for excellence in quality, growth and profitability", of which the Company is a member.

We have adopted a holistic sustainability approach across our business operations and functions. The strategic direction is guided by the Board of Directors, with the Head of Company/Business taking on the executive role for effective and efficient implementation, and driven via collaboration amongst various Departments and Business Units across the Company.

SUSTAINABILITY STRUCTURE



The Board of Directors has oversight of the Company's strategic direction on sustainability.

The MSC is chaired by the Head of Company/Business, and assists the Board with strategic direction of sustainability matters. The MSC is responsible for steering, coordinating and ensuring the effective and efficient implementation of the sustainability framework.

The SWC comprises members from middle management across our operations and is responsible for the day-to-day implementation of the sustainability strategies and plans.

GOVERNANCE

The Company complies with all relevant corporate governance laws and regulations, and follows best practices. By upholding high standards of corporate governance, we aim to ensure long-term success, competitiveness, and sustainability. Details can be found in our Corporate Governance Overview Statement and Statement on Risk Management and Internal Control on pages 12 to 30 of this Annual Report.

STAKEHOLDERS ENGAGEMENT

Engaging with stakeholders is crucial to understanding their expectations. We value their feedback, assessments, and insights as essential to shaping our sustainability strategies and initiatives. Through regular formal and informal engagements, we continuously refine our approach. These interactions help us identify key issues, uncover opportunities, and manage risks, enabling us to respond effectively to stakeholder needs.

Key Stakeholders	Area of Interest	Engagement Platforms	Our Response
Employees	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Health, safety and well-being • Learning and development • Respect and recognition • Job satisfaction • Pay and benefits 	<p>Ongoing</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Meetings • Training programmes • New employee induction programme • Steel Division Sports & Recreation Club • Staff gatherings and other engagement channels <p>Quarterly</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Internal newsletter <p>Annually</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Performance appraisals 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Training and upskilling opportunities for professional and personal development • Merit-based evaluation and career growth pathways • Health and well-being initiatives focused on promoting a balanced work-life lifestyle
Customers	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Convenience and experience • Service and product quality • Timely product delivery • Relationship management 	<p>Ongoing</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Face-to-face interaction through service channels • Communication through Marketing Department, Customer Service Department and Corporate Communications Department • Feedback through website, email, social media platform • Sales, promotions, road shows and related events 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Offer comprehensive range of products that meet customers' requirements • Visits to customers' sites to better understand their needs and challenges




STAKEHOLDERS ENGAGEMENT (continued)

Key Stakeholders	Area of Interest	Engagement Platforms	Our Response
Shareholders and Investors	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Good governance practices • Sustainable business growth • Disclosure and transparency 	As Needed <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Media release • Circulars • One-on-one meetings • Quarterly • Financial reports and announcements Annually • Annual General Meeting • Annual Report 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Timely updates on the Company's announcements • Uphold good governance practices across the business operations and supply chain
Government Agencies Regulators	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Regulatory compliance • Corporate governance practices • Sharing of best practices 	Ongoing <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Participation in government and regulatory events As Needed • Meetings and visits 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Full compliance with regulatory requirements • Adoption of practices outlined in the Malaysia Code on Corporate Governance • Support government initiatives
Local Communities	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Responsible corporate citizen • Support for social causes • Creation of job or internship opportunities 	Ongoing <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Activities and sponsorships organised by the Company and Lion-Parkson Foundation As Needed • Job vacancies advertisement 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Support community initiatives/programmes through contributions and other forms of assistance
Media	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Response to media enquiries and requests for interviews • Long term engagement 	As Needed <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Media releases and interviews • Advertisements 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Transparency in communications • Timely and accurate information on corporate, industry, and business developments
Industry Associations	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Support for mutual interests 	As Needed <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Meetings and events 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Participate in meetings/ discussions and/or events

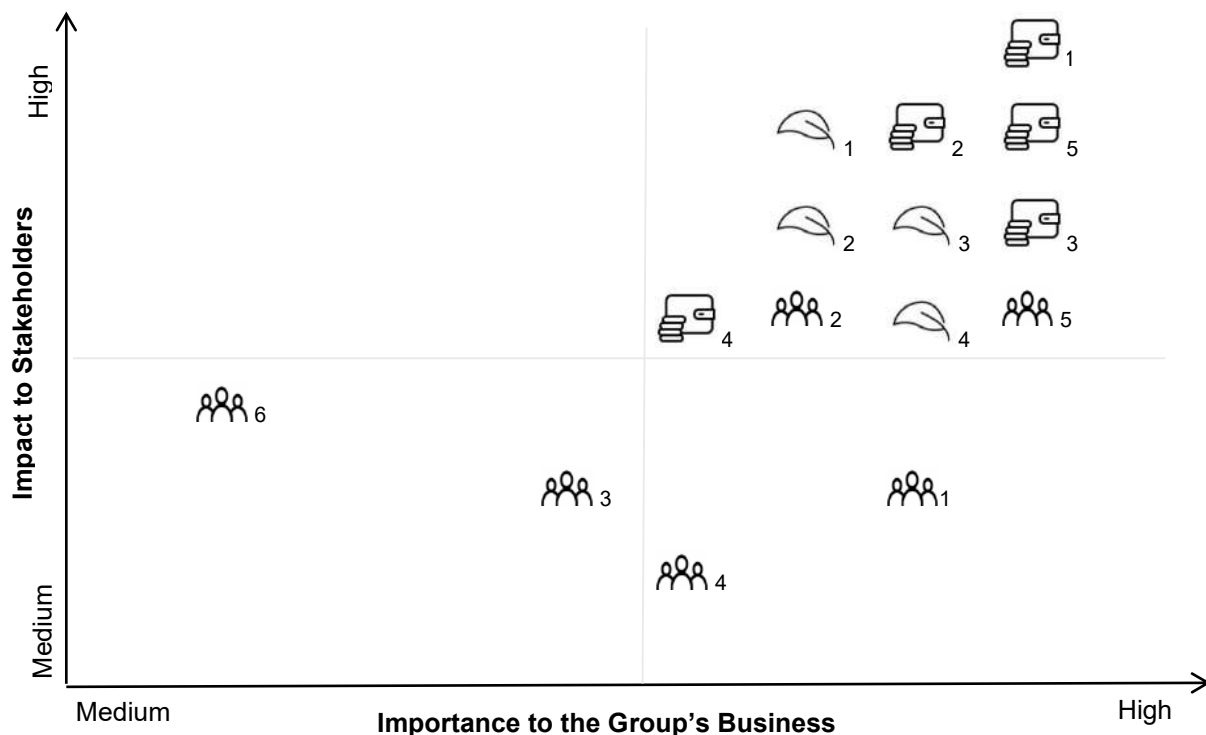
MATERIAL MATTERS

Our materiality matters are validated by our various divisions, combined into a consolidated matrix of issues relating to the activities of the Company. In identifying matters material to the Company, we were guided by GRI and the Listing Requirements.

The Company conducts its materiality assessment every three years and undertakes an annual review of the identified material matters. This process ensures that the Company remains aligned with the evolving expectations of stakeholders, regulatory requirements, and industry trends, while maintaining a proactive approach to sustainability and corporate responsibility.






 Economic	 Environmental	 Social
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Economic Performance 2. Anti-Corruption 3. Cyber Security/Data Protection 4. Supply Chain Management 5. Products Quality & Safety 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Energy Efficiency 2. Water Management 3. Emissions/Air Quality 4. Waste & Hazardous Materials Management 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Employee Well-being 2. Health & Safety 3. Capacity Building 4. Diversity & Equal Opportunities 5. Labour Practices & Standards 6. Community Relations/CSR

MATERIALITY MATRIX







CONTRIBUTION TO UNITED NATIONS SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT GOALS (“UNSDGS”)

We are committed to supporting the UNSDGs and the following outlines our efforts during the year under review:

UNSDGs	Description	Our Approach
 <p>1 NO POVERTY</p>	<p>Goal 1: No Poverty End poverty in all its forms anywhere</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Provide financial aid for medical treatment to the most vulnerable segments of society • Collaborate with other bodies and NGOs to extend our reach and ensure help is targeted to those most in need
 <p>3 GOOD HEALTH AND WELL-BEING</p>	<p>Goal 3: Good Health and Well-being Ensure healthy lives and promote well-being for all at all ages</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Prioritise health and safety in our business operations by adopting rigid safety standards and systems, provide continuous safety training to protect our employees, sub-contractors and the general public • Promote healthy lifestyles and work-life balance by organising programmes that focus on our employees' physical and mental well-being
 <p>4 QUALITY EDUCATION</p>	<p>Goal 4: Quality Education Ensure inclusive and equitable quality education and promote lifelong learning opportunities for all</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Provide scholarships to undergraduates pursuing their first degree locally • Promote employee development programmes
 <p>5 GENDER EQUALITY</p>	<p>Goal 5: Gender Equality Ensure full participation in leadership and decision-making</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Acknowledge women's contribution in the industry and committed to promoting the advancement of women, especially in fields related to steel manufacturing, engineering and construction • Ensure women's effective representation and equal opportunities for leadership at all levels of decision-making across business activities
 <p>8 DECENT WORK AND ECONOMIC GROWTH</p>	<p>Goal 8: Decent Work and Economic Growth Promote sustained, inclusive and sustainable economic growth, full and productive employment and decent work for all</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Provide competitive remuneration packages to our employees, and training opportunities for career growth and development • Promote a safe and secure working environment for all workers, including contractors and foreign labour • Stand firm against any form of forced labour, modern slavery and child labour

CONTRIBUTION TO UNITED NATIONS SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT GOALS (“UNSDGS”) (continued)

UNSDGs	Description	Our Approach
	Goal 12: Responsible Production and Consumption Substantially reduce waste generation	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Encourage 3R (reduce, reuse, recycle) activities to reduce waste generation Maximise resource efficiency Leverage on recycling of steel
	Goal 13: Climate Action Take urgent action to combat climate change and its impacts	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Compliance with all applicable statutory and regulatory requirements
	Goal 16: Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions Promote peaceful and inclusive societies for sustainable development, provide access to justice for all and build effective, accountable and inclusive institutions at all levels	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Support fair and equitable workplace Ensure a strong ethics and compliance culture Zero tolerance towards bribery and corruption, as articulated in our Anti-Bribery and Corruption Policy Whistleblower Policy
	Goal 17: Partnership for the Goals Encourage and promote effective partnerships, building on the experience and resourcing strategies of partnerships	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Collaborate with regulators, industry players and community development programme partners

KEY SUSTAINABILITY MATTERS

ECONOMIC

Ensuring economic sustainability remains a key priority for achieving long-term business success. Our commitment lies in upholding ethical and responsible marketplace practices through transparent business conduct, operating our business with integrity, and a commitment to excellence. These principles not only enhance our competitiveness but also foster long-term relationships with our stakeholders.

• **Economic Performance**

We are dedicated to creating meaningful employment opportunities and supporting economic development. Through the jobs generated within our operations and related industries, along with the taxes we contribute, we play a vital role in driving positive and significant impacts on the broader economy.

RM'000	2023	2024
Revenue	1,914,817	1,661,530
Loss after tax	(402,414)	(84,905)
Net loss attributed to owners of the Company	(401,296)	(87,655)

Note: Further information on Economic Performance can be found in the 5 Years Group Financial Highlights on page 41 and Financial Statements section of the 2024 Annual Report.

- **Cyber Security/Data Protection**

We are committed to maintaining the confidentiality and security of customers' and stakeholders' information in compliance with the Personal Data Protection Act 2010. Information regarding our vendors, suppliers, and customers is handled with strict privacy and confidentiality at all times.

We actively educate our employees on data protection and privacy through knowledge-sharing initiatives, including brief learning emails and articles in our corporate newsletter. These cover essential topics such as information security fundamentals, online scams, cyber espionage, malware, and ransomware. Our primary goal is to raise awareness about the importance of protecting sensitive information, thereby reducing potential threats and security breaches that could impact the organisation.

During this reporting period, there were no substantiated complaints of breaches in customer privacy or loss of customer data. We will continue to protect our customers' data privacy across all operations.

	2023	2024
<i>Substantiated Complaints Concerning Breaches In Customer Privacy Or Data Loss</i>	ZERO	ZERO

- **Supply Chain Management**

Our procurement department ensures that we engage in responsible procurement practices which is reinforced with the requirement for all our active registered vendors to periodically acknowledge their commitment to our Vendor Code of Conduct. Vendors' qualification/credentials are carefully vetted before being admitted into our list of qualified suppliers. Our initiatives start with the supplier selection process incorporating sustainability considerations such as fair labour practices and safety requirements.

Compliance and commitment by vendors and suppliers to conduct business with us in a transparent manner is sought through performing audits and making continuous improvements in our procurement processes and policies, including reassessing our procurement contracts. We believe local sourcing of products and services from within the country where possible is vital as it brings many advantages including lower costs, timely delivery, reducing carbon miles and invigorating the economy.

Local Suppliers

In FY2024, a significant portion of our procurement expenditure, approximately 92.58% of the total expenditure, was spent on local suppliers, representing a slight decrease compared to FY2023.

Spending on Local Suppliers (%)	2023	2024
Property Development	100	100
Steel Manufacturing	94.14	92.56
Total Spending on Local Suppliers	94.16	92.58

- **Anti-Corruption**

The Company is committed to promoting a culture of integrity through awareness campaigns and regular communications. We require all employees to comply with our Anti-Bribery and Corruption Policy ("ABC Policy"), ensuring that our business is conducted ethically, responsibly, and transparently. Directors and employees are also required to complete an annual e-declaration on Conflict of Interest and acknowledge their understanding of the ABC Policy to confirm compliance.

We encourage all stakeholders to report any suspected wrongdoings which may involve or concern our directors, management, employees, or actions that could affect our performance, relations with other stakeholders, assets, or reputation. Whistleblowers will be assured of confidentiality, with their identity protected unless disclosure is required by law.

Corruption-related Training

In FY2024, 15.66% of executive employees completed the required training, compared to only 11.55% non-executive employees. This notable decline in attendance rates highlights the need for the Company to take proactive steps to ensure all employees prioritise and complete the anti-corruption training.

To improve participation, the Company is exploring online training, strengthening compliance tracking, and enhancing engagement efforts such as targeted reminders and interactive training sessions. These measures will reinforce its commitment to anti-corruption compliance and ensure all employees fulfill their training obligations.

Operations Assessed for Corruption-related Risks

In FY2024, we conducted corruption risk assessments across our operations, covering 66.67% of activities, an increase from 42.42% in FY2023, which reflected a more targeted focus on high-risk areas. Looking ahead, the Company plans to broaden the scope of these assessments by allocating additional resources and providing enhanced training for assessment teams.

Corruption Incidents

As of 31 December 2024, we recorded zero incidents of corruption across our business operations.

Percentage (%)	2023		2024	
	Property Development	Steel Manufacturing	Property Development	Steel Manufacturing
Corruption Related Training				
- Executive	100	17.40	89.47	9.57
- Non-Executive	100	12.20	93.33	9.83
Operations Assessed for Corruption-related Risks	100	14.2	100	50
Corruption Incidents	ZERO		ZERO	

• Products Quality & Safety

Delivering quality is vital to sustaining credibility and earning customer trust in a competitive industry. We are committed to providing products that meet stringent regulatory, safety, health, and quality standards, while ensuring our suppliers uphold the same values.

Our quality management system meticulously oversees every process, from planning and development to production and after-sales service, to guarantee compliance with all required standards.

Primarily serving the construction and infrastructure sectors, our steel products are produced to the highest standards and have achieved certifications from SIRIM Malaysia, the UK Certification Authority, the Australian Certification Authority, and TÜV Nord Germany, among others.

• Customer Satisfaction

Customer support and loyalty are vital to the success of our business. We are committed to prioritising our customers in every aspect of our operations, ensuring the delivery of high-quality products and services. To enhance the customer experience, we conduct routine training programs focusing on product knowledge and service skills to equip our employees to provide premium products and services.

Customer engagement and feedback are central to our approach to continuous improvement. We maintain various channels to facilitate customer interaction and feedback, aiming to refine our services and achieve greater customer satisfaction. Customers can submit formal complaints via email or messaging applications directly to our marketing or sales representatives, ensuring their concerns are addressed promptly and effectively.

ENVIRONMENTAL

The Company remains steadfast in its commitment to sustainable development and seeks to operate in a way that minimises environmental harm. We advocate the 3R actions of Reduce, Reuse and Recycle at our workplace, and adopt preventative measures to conserve the environment and reduce pollution.

Our approach prioritises environmental responsibility through the adoption of new technologies and industry best practices that are environmentally friendly, optimise the use of resources and promote energy efficiency. We are committed to taking proactive measures to preserve the environment for future generations whilst meeting the needs of our stakeholders.

Our steel manufacturing plants have been ISO14001-certified since 2012, reflecting our commitment to pollution prevention, environmental improvement, and regulatory compliance.

Climate Action and Environmental Targets

Aligned with the Malaysian Government's commitment to addressing climate change and achieving Net Zero greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions by 2050, the Company has set interim reduction targets, and will revise these targets in accordance with the Science Based Targets Initiative (SBTi) or relevant standard.

	Area	Target	Plan
1	GHG Emissions	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Achieve a reduction in GHG emissions intensity and total emissions annually. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Upgrade manufacturing processes with energy-efficient technologies. Natural Gas - Optimise combustion with Rebox by adding oxygen and reducing natural gas consumption. Process improvement - Introduce a hot charge system to reduce natural gas consumption in reheating furnace. Reduce electrode consumption through prolonging electrode lifetime via treatment process. Green Electricity Tariff - Subscribe to 800 Blocks (800,000 kWh x 5 months), totalling 4,000 megawatts of renewable energy.
2	Energy Consumption	Decrease energy consumption to improve operational efficiency. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Decrease energy consumption 2% per annum. Achieve 3% reduction in energy consumption from the FY2024 baseline by the end of 2030. Achieve a 10% reduction in energy consumption by the end of 2050. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Implement smart energy management systems in all facilities to monitor and optimise energy use. Replace conventional lights with energy saving LED lights in Amsteel canteen and offices in Wisma Amsteel building. Install solar-powered LED lighting to enhance energy conservation and reduce costs. Promote employee energy-saving initiatives.

Climate Action and Environmental Targets (continued)

	Area	Target	Plan
3	Waste Reduction	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Reduce or divert waste sent to landfills annually through recycling, and other sustainable practices. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Implement circular economy initiatives to reduce waste and promote product reuse. Collaborate with Jabatan Kerjaraya (JKR) and/or relevant parties to use slag as a raw material for road filling. Instill the 3R culture amongst employees to minimise waste.
4	Water Conservation	<p>Reduce water consumption to conserve resources.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Lower water consumption to conserve resources compared to corresponding year. Reduce water consumption by 3% from the FY2024 baseline by the end of 2030. Achieve a 10% reduction in water consumption by the end of 2050. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Optimise and evaluate water use system through: Rain water harvesting. Water conservation awareness campaign. Promote water saving habits amongst employees.

• **Emissions/Air Quality**

We have air quality monitoring programmes in place in our steel mills to ensure compliance with the emission limits as required by the ISO14001 Environmental Management System audit, and to minimise the impact of our manufacturing activities on the ambient air quality.

Regular preventive maintenance and cleaning are conducted on the chimneys and dust-collecting systems to prevent potential pollutants build-up. The Total Suspended Particulates (TSP) for the chimney units in our steel mills is monitored quarterly with readings ranging between 1 to 25 mg/m³, which is below 50 mg/m³ as specified in the Environmental Quality (Clean Air) Regulations 2014, whilst the TSP for ambient air monitoring is monitored yearly with the data recorded ranging from 103 to 213 µg/m³, below the 260 µg/m³ stated in Malaysia Recommended Air Quality Guidelines.

We are committed to enhancing our technology to improve energy efficiency and reduce environmental impact. To achieve this, we plan to install induction furnaces (IF) in our steel mills, significantly reducing energy consumption such as natural gas and oxygen. This will help conserve valuable resources and lower carbon emissions, aligning with our sustainability goals.

Steel's 100% recyclability makes maximising steel scrap usage crucial for carbon neutrality. This approach significantly reduces carbon dioxide (CO₂) emissions in steelmaking. By prioritising recycling, we embrace a sustainable business model while actively mitigating our carbon footprint, reinforcing our commitment to global climate action.

• **Energy Efficiency**

Since 2010, we have complied with the Energy Commission Act 2001 and implemented R&D and Continuous Improvement Plans, significantly reducing electricity and natural gas consumption.

Looking ahead, the installation of IF will further boost energy efficiency through significant reduction of natural gas and oxygen consumption.

In FY2024, energy consumption decreased by approximately 13.21% to 265,053.42 megawatts from 305,402.46 megawatts in FY2023, primarily due to reduced production output at the steel mill.

Energy Consumption (Megawatts)	2023*	2024
Property Development	161.51	166.30
Steel Manufacturing	305,240.95	264,887.12
Total	305,402.46	265,053.42

* FY2023 data has been restated to reflect the corrected consumption of the various operations in the Company and not as previously reported.

• Water Management

We recognise water as a scarce resource and carefully manage our water usage by promoting the 3R concept through continuous process improvement and in-house water treatment plants. For FY2024, the Company's water consumption reduced from 960.05 megalitres to 787.58 megalitres, reflecting a reduction of approximately 17.96%.

Water Consumption (Megalitres)	2023*	2024
Property Development	16.71	15.96
Steel Manufacturing	943.34	771.62
Total	960.05	787.58

* FY2023 data has been restated to reflect the consumption of the various operations in the Company.

• Waste and Hazardous Materials Management

We prioritise waste minimisation and follow the 3R approach, segregating recyclables and reusable waste under the Solid Waste and Public Cleansing Management Act 2007. Scheduled wastes are managed as per the Environmental Quality (Scheduled Wastes) Regulations 2005, ensuring proper handling and disposal. Non-scheduled wastes are disposed of by certified contractors at legal landfills.

In our steelmaking process, recycled steel scraps is used as the primary raw material, which helps reduce CO2 emissions and supports carbon neutrality. This sustainable practice contributes to global climate change efforts.

In compliance with legal requirements such as the Occupational Safety and Health Act, Factories and Machineries Act, and others, we have established Safety and Health Standard Operating Procedures. All employees, contractors, and consultants must adhere to these safety practices while on our premises. Our steel plant employees and visitors are provided with the necessary safety gear. Employees exposed to noise receive hearing protection and undergo annual audiometric tests.

We have an Emergency Response Team (ERT) to handle emergencies, including occupational incidents, natural disasters, or disruptions. ERT members are regularly trained in fire safety, first aid, and evacuation procedures.

In FY2024, our steel plant in Klang held a Safety and Health Campaign from 7 to 29 August to promote safety awareness, best practices, and strengthen relations with employees, contractors, authorities, and other stakeholders.

Health and Safety Training

In FY2024, 258 participants received training on health and safety standards, a significant decrease from the 644 participants in the previous financial year. This 60% reduction was primarily due to the fact that staff from the Steel Manufacturing division were directly engaged in the Safety and Health Campaign.

Number of Employees Trained on Health And Safety Standards	2023	2024
Property Development	0	33
Steel Manufacturing	644	225
Total	644	258

Among the training conducted were:

Elevated Overhead Travelling Crane (E-OTC) Handling Operation	Safety Precaution during Oxy-Cutting Operation	Kendalian Mesin dan Lori Undur ke Belakang
SOP on Safety and Health	Essential Fire Fighting	Scheduled Waste, 5S and Chemical Handling

Work-Related Injuries

Workplace incidents are taken seriously; they are investigated and appropriate actions taken to prevent recurrence. Our Property Development division reported zero incident of work related injuries in FY2024, reflecting its dedication to stringent safety protocols.

Our Steel Manufacturing operations recorded the following safety performance metrics:

Steel Manufacturing Operations	2023		2024	
	Employee	Contractor	Employee	Contractor
Total Hours Worked	2,496,000	948,800	2,079,704	171,448
Number of Fatalities	ZERO	ZERO	ZERO	ZERO
Number of Lost Time Injuries	29	6	18	3
Lost Time Incident (LTI) Percentage	0.00116%	0.0006%	0.00087%	0.00175%
LTI Rate*	2.32	1.26	1.73	3.50

* LTI Rate = (Number of Lost Time Injuries / Total Hours Worked x 200,000)

Ongoing efforts to strengthen safety measures and deliver comprehensive training have contributed to a notable reduction in lost time injuries, decreasing from 29 to 18 for employees compared to FY2023. This progress highlights our commitment to safeguarding the well-being of everyone on our premises. However, it is important to note that the LTI rate for contractors has increased sharply from 1.26 in 2023 to 3.48 in 2024. This significant rise indicates that contractor safety performance requires further attention.

Moving forward, we will prioritise targeted initiatives to address this increase and continue reinforcing our culture of care for all personnel. We remain dedicated to prioritise workplace safety through regular assessments, training programs, and the implementation of best practices to maintain and improve our safety standards, and remain committed to fostering a safe working environment for all employees and contractors.

• **Capacity Building**

The Company prioritises talent development to cultivate future leaders and strengthen its talent pipeline. Employees are offered learning and development opportunities tailored to their technical, functional, and behavioral competencies, aligning with job requirements and career aspirations.

Training is delivered through on-the-job learning, formal classes, online platforms, and continuing education. The Company encourages employees to pursue upskilling courses and obtain skill certifications, enabling broader job coverage and fostering professional growth.

Given the decline in training hours for FY2024, the Company will develop strategies to reverse this trend and reinforce its commitment to talent development and employee growth.
Total Hours of Training by Employee Category

Category/Hours	2023		2024	
	Executive	Non-Executive	Executive	Non-Executive
Property Development	199	57	438.5	276.5
Steel Manufacturing	7,141	4,953	3,449.5	3,795.0
Total Hours	7,340	5,010	3,888.0	4071.5

Among the training and development programmes conducted both physically and/or online are as follows:

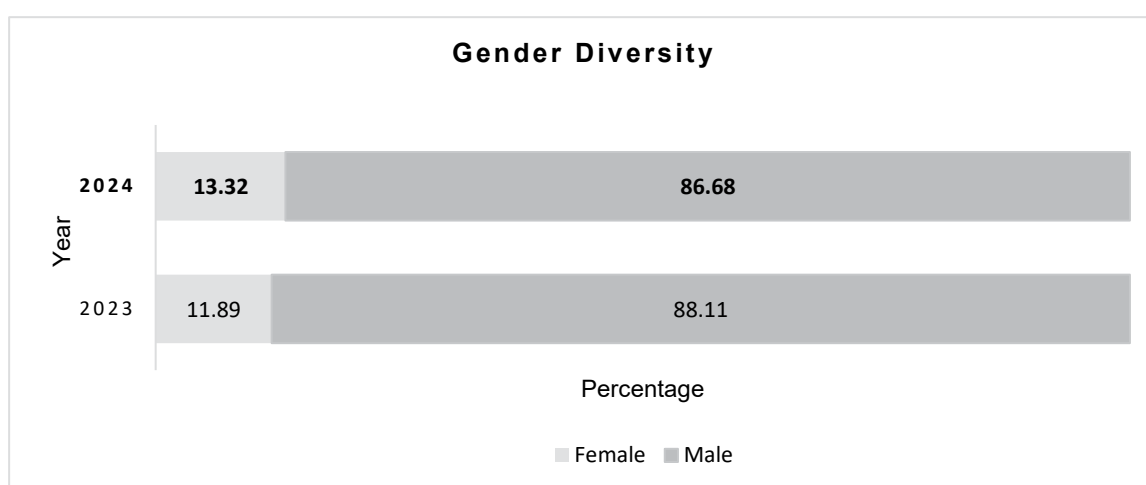
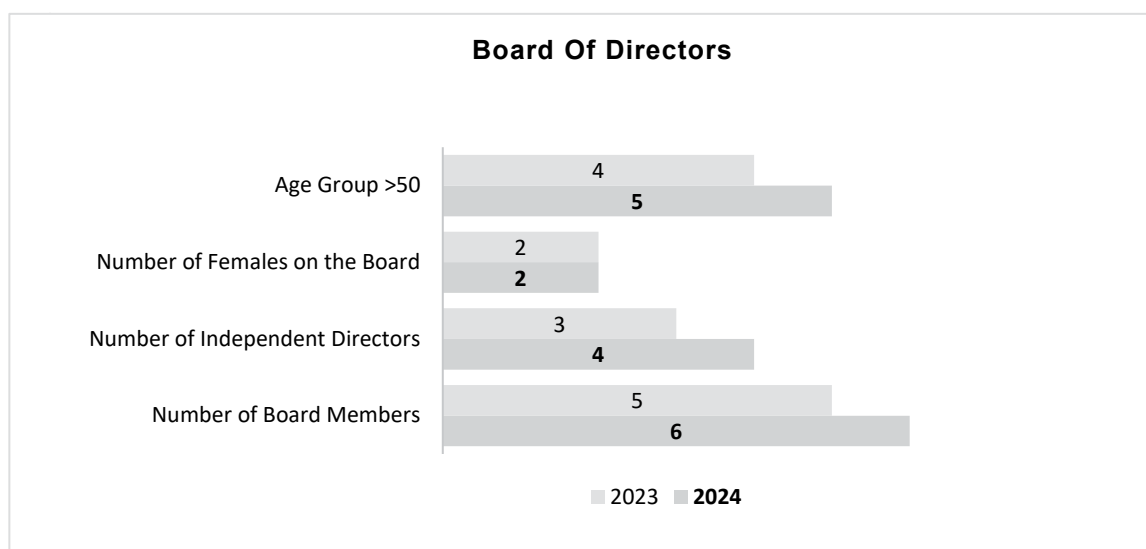
Enhancing Green House Gas Emission Through Effective Strategies	MBRS Hands-on Application of Financial Statement Content Into The MBRS Template	Sistem Solar Fotovolta Tersambung Grid Untuk Penjaga Jentera Elektrik Synchronising
ESG Essential - Integrating Sustainability For Lasting Business	Kursus Modul Janakuasa Voltan Rendah Dengan Penyelenggaraan	Seminar Akta Kualiti Alam Sekeliling (Pindaan) 2024: Panduan Pelaksanaan & Implikasi Perundangan
Materials Inventory, Demand Forecasting and Supply Chain	Application of E-Invoice in Daily Accounting	Low Voltage Generator and Synchronising
Meltdown Carbon and Tapping Temperature	7QC Tools Towards Problem Solving	Plant Operation and Manpower Distribution
MEF Conference : Trade Unions (Amendment) ACT 2024	Stakeholder Engagement Analysis in ESG	Computerised Maintenance Management System
GHG Inventory, Accounting & Reporting	Data Analytics 360 Summit International Conference	Life Cycle Assessment
		Kursus Asas Polis Bantuan
AS400 AR Manual Document Handling	Handling Misconduct and Conducting Domestic Inquiry	Computerised Maintenance Management System
ESG Awareness for Employees	Six Sigma Yellow Belt	Pneumatic & Hydraulic System

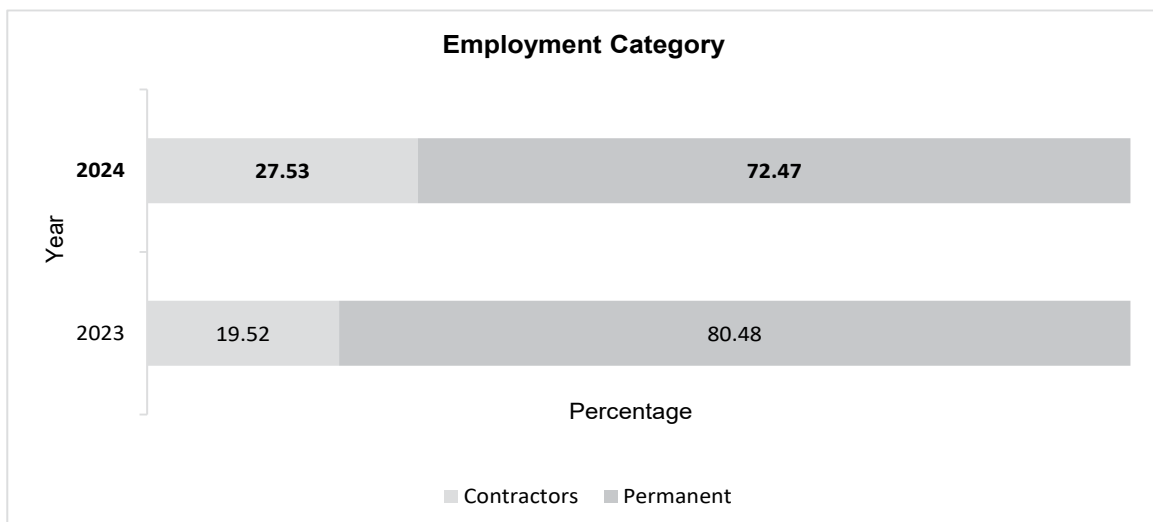
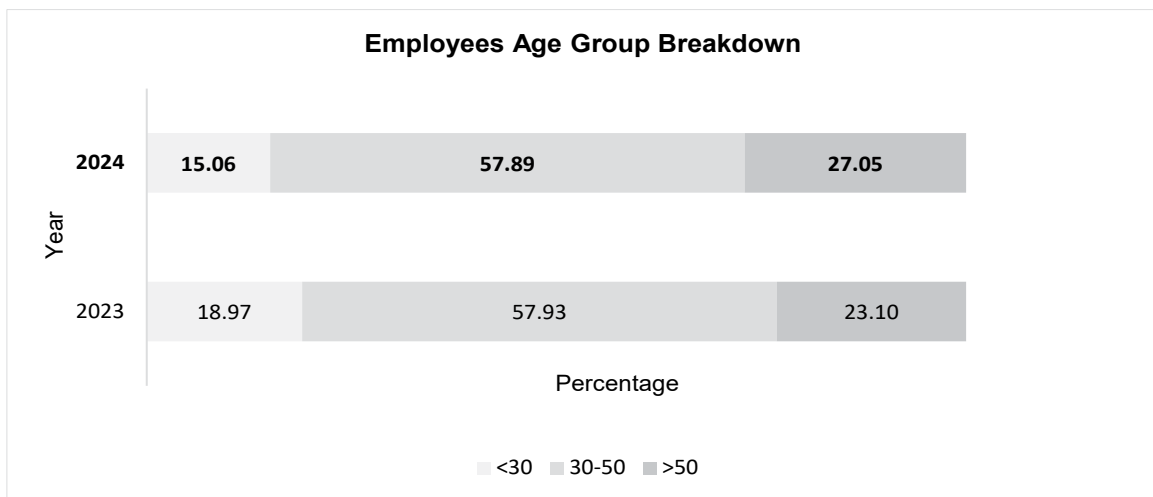
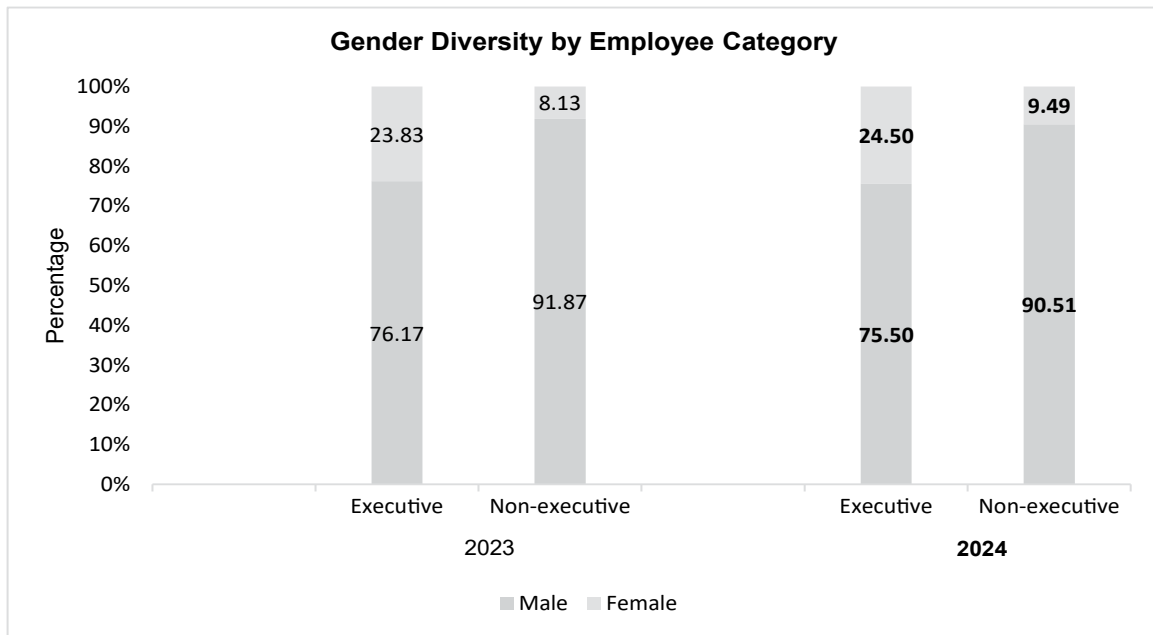
• Diversity & Equal Opportunities

The Company upholds a zero-tolerance policy against discrimination and harassment, fostering a workplace that reflects Malaysia's multicultural diversity. With a commitment to Diversity, Equity, and Inclusion (DEI), the Company ensures pay equity through competitive, unbiased remuneration and active measures to minimise pay disparities.

Diversity in leadership is demonstrated with females representing 33.33% of the Board, whilst 83.33% is aged over 50. Across the steel workforce, females account for 12.72%, while males represent 87.28% reflecting the demanding nature of steel manufacturing roles. The workforce is balanced, with 57.89% aged 30-50, 22.65% in executive positions, and 85.24% holding permanent roles.

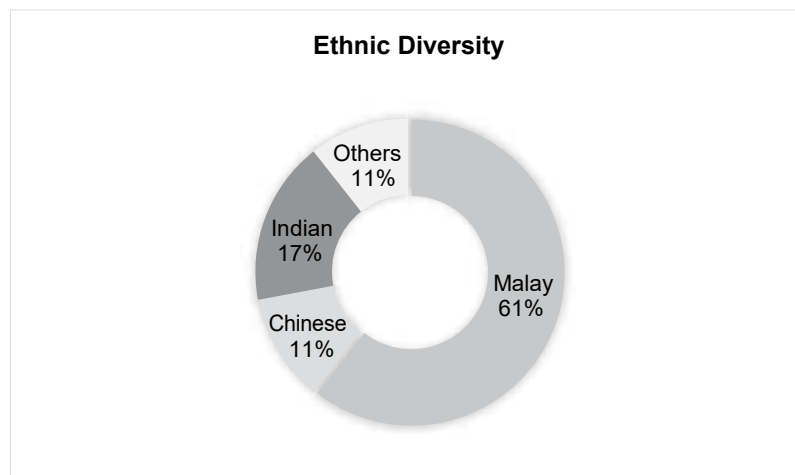
Turnover rates for FY2024 showed a decrease of about 1.00% for executive staff and 13.24% for non-executive staff compared to FY2023, highlighting the effectiveness of the Company's retention strategies. While these reductions mark progress, the Company acknowledges the need for ongoing efforts and remains committed to fostering an inclusive and supportive workplace where employees feel valued and inspired to contribute to its long-term success.





Age Group by Employee Category (%)						
Category	2023			2024		
	<30	30 - 50	>50	<30	30 - 50	>50
Executive	11.86	55.73	32.41	8.43	51.41	40.16
Non-executive	23.72	56.73	19.55	17.33	60.11	22.56

Total Turnover by Employee Category		
Category	2023	2024
Executive	21.87%	20.88%
Non-executive	34.97%	21.73%



• Community Relations/Corporate Social Responsibility (“CSR”)

In keeping with our philosophy of giving back to the community, the Company focuses on helping to uplift the community via Lion-Parkson Foundation (the “Foundation”) established in 1990 by Lion Group of Companies, of which the Company is a member. The Company is also supporting the local community wherein it operates by participating in charity programmes and fundraising drives to assist those in need.

Empowerment through Education

We believe that Empowerment through Education is the key to sustainable development, as education serves as a catalyst for positive, long term change. Each year, the Foundation awards scholarships to undergraduates at local universities, providing them not only financial support but also training in essential soft skills such as problem-solving, communication and teamwork. Scholars are also offered internships at Lion Group companies, allowing them to gain invaluable work experience and prepare for their future careers,

In FY2024, the Foundation disbursed scholarships amounting to RM375,000 to 39 undergraduates pursuing their bachelor’s degree in local institutions of higher learning.

Expansion of Home for Special Children

As part of its ongoing support for vulnerable communities, the Foundation completed and officially handed over the expansion of the Home for Handicapped & Mentally Disabled Children in Banting, Selangor which includes an old folks home to the operator, Persatuan Penjagaan Kanak-Kanak Terencat Akal Negeri Selangor, on 23 January 2024.

Medical Assistance for the Less Fortunate

The Foundation is also dedicated to providing medical assistance to individuals in need, regardless of their race or religion. This includes financial support for those suffering from critical illnesses who require medical treatment, surgeries, as well as the purchase of necessary medical equipment and medications.

In FY2024, approximately RM304,803 was disbursed to 38 individuals for medical treatment, which included sponsorships for surgeries, equipment, and medications. The Foundation also made contributions to the following causes:

No	Organisation	Amount (RM)	Purpose	No of beneficiaries
1	Cataract Surgery Centre, Hospital Selayang	20,000	Donation to B40 group needing cataract operation	86
2	Home for Handicapped & Mentally Disabled Children in Banting, Selangor	20,422	Medical equipment and medicine for Home residents	94
3	St John Ambulance of Malaysia	228,380	Purchase of one ambulance, fully equipped with fabrication, medical equipment, and devices	Communities served by the ambulance services
4	The Spastic Children's Association of Selangor & Federal Territory	27,715	Donation of medical equipment for physiotherapy centre	130

Other CSR Initiatives

Amsteel Mills Klang contributed to:

No	Organisation	Amount	Purpose	No of beneficiaries
1	Kelab Sukan dan Kebajikan Jabatan Bomba dan Penyelamat Klang Utara	RM1,000	Kejohanan Rugbi Piala Ketua Pengarah	Club members
		20 pieces of steel bars valued at RM650	Sprucing up the premises	Staff
2	Universiti Teknologi MARA Puncak Alam	RM500	Program Hapus Denggi di Kawasan Hotspot	Staff and students

SUSTAINABILITY PERFORMANCE DATA

Indicator	Measurement Unit	2023	2024
Bursa (Anti-corruption)			
Bursa C1(a) Percentage of employees who have received training on anti-corruption by employee category			
Executive	Percentage	24.22	15.66
Non-Executive	Percentage	14.29	11.55
Bursa C1(b) Percentage of operations assessed for corruption-related risks	Percentage	42.42	66.67
Bursa C1(c) Confirmed incidents of corruption and action taken	Number	0	0
Bursa (Community/Society)			
Bursa C2(a) Total amount invested in the community where the target beneficiaries are external to the listed issuer	MYR	662,030.00	977,820.00
Bursa C2(b) Total number of beneficiaries of the investment in communities	Number	158	390
Bursa (Diversity)			
Bursa C3(a) Percentage of employees by gender and age group, for each employee category			
Age Group by Employee Category			
Executive Under 30	Percentage	11.86	8.43
Executive Between 30-50	Percentage	55.73	51.41
Executive Above 50	Percentage	32.41	40.16
Non-executive Under 30	Percentage	23.72	17.33
Non-executive Between 30-50	Percentage	56.73	60.11
Non-executive Above 50	Percentage	19.55	22.56
Gender Group by Employee Category			
Executive Male	Percentage	76.17	75.50
Executive Female	Percentage	23.83	24.50
Non-executive Male	Percentage	91.87	90.51
Non-executive Female	Percentage	8.13	9.49
Bursa C3(b) Percentage of directors by gender and age group			
Male	Percentage	60.00	66.67
Female	Percentage	40.00	33.33
Under 30	Percentage	0.00	0.00
Between 30-50	Percentage	20.00	16.67
Above 50	Percentage	80.00	83.33
Bursa (Energy management)			
Bursa C4(a) Total energy consumption	Megawatt	305,402.46 *	265,053.42
Bursa (Health and safety)			
Bursa C5(a) Number of work-related fatalities	Number	0	0
Bursa C5(b) Lost time incident rate ("LTIR")	Rate	0.00	1.81
Bursa C5(c) Number of employees trained on health and safety standards	Number	644	258

Internal assurance External assurance No assurance (*)Restated

SUSTAINABILITY PERFORMANCE DATA (continued)

Indicator	Measurement Unit	2023	2024
Bursa (Labour practices and standards)			
Bursa C6(a) Total hours of training by employee category			
Executive	Hours	7,340	3,888
Non-executive	Hours	5,010	4,072
Bursa C6(b) Percentage of employees that are contractors or temporary staff	Percentage	19.52	27.53
Bursa C6(c) Total number of employee turnover by employee category			
Executive	Number	56	52
Non-executive	Number	284	158
Bursa C6(d) Number of substantiated complaints concerning human rights violations	Number	0	0
Bursa (Supply chain management)			
Bursa C7(a) Proportion of spending on local suppliers	Percentage	94.16	92.58
Bursa (Data privacy and security)			
Bursa C8(a) Number of substantiated complaints concerning breaches of customer privacy and losses of customer data	Number	0	0
Bursa (Water)			
Bursa C9(a) Total volume of water used	Megalitres	960.050000	787.580000

Internal assurance External assurance No assurance (*)Restated

STATEMENT OF ASSURANCE

In strengthening the credibility of the Sustainability Statement, selected aspects/parts of this Sustainability Statement have been subjected to an internal review by the Company's internal auditors and the Statement has been reviewed by the Company's Audit Committee and approved by the Board.

The Materiality Matters covered are provided below:

Material Matters	Subject Matter
Anti-corruption	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Percentage of employees who have received training on anti-corruption by employee category Percentage of operations assessed for corruption-related risk Confirmed incidents of corruption and action taken
Community/Society	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Total amount invested in the community where the target beneficiaries are external to the Company
Diversity	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Percentage of employees by gender and age group, for each employee category Percentage of directors by gender and age group
Energy Management	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Total energy consumption
Health and Safety	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Number of work-related fatalities Lost time incident rate Number of employees trained on health and safety standards
Labour Practices and Standards	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Total number of hours of training by employee category Percentage of employees that are contractors or temporary staff Total number of employee turnover by employee category
Supply Chain Management	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Proportion of spending on local suppliers
Data Privacy and Security	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Number of substantiated complaints concerning breaches of customer privacy and loss of customer data
Water	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Total volume of water used

LIST OF GROUP PROPERTIES

AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2024

Address	Tenure/ Expiry Date for Leasehold	Area	Description	Existing Use/ Age of Building (Year)	Carrying Amount (RM Million)	Date of Acquisition/ Last Revaluation
1. Taman Supreme Mukim Cheras Kuala Lumpur	Freehold	11.9 hectares	Land	For future development	17.8	June 1991
2. Lot 11233 GRN 54584 H.S.(D) 60874 Taman Tayton, Cheras Kuala Lumpur	Freehold	620 sq metres	Land	For future development	0.1	June 1991
3. Mukim 17 North East District Batu Ferringhi Pulau Pinang	Freehold	28.2 hectares	Land	For future development	35.7	June 1991
4. PT 59358 H.S.(D) 119721 Mukim Kapar Klang Selangor Darul Ehsan	Leasehold 22.10.2088	2.9 hectares	Industrial land and building	Office (29)	5.4	22 October 1994
5. Lot 19322, 2582 & 2584 Mukim Tanjung Dua Belas District of Kuala Langat Selangor Darul Ehsan	Freehold	69.4 hectares	Industrial land and building	Office (19-24)	84.5	1996
6. H.S.(D) 13422 PT 17213, Mukim Tanjung Dua Belas, Daerah Kuala Langat, Selangor	Freehold	30.3 acres	Industrial land	Vacant	13.8	July 2020
7. H.S.(D) 13423 PT 17214, Mukim Tanjung Dua Belas, Daerah Kuala Langat, Selangor	Freehold	107.7 acres	Industrial land	Vacant	49.0	July 2020
8. H.S.(D) 13424 PT 17215, Mukim Tanjung Dua Belas, Daerah Kuala Langat, Selangor	Freehold	240.34 acres	Industrial land and buildings	Office and factory (26)	174.1	July 2020
9. H.S.(D) 13426 PT 17218, Mukim Tanjung Dua Belas, Daerah Kuala Langat, Selangor	Freehold	46.34 acres	Industrial land	Vacant	21.1	July 2020
10. H.S.(D) 26819 PT 17217, Mukim Tanjung Dua Belas, Daerah Kuala Langat, Selangor	Freehold	50.18 acres	Industrial land and building	Factory (17)	23.1	December 2021

Address	Tenure/ Expiry Date for Leasehold	Area	Description	Existing Use/ Age of Building (Year)	Carrying Amount (RM Million)	Date of Acquisition/ Last Revaluation
11. Lot 45711 Mukim Tanjung Dua Belas District of Kuala Langat, Selangor	Freehold	1.7 hectares	Industrial land and buildings	Office and factory (17-27)	1.7	July 2020
12. Lot 72 Persiaran Jubli Perak 40000 Shah Alam Selangor Darul Ehsan	Freehold	2.02 hectares	Industrial land and building	Factory (30)	9.9	March 2003
13. 12 & 12/1 Jalan Nangka Tiga Taman Rumpun Bahagia 75300 Bachang Melaka	Leasehold 21.7.2084	153.3 sq metres	Land and building	2-storey shop office (39)	0.1	March 2003
14. Centre Point Business Park Unit No. B-8-1 & B-8-2 5, Jalan Tanjung Keramat 26/35, Seksyen 26 40400 Shah Alam Selangor Darul Ehsan	Freehold	252.3 sq metres	Building	Office (26)	0.2	March 2003
15. 50-2 & 50-3 Jalan Wangsa 2/5 Taman Wangsa Permai 52200 Kuala Lumpur	Leasehold 28.6.2100	226.9 sq metres	Land and building	2-storey shop office (26)	0.1	March 2003
16. B2-2-39B Jalan Pinggiran 1/3 Taman Pinggiran Putra Seksyen 1 43300 Seri Kembangan Selangor Darul Ehsan	Leasehold 13.12.2097	63.0 sq metres	Building	Office (22)	0.04	July 2004
17. Preah Net Preah District Banteay Meanchey Province Cambodia	Freehold	3,325 hectares	Land	Vacant	53.2	October 2013
18. Sangkum Thmei and Rovieng District Preah Vihear Province Cambodia	Leasehold 5.8.2071	7,406 hectares	Land	Vacant	20.8	March 2012

ANALYSIS OF SHAREHOLDINGS

Issued Shares as at 31 March 2025

Total Number of Issued Shares	:	717,909,365*
Class of Shares	:	Ordinary shares
Voting Rights	:	1 vote per ordinary share

Note:

* Inclusive of 37,105,300 shares bought back by the Company and retained as treasury shares as at 31 March 2025.

Distribution of Shareholdings as at 31 March 2025

Size of Shareholdings	No. of Shareholders	% of Shareholders	No. of Shares	% of Shares ^(a)
Less than 100	3,177	17.68	125,165	0.02
100 to 1,000	4,703	26.17	2,626,397	0.38
1,001 to 10,000	6,531	36.34	30,029,868	4.41
10,001 to 100,000	2,997	16.67	103,200,323	15.16
100,001 to less than 5% of issued shares	561	3.12	355,965,258	52.29
5% and above of issued shares	3	0.02	188,857,054	27.74
	17,972	100.00	680,804,065	100.00

Substantial Shareholders as at 31 March 2025

Substantial Shareholders	Direct Interest		Deemed Interest		
	No. of Shares	% of Shares ^(a)	No. of Shares	% of Shares ^(a)	No. of Warrants ^(b)
1. Tan Sri Cheng Heng Jem	222,785,449	32.72	12,709,351	1.87	117,747,398
2. Tan Sri Cheng Yong Kim	11,428,289	1.68	74,472,627	10.94	42,950,457
3. Dynamic Horizon Holdings Limited	74,472,627	10.94	—	—	37,236,313

Notes:

^(a) Based on the total number of issued shares of the Company, excluding 37,105,300 shares bought back by the Company and retained as treasury shares as at 31 March 2025.

^(b) Warrants issued by the Company with a right to subscribe for ordinary shares in the Company on the basis of 1 new ordinary share for every 1 warrant held.

Thirty Largest Registered Shareholders as at 31 March 2025

Registered Shareholders	No. of Shares	% of Shares^(a)
1. Kenanga Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd Pledged Securities Account for Cheng Heng Jem	82,369,951	12.10
2. Affin Hwang Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn. Bhd. Pledged Securities Account for Cheng Heng Jem (M09)	63,533,430	9.33
3. RHB Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd Pledged Securities Account for Cheng Heng Jem	42,953,673	6.31
4. Maybank Nominees (Asing) Sdn Bhd MTrustee Berhad for Dynamic Horizon Holdings Limited (419461)	32,600,000	4.79
5. RHB Nominees (Asing) Sdn Bhd Pledged Securities Account for Dynamic Horizon Holdings Limited	29,789,051	4.38
6. Maybank Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd MTrustee Berhad for Cheng Heng Jem (419450)	25,900,000	3.80
7. Affin Hwang Nominees (Asing) Sdn Bhd Dynamic Horizon Holdings Limited	12,000,000	1.76
8. Cheng Yong Kim	11,640,539	1.71
9. LDH Management Sdn Bhd (In member's voluntary liquidation)	9,935,200	1.46
10. Cheng Heng Jem	8,000,000	1.18
11. Public Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd Pledged Securities Account for Mahalingam A/L Sinnatamby (E-SJA/USJ)	7,000,000	1.03
12. Alliancegroup Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd Pledged Securities Account for Lai Siak Hwee (7001913)	5,192,400	0.76
13. CIMB Group Nominees (Asing) Sdn. Bhd. Exempt AN for DBS Bank Ltd (SFS)	4,703,915	0.69
14. Lion-Parkson Foundation	4,030,694	0.59
15. Public Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd Pledged Securities Account for Lim Tiem Chai (E-BPT)	3,188,600	0.47
16. Affin Hwang Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn. Bhd. Pledged Securities Account for Tan Kian Aik	3,096,300	0.45
17. Public Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd Pledged Securities Account for Sin Huan Kwang (E-TWU)	3,019,200	0.44
18. Liang Chiang Heng	2,760,200	0.41
19. Low Kien Khuan	2,746,100	0.40
20. Teoh Hooi Bin	2,583,300	0.38
21. HLB Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd Pledged Securities Account for Lim Kok Ewe	2,555,000	0.38
22. UOB Kay Hian Nominees (Asing) Sdn Bhd Exempt AN for UOB Kay Hian Pte Ltd (A/C Clients)	2,524,393	0.37
23. Ho Khim Chan	2,480,000	0.36
24. Kenanga Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd Rakuten Trade Sdn Bhd for Mea Heng Foong	2,205,000	0.32
25. CIMSEC Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd CIMB for Song Teik Sun (PB)	2,200,000	0.32
26. Chew Suen Wei	1,973,600	0.29
27. HLIB Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd Pledged Securities Account for Ng Chiew Eng @ Ng Chiew Ming	1,966,000	0.29
28. Public Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd Pledged Securities Account for Koh Lye Siang (TJJ/KEN)	1,927,700	0.28
29. Chia Kim Meng	1,800,000	0.26
30. Amanvest (M) Sdn Bhd	1,692,226	0.25

Note:

^(a) Based on the total number of issued shares of the Company, excluding 37,105,300 shares bought back by the Company and retained as treasury shares as at 31 March 2025.

Distribution of Warrant Holdings as at 31 March 2025

Size of Warrant Holdings	No. of Warrant Holders	% of Warrant Holders	No. of Warrants	% of Warrants
Less than 100	4,247	27.61	143,706	0.04
100 to 1,000	5,449	35.43	2,660,901	0.78
1,001 to 10,000	4,375	28.45	15,814,521	4.65
10,001 to 100,000	1,035	6.73	32,947,825	9.68
100,001 to less than 5% of warrants issued	271	1.76	190,405,207	55.94
5% and above of warrants issued	3	0.02	98,428,526	28.91
	<u>15,380</u>	<u>100.00</u>	<u>340,400,686</u>	<u>100.00</u>

Thirty Largest Registered Warrant Holders as at 31 March 2025

Registered Warrant Holders	No. of Warrants	% of Warrants
1. Kenanga Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd Pledged Securities Account for Cheng Heng Jem	45,184,975	13.27
2. Affin Hwang Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn. Bhd. Pledged Securities Account for Cheng Heng Jem (M09)	31,766,715	9.33
3. RHB Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd Pledged Securities Account for Cheng Heng Jem	21,476,836	6.31
4. Maybank Nominees (Asing) Sdn Bhd MTrustee Berhad for Dynamic Horizon Holdings Limited (419461)	16,300,000	4.79
5. RHB Nominees (Asing) Sdn Bhd Pledged Securities Account for Dynamic Horizon Holdings Limited	14,894,525	4.38
6. Maybank Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd MTrustee Berhad for Cheng Heng Jem (419450)	12,950,000	3.80
7. Alliancegroup Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd Pledged Securities Account for Lai Siak Hwee (7001913)	10,168,300	2.99
8. Affin Hwang Nominees (Asing) Sdn Bhd Dynamic Horizon Holdings Limited	6,000,000	1.76
9. Cheng Yong Kim	5,820,269	1.71
10. LDH Management Sdn Bhd (In member's voluntary liquidation)	4,967,600	1.46
11. Lau Bee Eng	3,999,950	1.18
12. Maybank Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd Hok Seek Yong	3,699,900	1.09
13. Maybank Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd Lee Gia Cian @ Cally	3,283,100	0.96
14. Public Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd Pledged Securities Account for Lim Tiem Chai (E-BPT)	2,803,700	0.82
15. Ong Chee Kean	2,700,000	0.79
16. Koh Hock Lye	2,645,000	0.78
17. Koh Hock Lye	2,482,500	0.73
18. Kenanga Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd Rakuten Trade Sdn Bhd for Chia Boon Woo	2,384,400	0.70

Thirty Largest Registered Warrant Holders as at 31 March 2025 (continued)

Registered Warrant Holders	No. of Warrants	% of Warrants
19. CIMB Group Nominees (Asing) Sdn. Bhd. Exempt AN for DBS Bank Ltd (SFS)	2,083,657	0.61
20. Maybank Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd Pledged Securities Account for Lim Kong Cheng	2,050,200	0.60
21. Lion-Parkson Foundation	2,015,347	0.59
22. Kow Lee Fat	2,010,000	0.59
23. Chia Gek Ai	2,000,000	0.59
24. Public Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd Pledged Securities Account for Lim Tiem Chai (E-BPT)	1,968,300	0.58
25. UOB Kay Hian Nominees (Asing) Sdn Bhd Exempt AN for UOB Kay Hian Pte Ltd (A/C Clients)	1,859,368	0.55
26. Alliancegroup Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd Pledged Securities Account for Astinas Construction & Development Sdn. Bhd. (7005785)	1,700,000	0.50
27. Maybank Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd Pledged Securities Account for TNTT Realty Sdn Bhd	1,680,100	0.49
28. Public Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd Pledged Securities Account for Siau Boon Fei (E-TSA)	1,600,000	0.47
29. Kenanga Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd Pledged Securities Account for Chin Kiam Hsung	1,453,200	0.43
30. Alliancegroup Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd Pledged Securities Account for Ong Yoong Nyock (8039533)	1,444,900	0.42

Directors' Interests in Shares in the Company and its Related Corporations as at 31 March 2025

The Directors' interests in shares in the Company and its related corporations as at 31 March 2025 are as follows:

	Direct Interest		Deemed Interest		
	No. of Ordinary Shares	% ^(a)	No. of Ordinary Shares	% ^(a)	No. of Warrants ^(b)
The Company					
Datuk Seri Utama Raja Nong Chik bin Dato' Raja Zainal Abidin	100,000	0.01	100,000	0.01	100,000
Tan Sri Cheng Heng Jem	222,785,449	32.72	12,752,369	1.87	117,768,907

	Direct Interest		Deemed Interest	
	No. of Ordinary Shares	%	No. of Ordinary Shares	%

Related Corporations

Tan Sri Cheng Heng Jem

Holdsworth Investment Pte Ltd	—	—	4,500,000	100.00
Inspirasi Elit Sdn Bhd	—	—	212,500	85.00
Lion Group Management Services Sdn Bhd	—	—	5,000,000	100.00
Lion Posim Berhad ("LPB")	400	Negligible ^(c)	170,186,190	74.70 ^(c)
LLB Enterprise Sdn Bhd	—	—	940,000	94.00
Soga Sdn Bhd	—	—	4,542,522	98.50
Steelcorp Sdn Bhd	—	—	99,750	99.75
Zhongsin Biotech Pte Ltd	—	—	1,000,000	100.00

Investments in the People's Republic of China	Deemed Interest	
	USD	% of Holdings

Tianjin Baden Real Estate Development Co Ltd (In voluntary liquidation)	5,000,000	95.00
Tianjin Hua Shi Auto Meter Co Ltd (In voluntary liquidation)	10,878,944	56.40

Notes:

- ^(a) Based on the total number of issued shares of the Company, excluding 37,105,300 shares bought back by the Company and retained as treasury shares as at 31 March 2025.
- ^(b) Warrants issued by the Company with a right to subscribe for ordinary shares in the Company on the basis of 1 new ordinary share for every 1 warrant held.
- ^(c) Based on the total number of issued shares of LPB, excluding 3,745,000 shares bought back by LPB and retained as treasury shares as at 31 March 2025.

Other than as disclosed above, none of the other Directors of the Company had any interest in shares in the Company or its related corporations as at 31 March 2025.

OTHER INFORMATION

(I) MATERIAL CONTRACT INVOLVING INTEREST OF DIRECTORS AND MAJOR SHAREHOLDERS

There were no material contracts entered into by the Company and its subsidiaries involving Directors' and major shareholders' interests since the end of the previous financial year or which are still subsisting at the end of the financial year.

(II) NON-AUDIT FEES

The amount of non-audit fees paid or payable to External Auditors by the Group and Company for the financial year ended 31 December 2024 was RM16,000 and RM8,000 respectively (RM23,000 and RM8,000 respectively in 2023).

(III) RECURRENT RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The aggregate value of transactions conducted during the 12-month financial year ended 31 December 2024 were as follows:

Nature of Recurrent Transactions	Related Parties	Amount RM'000
Steel related		
(i) Sale of scrap iron, steel bars, wire rods, hot briquetted iron, billets and other related products and services	Lion Mining Sdn Bhd ⁽¹⁾	10,125
(ii) Purchase of scrap iron and other related products and services	Lion Asiapac Limited Group ("LAP Group") ⁽¹⁾	20,270
(iii) Purchase of tools, dies and spare parts	ACB Resources Berhad Group ⁽¹⁾	2,390
(iv) Provision of storage, leasing and rental of properties, management and support, and other related services	LAP Group ⁽¹⁾ Lion Corporation Berhad Group ⁽¹⁾ Lion Mining Sdn Bhd ⁽¹⁾	382 2,573 1,347

Notes:

"Group" includes subsidiary and associated companies, excluding public companies.

(1) Companies in which a major shareholder of the Company has a substantial interest.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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LION INDUSTRIES CORPORATION BERHAD

(Incorporated in Malaysia)

DIRECTORS' REPORT

The Directors of **LION INDUSTRIES CORPORATION BERHAD** hereby submit their report and the audited financial statements of the Group and of the Company for the financial year ended 31 December 2024.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The Company is principally involved in investment holding and property development.

The principal activities of the subsidiary companies are manufacture and marketing of steel bars, wire rods, and steel related products; trading and distribution of building materials and other steel products; manufacture and trading of lubricants, automotive products and petroleum products; property development and investment holding.

The information on the name, principal place of business, place of incorporation and principal activities of the subsidiary companies, and percentage of ownership of the holding company in each subsidiary company is disclosed in Note 42 to the financial statements.

RESULTS

The results of the Group and of the Company for the financial year are as follows:

	The Group RM'000	The Company RM'000
(Loss)/Profit for the year	<u>(84,905)</u>	<u>20,626</u>
(Loss)/Profit attributable to:		
- Owners of the Company	(87,655)	20,626
- Non-controlling interests	<u>2,750</u>	<u>-</u>
	<u>(84,905)</u>	<u>20,626</u>

In the opinion of the Directors, the results of the Group and of the Company during the financial year have not been substantially affected by any item, transaction or event of a material and unusual nature other than, in respect of the Group, the gain arising from sale and leaseback transactions of RM220,740,000.

DIVIDEND

No dividend has been paid or declared by the Company since the end of the previous financial year. The Directors also do not recommend any payment of dividend in respect of the current financial year.

RESERVES AND PROVISIONS

There were no material transfers to or from reserves or provisions during the financial year.

ISSUE OF SHARES AND DEBENTURES

The Company did not issue any new shares or debentures during the financial year.

TREASURY SHARES

The Company did not repurchase its ordinary shares during the financial year. As of 31 December 2024, the Company held 37,105,300 treasury shares at a carrying amount of RM13,192,722.

WARRANTS

The Company had on 14 December 2022 issued 340,400,686 warrants by way of bonus issue on the basis of 1 warrant for every 2 existing ordinary shares held in the Company.

Salient features of the warrants are as follows:

- (a) Each warrant entitles the registered holder to subscribe for 1 new ordinary share in the Company at any time on or before the maturity date, 12 December 2025, falling 3 years from the date of issuance of the warrants. Unexercised warrants after the exercise period will thereafter lapse and cease to be valid;
- (b) The exercise price of the warrants is fixed at RM0.43 per warrant;
- (c) The new ordinary shares to be issued upon the exercise of the warrants shall rank *pari passu* in all respects with the existing ordinary shares of the Company; and
- (d) The warrants were listed and quoted on the Main Market of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad on 21 December 2022.

As at 31 December 2024, 340,400,686 warrants remained unexercised.

OTHER STATUTORY INFORMATION

Before the financial statements of the Group and of the Company were made out, the Directors took reasonable steps:

- (a) to ascertain that proper action had been taken in relation to the writing off of bad debts and the making of allowance for doubtful debts, and had satisfied themselves that all known bad debts had been written off and that adequate allowance had been made for doubtful debts; and
- (b) to ensure that any current assets which were unlikely to be realised in the ordinary course of business, including their values as shown in the accounting records of the Group and of the Company had been written down to an amount which they might be expected so to realise.

At the date of this report, the Directors are not aware of any circumstances:

- (a) which would render the amounts written off for bad debts or the amount of allowance for doubtful debts in the financial statements of the Group and of the Company inadequate to any substantial extent; or
- (b) which would render the values attributed to current assets in the financial statements of the Group and of the Company misleading; or
- (c) which have arisen which would render adherence to the existing method of valuation of assets or liabilities of the Group and of the Company misleading or inappropriate; or
- (d) not otherwise dealt with in this report or financial statements of the Group and of the Company which would render any amount stated in the financial statements misleading.

At the date of this report, there does not exist:

- (a) any charge on the assets of the Group and of the Company which has arisen since the end of the financial year which secures the liabilities of any other person; or
- (b) any contingent liability in respect of the Group or of the Company which has arisen since the end of the financial year.

No contingent or other liability of the Group and of the Company has become enforceable or is likely to become enforceable within the period of twelve months after the end of the financial year which, in the opinion of the Directors, will or may substantially affect the ability of the Group and of the Company to meet their obligations as and when they fall due.

In the opinion of the Directors, no item, transaction or event of a material and unusual nature has arisen in the interval between the end of the financial year and the date of this report which is likely to affect substantially the results of operations of the Group and of the Company in the financial year in which this report is made.

DIRECTORS

The Directors of the Company in office during the financial year and up to the date of this report are:

Datuk Seri Utama Raja Nong Chik bin Dato' Raja Zainal Abidin	
Tan Sri Cheng Heng Jem	
Dato' Nik Rahmat bin Nik Taib	
Dato' Sun Teoh Tia	(Appointed on 30 May 2024)
Zainab binti Dato' Hj Mohamed	(Appointed on 30 May 2024)
Cheng Hui Ya, Serena	
Yap Soo Har	(Retired on 30 May 2024)

LIST OF DIRECTORS OF SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES

The Directors who held office in the subsidiary companies of the Company during the financial year and up to the date of this report are:

Cheng Hui Ya, Serena	Ooi Kim Lai
Cheng Hui Yen, Natalie	Poon Sow Har
Dato' Teoh Teik Jin	Tan Sri Cheng Heng Jem
Dr Folk Jee Yoong	Tan Sri Cheng Yong Kim
Goh Kok Beng	Tan Sri Abd Karim bin Shaikh Munisar
Koh Yong Heng	Wong Pak Yii
Koo Chuan Hong	Yeo Keng Leong
Lee Boon Liang	
Au Jin Ee	(Appointed on 30 June 2024)
Chan Soik Hui	(Appointed on 20 August 2024)
Chong Chin Fong	(Appointed on 10 September 2024)
Chuah Say Chin	(Resigned with effect from 10 September 2024)
Dato' Eow Kwan Hoong	(Retired on 28 May 2024)
Juliana Cheng San San	(Resigned with effect from 30 June 2024)
Lee Wee Leng	(Resigned with effect from 25 March 2024)
Lee Whay Keong	(Resigned with effect from 14 March 2025)
Liew Jee Min @ Chong Jee Min	(Appointed on 28 May 2024)
Wang Wing Ying	(Resigned with effect from 18 March 2024)

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS

The shareholdings in the Company of those who were Directors at the end of the financial year are as follows:

	Number of Ordinary Shares			
	As at 1.1.2024	Addition	Disposal	As at 31.12.2024
Datuk Seri Utama Raja Nong Chik bin Dato' Raja Zainal Abidin				
Direct interest	100,000	-	-	100,000
Deemed interest	100,000	-	-	100,000

Tan Sri Cheng Heng Jem

Direct interest	222,785,449	-	-	222,785,449
Deemed interest	12,752,369	-	-	12,752,369

In addition to the above, the following Directors are also deemed to have an interest in shares in the Company by virtue of the warrants issued by the Company with a right to subscribe for ordinary shares in the Company on the basis of 1 new ordinary share for every 1 warrant held:

		Number of Warrants		
	As at 1.1.2024	Addition	Disposal	As at 31.12.2024
Datuk Seri Utama Raja Nong Chik bin Dato' Raja Zainal Abidin				
Direct interest	50,000	-	-	50,000
Deemed interest	50,000	-	-	50,000

Tan Sri Cheng Heng Jem

Direct interest	111,392,723	-	-	111,392,723
Deemed interest	6,376,184	-	-	6,376,184

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS (continued)

The shareholdings in the related corporations during and at the end of the financial year of those who were Directors in office at the end of the financial year are as follows:

		Number of Ordinary Shares			
		As at 1.1.2024	Addition	Disposal	As at 31.12.2024
Tan Sri Cheng Heng Jem					
Direct interest					
Lion Posim Berhad		400	-	-	400
Deemed interest					
Holdsworth Investment Pte Ltd		4,500,000	-	-	4,500,000
Inspirasi Elit Sdn Bhd		212,500	-	-	212,500
Lion Group Management Services Sdn Bhd		5,000,000	-	-	5,000,000
Lion Posim Berhad		170,186,190	-	-	170,186,190
LLB Enterprise Sdn Bhd		940,000	-	-	940,000
Soga Sdn Bhd		4,542,522	-	-	4,542,522
Steelcorp Sdn Bhd		99,750	-	-	99,750
Zhongsin Biotech Pte Ltd		1,000,000	-	-	1,000,000
Investments in the People's Republic of China					
	Currency	As at 1.1.2024	Addition	Disposal	As at 31.12.2024
Tianjin Baden Real Estate Development Co Ltd (In voluntary liquidation)	USD	5,000,000	-	-	5,000,000
Tianjin Hua Shi Auto Meter Co Ltd (In voluntary liquidation)	USD	10,878,944	-	-	10,878,944

Other than as disclosed above, none of the other Directors in office at the end of the financial year had any interest in shares in the Company or its related corporations during and at the end of the financial year.

DIRECTORS' BENEFITS

Since the end of the previous financial year, none of the Directors of the Company has received or become entitled to receive any benefit (other than the benefit included in the aggregate amount of remunerations received or due and receivable by the Directors shown below) by reason of a contract made by the Company or a related corporation with the Director or with a firm of which the Director is a member, or with a company in which the Director has a substantial financial interest save and except for the benefit which deemed to have arisen by virtue of the balances and transactions between the Company and its related companies and certain companies in which a Director of the Company has a substantial interest, in the ordinary course of business of the Group and of the Company.

Details of the remuneration paid to or receivable by the Directors of the Company classified into executive and non-executive Directors during the financial year are as follows:

	The Group RM'000	The Company RM'000
Executive Director:		
- Fee	60	35
- Salary and other emoluments	2,584	965
	2,644	1,000
Non-executive Directors:		
- Fee	286	266
- Salary and other emoluments	184	47
- Defined contribution plans	12	-
	482	313
Total	3,126	1,313

Included in other emoluments is estimated monetary value of benefits-in-kind received and receivable by the Directors otherwise than in cash from the Group and the Company amounted to RM203,000 and RM Nil respectively.

Neither during nor at the end of the financial year, was the Company a party to any arrangement whose object is to enable Directors to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in or debentures of the Company or any other body corporate.

INDEMNITY AND INSURANCE FOR DIRECTORS AND OFFICERS

The Directors and Officers of the Group and of the Company are covered under a Directors' and Officers' Liability insurance up to an aggregate limit of RM50,000,000 against any legal liability, if incurred by the Directors and Officers of the Group and of the Company in the discharge of their duties while holding office for the Company and its subsidiary companies.

AUDITORS

The total amount of fees paid to or receivable by the auditors as remuneration for their services as auditors of the Group and of the Company for the current financial year are RM1,095,000 and RM138,000 respectively.

The Auditors, Forvis Mazars PLT (formerly known as Mazars PLT), Chartered Accountants, have expressed their willingness to accept re-appointment.

To the extent permitted by laws, the Company has agreed to indemnify its Auditors, Forvis Mazars PLT, as part of the terms of its audit engagement, against claims by third party arising from the audit. No payment has been made to indemnify Forvis Mazars PLT for the current financial year.

Signed on behalf of the Board
in accordance with a resolution of the Directors,



TAN SRI CHENG HENG JEM



CHENG HUI YA, SERENA

Kuala Lumpur
10 April 2025

**INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT
TO THE MEMBERS OF
LION INDUSTRIES CORPORATION BERHAD**
Registration No.: 192401000008 (415-D)
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Lion Industries Corporation Berhad, which comprise the statements of financial position as at 31 December 2024 of the Group and of the Company, and the statements of profit or loss, statements of other comprehensive income, statements of changes in equity and statements of cash flows of the Group and of the Company for the financial year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including material accounting policy information, as set out on pages 17 to 143.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Group and of the Company as at 31 December 2024, and of their financial performance and their cash flows for the financial year then ended in accordance with MFRS Accounting Standards, IFRS Accounting Standards and the requirements of the Companies Act 2016 in Malaysia.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with approved standards on auditing in Malaysia and International Standards on Auditing. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Independence and Other Ethical Responsibilities

We are independent of the Group and of the Company in accordance with the *By-Laws (on Professional Ethics, Conduct and Practice) of the Malaysian Institute of Accountants* ("By-Laws") and the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' *International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including International Independence Standards)* ("IESBA Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the By-Laws and the IESBA Code.

Independent Auditors' Report
Lion Industries Corporation Berhad
Registration No.: 192401000008 (415-D)

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the Group and of the Company for the current financial year. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements of the Group and of the Company as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

(a) Recoverable amount of property, plant and equipment at Banting and Klang

The Group's accounting policies, significant judgement and estimates made by the management and disclosure notes on property, plant and equipment are disclosed in Note 3, Note 4(ii)(e) and Note 12 to the financial statements.

The risk:

As at 31 December 2024, the carrying amount of the property, plant and equipment of the Group amounted to RM794 million, representing 59% and 32% of the Group's total non-current assets and total assets respectively. Included in the property, plant and equipment of the Group are property, plant and equipment related to steel making plants of subsidiaries located at Banting ("Banting Plants") and Klang ("Klang Plants") amounting to RM640 million and RM33 million respectively.

The Banting Plants have temporarily stopped its production activities and the Klang Plants incurred loss during the year. The Directors of the Company deem this as an indicator for impairment and accordingly carried out impairment assessment in accordance with MFRS 136 *Impairment of Assets*, on the Banting Plants and Klang Plants.

The recoverable amount of the Banting Plants and Klang Plants was determined by management based on fair value less cost to sell, by references to the latest valuations carried out by independent valuers.

The valuation process involves significant judgement in determining the appropriate valuation methodologies and the underlying assumptions. The valuations are highly dependent on key assumptions applied and any change in the assumptions can have a significant impact to the valuations.

In view of the significant judgement and estimates required by management in determining the recoverable amount of the Banting Plants and Klang Plants for impairment assessment, we identified the recoverable amount of Banting Plants and Klang Plants as a key audit matter.

How the matter was addressed in our audit:

Our audit procedures to address this area included, among others:

- Obtained an understanding of the Group's policies and procedures to identify indications of impairment of assets;

Independent Auditors' Report
Lion Industries Corporation Berhad
Registration No.: 192401000008 (415-D)

- Performed physical inspection of Banting Plants and Klang Plants to ensure the physical existence and their conditions;
- Obtained independent valuation reports for the land, buildings, plant and machinery located at Banting and Klang and compared to management's assessment;
- Assessed the competency, capabilities and objectivity of the independent valuers engaged by the Group to determine the market value of Banting Plants and Klang Plants on the determination of the recoverable amounts of these plants;
- Discussed with the valuers to understand the methodologies adopted in determining the market value of Banting Plants and Klang Plants;
- Assessed the reasonableness of the key assumptions and inputs used in the valuation;
- Assessed the appropriateness of the adjustments made to the observable prices in the active market or recent market transactions in determining the market value of Banting Plants and Klang Plants; and
- Tested the mathematical accuracy of recoverable amount calculation.

(b) Recoverable amount of investment properties in Cambodia

The Group's accounting policies, significant judgement and estimates made by the management and disclosure notes on investment properties are disclosed in Note 3, Note 4(i)(b) and Note 13 to the financial statements.

The risk:

As at 31 December 2024, the carrying amount of the investment properties of the Group amounted to RM115 million, representing 9% and 5% of the Group's total non-current assets and total assets respectively. Included in the investment properties of the Group are freehold land, leasehold land and economic land concessions in Cambodia ("Cambodia Land") amounting to USD26 million, equivalent to RM115 million.

The recoverable amount of the Cambodia Land was determined by management based on fair value less cost to sell, by references to the latest valuations carried out by independent valuers.

The valuation process involves significant judgement in determining the appropriate valuation methodologies and the underlying assumptions. The valuations are highly dependent on key assumptions applied and any change in the assumptions can have a significant impact to the valuations.

In view of the significant judgement and estimates required by management in determining the recoverable amount of the Cambodia Land, which also includes the Economic Land Concessions ("ELC") totaling RM41 million for which formal lease agreements are pending, as disclosed in Note 13 to the financial statements, and management's plans on its realisation, we identified the recoverable amount of the Cambodia Land as a key audit matter.

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Lion Industries Corporation Berhad
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How the matter was addressed in our audit:

Our audit procedures to address this area included, among others:

- Obtained an understanding of impairment assessment process and evaluated the design and implementation of the relevant controls surrounding impairment assessment on the Cambodia Land;
- Obtained and evaluated the management assessment in determining the recoverable amount of the Cambodia Land;
- Obtained the independent valuation reports for the Cambodia Land and compared to management's assessment;
- Assessed the competency, capabilities and objectivity of the valuers' and challenged the assumptions and methodology used in the valuations;
- Obtained and understood the agreements or other relevant documents relating to the conversion of leasehold land and granting of ELC;
- Performed retrospective review of management's plans to convert the ELC to leasehold land;
- Held discussion with independent valuers on the valuation and challenged the basis of determining the fair value of the Cambodia Land; and
- Assessed the adequacy and appropriateness of the disclosures in the financial statements.

(c) Recoverable amount of investment in an associated company, Parkson Holdings Berhad

The Group's accounting policies, significant judgement and estimates made by the management and disclosure notes on investment in associated companies are disclosed in Note 3, Note 4(ii)(a) and Note 18 to the financial statements.

The risk:

As at 31 December 2024, the carrying amount of the investment in associated companies of the Group amounted to RM358 million, representing 27% and 15% of the Group's total non-current assets and total assets respectively. Included in the investment in associated companies of the Group is investment in Parkson Holdings Berhad amounting to RM321 million.

As at the reporting date, the market value of the Group's investment in Parkson Holdings Berhad is lower than the Group's recorded carrying amount of that investment. The Directors had performed an impairment assessment based on the value-in-use ("VIU") method to determine its recoverable amount.

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The use of VIU involved significant estimates of the future financial results of the business, in particular, the key assumptions on revenue growth rate, gross profit margin, operating expenses and pre-tax discount rate used in the future cash flows forecasts. The valuations are highly dependent on key assumptions applied and any change in the assumptions can have a significant impact to the valuations.

In view of the significant judgement and estimates required by management in determining the VIU of its investment in Parkson Holdings Berhad, we identified the recoverable amount of investment in Parkson Holdings Berhad as a key audit matter.

How the matter was addressed in our audit:

Our audit procedures to address this area included, among others:

- Obtained an understanding of the relevant processes and internal controls over the impairment assessment process;
- Reviewed the discounted cash flows prepared by management;
- Assessed the reasonableness of key assumptions, including discount rates, forecast growth rates and methodology used in deriving the present value of the cash flows;
- Corroborated the key assumptions with industry analysts' views and available market information and compared to historical results and cash flows of Parkson Holdings Berhad; and
- Tested the mathematical accuracy of recoverable amount calculation.

We have determined that there are no key audit matters in the audit of financial statements of the Company to communicate in our auditors' report.

Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditors' Report Thereon

The Directors of the Company are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, but does not include the financial statements of the Group and of the Company and our auditors' report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements of the Group and of the Company does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements of the Group and of the Company, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements of the Group and of the Company or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Independent Auditors' Report
Lion Industries Corporation Berhad
Registration No.: 192401000008 (415-D)

Responsibilities of the Directors for the Financial Statements

The Directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of financial statements of the Group and of the Company that give a true and fair view in accordance with MFRS Accounting Standards, IFRS Accounting Standards and the requirements of the Companies Act 2016 in Malaysia. The Directors are also responsible for such internal control as the Directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements of the Group and of the Company that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements of the Group and of the Company, the Directors are responsible for assessing the Group and the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Directors either intend to liquidate the Group or the Company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements of the Group and of the Company as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with approved standards on auditing in Malaysia and International Standards on Auditing will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with approved standards on auditing in Malaysia and International Standards on Auditing, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements of the Group and of the Company, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's and of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Directors.

Independent Auditors' Report
Lion Industries Corporation Berhad
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- Conclude on the appropriateness of the Directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's and of the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the financial statements of the Group and of the Company or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group and the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements of the Group and of the Company, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements of the Group and of the Company represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Plan and perform the group audit to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group as basis for forming an opinion on the group financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with the Directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the Directors with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, actions taken to eliminate threats of safeguards applied.

From the matters communicated with the Directors, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the Group and of the Company for the current financial year and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditors' report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

In accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2016 in Malaysia, we report that the subsidiaries of which we have not acted as auditors, are disclosed in Note 42 to the financial statements.


Independent Auditors' Report
Lion Industries Corporation Berhad
Registration No.: 192401000008 (415-D)

Other Matter

This report is made solely to the members of the Company, as a body, in accordance with Section 266 of the Companies Act 2016 in Malaysia and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility to any other person for the content of this report.



Forvis Mazars PLT
(Formerly known as Mazars PLT)
201706000496 (LLP0010622-LCA)
AF 001954
Chartered Accountants



Francis Xavier Joseph
02997/06/2026/J
Chartered Accountant

Kuala Lumpur

10 April 2025

LION INDUSTRIES CORPORATION BERHAD
(Incorporated in Malaysia)
AND ITS SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES

STATEMENTS OF PROFIT OR LOSS
FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

		The Group		The Company	
	Note	2024	2023	2024	2023
		RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Revenue	5	1,661,530	1,914,817	-	-
Other income		19,616	60,858	45	190
Net changes in inventories		(22,402)	(76,624)	-	-
Raw materials and consumables used		(1,200,615)	(1,358,465)	-	-
Purchase of trading merchandise		(359,134)	(380,947)	-	-
Property development cost		(3,099)	-	-	-
Staff costs	6	(117,749)	(141,220)	(976)	(1,242)
Directors' remuneration	7	(3,126)	(3,054)	(1,313)	(1,270)
Investment income	8	4,513	3,863	124	234
Finance costs	9	(25,366)	(15,402)	(664)	(640)
Depreciation and amortisation:					
- Property, plant and equipment	12	(43,405)	(44,690)	(50)	(97)
- Investment properties	13	(461)	(473)	-	-
- Prepaid land lease payment	14	(744)	(1,564)	-	-
- Right-of-use assets	15	(8,088)	(16,014)	-	(42)
Net fair value gain/(loss) on financial assets/liabilities measured at amortised cost		-	-	23,480	(78,261)
Impairment losses net of reversals on:					
- Property, plant and equipment	12	(17,892)	(7,224)	-	-
- Right-of-use assets	15	(21,166)	-	-	-
- Trade and other receivables	24	(3,255)	(4,795)	(791)	6
- Amount owing by subsidiary companies	25	-	-	1,903	(162)
- Long-term investments	20	607	130	-	-
Other operating expenses		(141,236)	(137,341)	(1,132)	(1,343)
(Loss)/Profit from operations	6	(281,472)	(208,145)	20,626	(82,627)

(Forward)

LION INDUSTRIES CORPORATION BERHAD
(Incorporated in Malaysia)
AND ITS SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES

	Note	The Group		The Company	
		2024 RM'000	2023 RM'000	2024 RM'000	2023 RM'000
Share of results of:					
- Associated companies	18	(23,901)	(4,396)	-	-
- Joint venture	19	-	27	-	-
Gain arising from sale and leaseback transactions	41(a) & 41(b)(i)	220,740	-	-	-
Realisation of translation adjustment reserve upon dissolution of a subsidiary company	17	-	8,586	-	-
Impairment loss on goodwill	22	-	(130,443)	-	-
(Loss)/Profit before tax		(84,633)	(334,371)	20,626	(82,627)
Tax (expense)/credit	10	(272)	(68,043)	-	99
(Loss)/Profit for the year		(84,905)	(402,414)	20,626	(82,528)
(Loss)/Profit attributable to:					
- Owners of the Company		(87,655)	(401,296)	20,626	(82,528)
- Non-controlling interests		2,750	(1,118)	-	-
		(84,905)	(402,414)	20,626	(82,528)
Loss per share (sen):					
Basic and diluted	11	(12.88)	(58.94)		

The accompanying Notes form an integral part of the Financial Statements.

LION INDUSTRIES CORPORATION BERHAD
(Incorporated in Malaysia)
AND ITS SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES

STATEMENTS OF OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME
FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

	The Group		The Company	
	2024	2023	2024	2023
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
(Loss)/Profit for the year	(84,905)	(402,414)	20,626	(82,528)
Other comprehensive (loss)/income				
<u>Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss</u>				
Net loss on other investments at fair value through other comprehensive income:				
- Fair value changes	(41)	-	-	-
<u>Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss</u>				
Exchange differences on translation of foreign operations	(8,692)	6,172	-	-
Share of other comprehensive (loss)/income of associated companies	(16,378)	7,136	-	-
Reclassification to profit or loss upon dissolution of a subsidiary company	-	(8,586)	-	-
Other comprehensive (loss)/income for the year, net of tax	(25,111)	4,722	-	-
Total comprehensive (loss)/income for the year	(110,016)	(397,692)	20,626	(82,528)
Total comprehensive (loss)/income attributable to:				
- Owners of the Company	(111,007)	(396,552)	20,626	(82,528)
- Non-controlling interests	991	(1,140)	-	-
	(110,016)	(397,692)	20,626	(82,528)

The accompanying Notes form an integral part of the Financial Statements.

LION INDUSTRIES CORPORATION BERHAD
(Incorporated in Malaysia)
AND ITS SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES

STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION
AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2024

		The Group		The Company	
	Note	2024 RM'000	2023 RM'000	2024 RM'000	2023 RM'000
ASSETS					
Non-Current Assets					
Property, plant and equipment	12	793,790	850,746	17	65
Investment properties	13	114,994	118,564	-	-
Prepaid land lease payments	14	-	36,945	-	-
Right-of-use assets	15	21,045	29,382	-	-
Land held for property development	16(a)	51,643	51,626	26	26
Investment in subsidiary companies	17	-	-	786,904	788,304
Investment in associated companies	18	358,041	398,320	64,394	64,394
Investment in joint venture	19	27	117	-	-
Long term investments	20	513	599	216	216
Amount owing by subsidiary companies	25	-	-	484,904	460,924
Deferred tax assets	21	10,153	9,937	-	-
Goodwill	22	-	-	-	-
Total Non-Current Assets		1,350,206	1,496,236	1,336,461	1,313,929
Current Assets					
Property development costs	16(b)	1,606	4,736	-	-
Inventories	23	221,570	308,134	43	43
Trade receivables	24(a)	320,838	312,003	-	-
Other receivables, deposits and prepayments	24(b)	382,579	340,635	7,706	8,657
Contract costs	24(c)	632	-	-	-
Contract assets	24(d)	2,994	-	-	-
Amount owing by subsidiary companies	25	-	-	4	2
Current tax assets		6,342	9,738	49	50
Investment in money market funds	26(a)	2,449	2,362	-	-
Deposits, cash and bank balances	26(b)	144,129	114,558	3,807	5,347
		1,083,139	1,092,166	11,609	14,099
Non-current assets classified as held for sale	27	18,130	12,725	-	-
Total Current Assets		1,101,269	1,104,891	11,609	14,099
Total Assets		2,451,475	2,601,127	1,348,070	1,328,028

(Forward)

LION INDUSTRIES CORPORATION BERHAD
(Incorporated in Malaysia)
AND ITS SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES

		The Group		The Company	
	Note	2024 RM'000	2023 RM'000	2024 RM'000	2023 RM'000
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES					
Capital and Reserves					
Share capital	28	1,250,536	1,250,536	1,250,536	1,250,536
Reserves	30	(260,731)	(149,724)	(54,717)	(75,343)
Equity attributable to owners of the Company		989,805	1,100,812	1,195,819	1,175,193
Non-controlling interests		223,648	222,657	-	-
Total Equity		1,213,453	1,323,469	1,195,819	1,175,193
Non-Current and Deferred Liabilities					
Loans and borrowings	31	1,430	22,200	-	-
Lease liabilities	32	126,431	14,618	-	-
Amount owing to subsidiary companies	25	-	-	146,633	143,240
Deferred payables	34	120,622	120,622	-	-
Deferred tax liabilities	21	64,149	68,535	-	-
Total Non-Current and Deferred Liabilities		312,632	225,975	146,633	143,240
Current Liabilities					
Trade payables	33(a)	424,162	416,080	65	339
Other payables, deposits and accrued expenses	33(b)	341,100	288,425	1,094	881
Contract liabilities	33(c)	35,900	76,097	-	-
Loans and borrowings	31	98,630	138,039	4,459	8,375
Lease liabilities	32	25,000	9,461	-	-
Deferred payables	34	-	123,103	-	-
Current tax liabilities		598	478	-	-
Total Current Liabilities		925,390	1,051,683	5,618	9,595
Total Liabilities		1,238,022	1,277,658	152,251	152,835
Total Equity and Liabilities		2,451,475	2,601,127	1,348,070	1,328,028

The accompanying Notes form an integral part of the Financial Statements.

Registration No. 192401000008 (415-D)

LION INDUSTRIES CORPORATION BERHAD
(Incorporated in Malaysia)
AND ITS SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES

**STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY
FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024**

The Group	Non-distributable reserves					Retained earnings/ Accumulated losses	Attributable to owners of the Company	Non-controlling interests	Total equity
	Share capital	Treasury shares	Translation adjustment	Capital reserve	Fair value reserve				
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
At 1 January 2023	1,250,536	(13,193)	72,016	(68,725)	-	256,730	1,497,364	224,571	1,721,935
Loss for the year	-	-	-	-	-	(401,296)	(401,296)	(1,118)	(402,414)
Other comprehensive income/(loss) for the year	-	-	1,234	3,510	-	-	4,744	(22)	4,722
Total comprehensive income/(loss) for the year	-	-	1,234	3,510	-	(401,296)	(396,552)	(1,140)	(397,692)
Acquisition of non-controlling interests	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(24)	(24)
Dividend paid to non-controlling interest of a subsidiary company	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(750)	(750)
At 31 December 2023	1,250,536	(13,193)	73,250	(65,215)	-	(144,566)	1,100,812	222,657	1,323,469

(Forward)

Registration No. 192401000008 (415-D)

LION INDUSTRIES CORPORATION BERHAD
(Incorporated in Malaysia)
AND ITS SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES

The Group	Non-distributable reserves					Attributable to owners of the Company		Non-controlling interests	Total equity
	Share capital	Treasury shares	Translation adjustment	Capital reserve	Fair value reserve	Accumulated losses	Company		
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
At 1 January 2024	1,250,536	(13,193)	73,250	(65,215)	-	(144,566)	1,100,812	222,657	1,323,469
(Loss)/Profit for the year	-	-	-	-	-	(87,655)	(87,655)	2,750	(84,905)
Other comprehensive loss for the year	-	-	(9,785)	(13,526)	(41)	-	(23,352)	(1,759)	(25,111)
Total comprehensive (loss)/income for the year	-	-	(9,785)	(13,526)	(41)	(87,655)	(111,007)	991	(110,016)
At 31 December 2024	1,250,536	(13,193)	63,465	(78,741)	(41)	(232,221)	989,805	223,648	1,213,453

(Forward)

Registration No. 192401000008 (415-D)

LION INDUSTRIES CORPORATION BERHAD
(Incorporated in Malaysia)
AND ITS SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES

The Company

At 1 January 2023

Loss for the year
Other comprehensive income for the year
Total comprehensive loss for the year

At 31 December 2023

At 1 January 2024

Profit for the year
Other comprehensive income for the year
Total comprehensive income for the year

At 31 December 2024

	Non-distributable reserves			Retained earnings/ accumulated losses)	Total equity
	Share capital RM'000	Treasury shares RM'000	Capital reserve RM'000		
	1,250,536	(13,193)	5,419	14,959	1,257,721
	-	-	-	(82,528)	(82,528)
	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	(82,528)	(82,528)
	1,250,536	(13,193)	5,419	(67,569)	1,175,193
	1,250,536	(13,193)	5,419	(67,569)	1,175,193
	-	-	-	20,626	20,626
	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	20,626	20,626
	1,250,536	(13,193)	5,419	(46,943)	1,195,819

The accompanying Notes form an integral part of the Financial Statements.

LION INDUSTRIES CORPORATION BERHAD
(Incorporated in Malaysia)
AND ITS SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES

STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

		The Group	
	Note	2024	2023
		RM'000	RM'000
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Loss before tax		(84,633)	(334,371)
Adjustments for:			
Depreciation and amortisation:			
- Property, plant and equipment	12	43,405	44,690
- Investment properties	13	461	473
- Prepaid land lease payment	14	744	1,564
- Right-of-use assets	15	8,088	16,014
Finance costs	9	25,366	15,402
Allowance for obsolescence of inventories	23	35,174	225
Inventories written down/(back)	23	8,851	(1,291)
Inventories written off	23	98	656
Unrealised loss/(gain) on foreign exchange	6	3,235	(1,980)
Impairment losses net of reversals on:			
- Property, plant and equipment	12	17,892	7,224
- Right-of-use assets	15	21,166	-
- Trade and other receivables	24	3,255	4,795
- Long term investments	20	(607)	(130)
Impairment loss on goodwill	22	-	130,443
Property, plant and equipment written off	12	693	118
Share of results of:			
- Associated companies	18	23,901	4,396
- Joint venture	19	-	(27)
Investment income		(4,607)	(4,054)
Gain arising from sale and leaseback transactions (Note A)		(220,740)	-
Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment (Note A)		(976)	(12,845)
Gain on disposal of non-current assets classified as held for sale (Note B)		-	(25,315)
Loss/(Gain) on expiry and termination of lease	15	6,774	(262)
Realisation of translation adjustment reserve upon dissolution of a subsidiary company	17	-	(8,586)
Operating Loss Before Working Capital Changes		(112,460)	(162,861)

(Forward)

LION INDUSTRIES CORPORATION BERHAD
(Incorporated in Malaysia)
AND ITS SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES

		The Group	
	Note	2024	2023
		RM'000	RM'000
Movements in working capital:			
Decrease/(Increase) in:			
- Inventories		42,441	120,072
- Trade and other receivables, deposits and prepayments, contract cost and contract assets		(54,308)	124,318
- Property development costs		3,130	(4,586)
Increase/(Decrease) in:			
- Trade and other payables, deposits, accrued expenses and contract liabilities		5,388	(162,082)
Cash Used In Operations		(115,809)	(85,139)
Interest received		4,607	4,054
Interest paid		(8,361)	(3,082)
Net income tax paid		(1,358)	(1,217)
Net Cash Used In Operating Activities		(120,921)	(85,384)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Dividends received from associated companies		-	98
Increase in investment in money market funds		(87)	(83)
Proceeds from disposal/redemption of:			
- Property, plant and equipment and prepaid land lease payment (Note A)		363,701	29,885
- Non-current assets classified as held for sale (Note B)		-	13,520
- Long-term investments		638	130
Deposit received from non-current assets classified as held for sale	33(b)	-	46,470
Payments of deferred payables	34	(123,103)	(80,000)
Additions of property, plant and equipment (Note C)		(8,333)	(27,424)
Additions of prepaid land lease payment	14	-	(1,884)
Capital repayment from joint venture		90	-
Refund of deposit paid for acquisition of land		-	23,000
(Increase)/Decrease in land held for property development		(17)	73
Acquisition of non-controlling interests		-	(24)
Decrease/(Increase) in cash and cash equivalents			
- restricted	26(b)	899	(1,625)
Net Cash From Investing Activities		233,788	2,136

(Forward)

LION INDUSTRIES CORPORATION BERHAD
(Incorporated in Malaysia)
AND ITS SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES

		The Group	
	Note	2024	2023
		RM'000	RM'000
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Dividend paid to non-controlling interest of a subsidiary company		-	(750)
Net (repayment)/drawdown of:			
- Short-term borrowings	31(b)	(48,458)	41,476
- Obligation under lease arrangements	31(b)	-	(47,250)
- Lease liabilities	32	(8,429)	(5,656)
- Hire purchase obligations	31(b)	(252)	(336)
Interest paid		(12,348)	(10,681)
Net Cash Used In Financing Activities		(69,487)	(23,197)
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		43,380	(106,445)
Effect of foreign exchange differences		(1,441)	612
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF YEAR		70,686	176,519
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR	35	112,625	70,686

Note A:

Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment and prepaid land lease payments	363,701	29,885
Less: Carrying amount of property, plant and equipment	(3,295)	(17,040)
Less: Carrying amount of prepaid land lease payments	(30,796)	-
Add: Addition of right-of-use assets arising from leaseback (Note 15)	34,348	-
Less: Addition of lease liabilities arising from leaseback (Note 32)	(142,242)	-
Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment and prepaid land lease payments	221,716	12,845

The gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment and prepaid land lease payments, comprise RM220,740,000 (2023: RM Nil) from the sale and leaseback transactions and RM976,000 (2023: RM12,845,000) from the disposal of property, plant and equipment.

LION INDUSTRIES CORPORATION BERHAD
(Incorporated in Malaysia)
AND ITS SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES

	Note	The Group	
		2024 RM'000	2023 RM'000
Note B:			
Proceeds from disposal of non-current assets classified as held for sale		-	13,520
Deposit received in previous year		-	18,480
Total consideration		-	32,000
Less: Carrying amount of non-current assets classified as held for sale		-	(6,685)
Gain on disposal of non-current assets classified as held for sale		-	25,315

On 1 December 2022, Lion Waterway Logistics Sdn Bhd, a subsidiary company of the Company, entered into a sale purchase agreement to dispose of its barges and tug boats for a total consideration of RM32,000,000. The disposal was completed in 2023.

		The Group	
		2024 RM'000	2023 RM'000
Note C:			
Property, plant and equipment were acquired by the following means:			
- Cash purchase		8,333	27,424
- Deposit paid in previous year		-	2,544
Total addition of property, plant and equipment	12	8,333	29,968

(Forward)

LION INDUSTRIES CORPORATION BERHAD
(Incorporated in Malaysia)
AND ITS SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES

		The Company	
	Note	2024	2023
		RM'000	RM'000
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Profit/(Loss) before tax		20,626	(82,627)
Adjustments for:			
Impairment losses no longer required for:			
- Trade and other receivables	24	(31)	(6)
- Amount owing by subsidiary companies	25	(2,124)	-
Bad debt written off		6	-
Finance costs	9	664	640
Depreciation of:			
- Property, plant and equipment	12	50	97
- Right-of-use assets	15	-	42
Impairment losses on:			
- Amount owing by subsidiary companies	25	221	162
- Trade and other receivables	24	822	-
Unrealised gains on foreign exchange	6	-	(122)
Net fair value (gain)/loss on financial assets/liabilities measured at amortised cost		(23,480)	78,261
Interest income		(124)	(270)
Operating Loss Before Working Capital Changes		(3,370)	(3,823)
Movements in working capital:			
Decrease/(Increase) in trade and other receivables, deposits and prepayments		154	(4,646)
Decrease in trade and other payables, deposits and accrued expenses		(61)	(319)
Cash Used In operations		(3,277)	(8,788)
Interest received		124	270
Interest paid		(292)	(262)
Net income tax refunded		1	15
Net Cash Used In Operating Activities		(3,444)	(8,765)

(Forward)

LION INDUSTRIES CORPORATION BERHAD
(Incorporated in Malaysia)
AND ITS SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES

		The Company	
	Note	2024	2023
		RM'000	RM'000
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Addition of property, plant and equipment		(2)	-
Decrease/(Increase) in amount owing by subsidiary companies		11,226	(432)
Increase in cash and cash equivalents - restricted	26(b)	(93)	(57)
Net Cash From/(Used In) Investing Activities		<u>11,131</u>	<u>(489)</u>
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Repayments of:			
- Short-term borrowings	31(b)	(361)	(90)
- Lease liabilities	32	-	(44)
Interest paid		(372)	(378)
(Decrease)/Increase in amount owing to subsidiary companies	25	(5,032)	7,704
Net Cash (Used In)/From Financing Activities		<u>(5,765)</u>	<u>7,192</u>
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		1,922	(2,062)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF YEAR		(1,596)	466
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR	35	<u>326</u>	<u>(1,596)</u>

The accompanying Notes form an integral part of the Financial Statements.

LION INDUSTRIES CORPORATION BERHAD
(Incorporated in Malaysia)
AND ITS SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

Lion Industries Corporation Berhad ("Company") is a public limited liability company, incorporated and domiciled in Malaysia, and listed on the Main Market of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad.

The Company's principal activities are investment holding and property development.

The information on the name, principal place of business, place of incorporation, and principal activities of the subsidiary companies, and percentage of ownership of the holding company in each subsidiary company is disclosed in Note 42.

The registered office of the Company is located at Level 14, Lion Office Tower, No. 1 Jalan Nagasari, 50200 Kuala Lumpur, Wilayah Persekutuan.

The principal place of business of the Company is located at Level 2-4, Lion Office Tower, No. 1 Jalan Nagasari, 50200 Kuala Lumpur, Wilayah Persekutuan.

The financial statements of the Group and of the Company have been authorised by the Board of Directors for issuance on 10 April 2025.

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements of the Group and of the Company have been prepared in accordance with MFRS Accounting Standards issued by the Malaysian Accounting Standards Board ("MASB"), IFRS Accounting Standards issued by the International Accounting Standards Board and the requirements of the Companies Act 2016 in Malaysia.

The financial statements are presented in Ringgit Malaysia ("RM") and all values are rounded to the nearest thousand (RM'000 or '000), unless otherwise indicated.

Amendments to MFRS Accounting Standards

In the current financial year, the Group and the Company adopted all the amendments to MFRS Accounting Standards issued by the MASB that are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2024 and relevant to its operations, as follows:

Amendments to MFRS 16	Lease Liability in a Sale and Leaseback
Amendments to MFRS 101	Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current
Amendments to MFRS 101	Non-current Liabilities with Covenants
Amendments to MFRS 107 and MFRS 7	Supplier Finance Arrangements

The adoption of these amendments to MFRS Accounting Standards did not result in significant changes in the accounting policies of the Group and of the Company and has no significant effect on the financial performance or position of the Group and of the Company.

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

New MFRS Accounting Standards and Amendments to MFRS Accounting Standards in Issue But Not Yet Effective

At the date of authorisation for issue of these financial statements, the new MFRS Accounting Standards and amendments to MFRS Accounting Standards which were in issue but not yet effective and not early adopted by the Group and the Company are as listed below:

Amendments to MFRS 121	Lack of Exchangeability ¹
Amendments to MFRS 9 and MFRS 7	Amendments to the Classification and Measurement of Financial Instruments ²
Amendments to MFRS 1, MFRS 7, MFRS 9, MFRS 10 and MFRS 107	Annual Improvements to MFRS Accounting Standards - Volume 11 ²
Amendments to MFRS 9 and MFRS 7	Contracts Referencing Nature-dependent Electricity ²
MFRS 18	Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements ³
MFRS 19	Subsidiaries without Public Accountability: Disclosures ³
Amendments to MFRS 10 and MFRS 128	Sale of contribution of Assets between an Investor and Its Associate or Joint Venture ⁴

¹ Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2025.

² Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2026.

³ Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2027.

⁴ Effective date deferred to a date to be determined and announced by MASB.

The above new MFRS Accounting Standards and amendments to MFRS Accounting Standards are not expected to have a material impact on the financial statements of the Group and of the Company in the period of initial application.

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of Accounting

The financial statements of the Group and of the Company have been prepared under the historical cost convention except as disclosed in this summary of material accounting policies. Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for assets.

Fair value measurement

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date, regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique. In estimating the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Group takes into account the characteristics of the asset or liability if market participants would take those characteristics into account when pricing the asset or liability at the measurement date. Fair value for measurement and/or disclosure purposes in these consolidated financial statements is determined on such a basis, except for share-based payment transactions that are within the scope of MFRS 2, leasing transactions that are within the scope of MFRS 16 and measurements that have some similarities to fair value but are not fair value, such as net realisable value in MFRS 102 *Inventories* or value-in-use in MFRS 136 *Impairment of Assets*.

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

In addition, for financial reporting purposes, fair value measurements are categorised into Level 1, 2 or 3 based on the degree to which the inputs to the fair value measurements are observable and the significance of the inputs to the fair value measurement in its entirety, which are described as follows:

- Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date;
- Level 2 inputs are inputs, other than quoted prices included within Level 1, that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly; and
- Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

Basis of Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statements of the Company and entities (including special purpose entities) controlled by the Company (its subsidiary companies). Control is achieved where the Company:

- has power over the investee;
- is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee; and
- has the ability to use its power to affect its returns.

The Company reassesses whether or not it controls an investee if facts and circumstances indicate that there are changes to one or more of the three elements of control listed above.

When the Company has less than a majority of the voting rights of an investee, it has power over the investee when the voting rights are sufficient to give it the practical ability to direct the relevant activities of the investee unilaterally. The Company considers all relevant facts and circumstances in assessing whether or not the Company's voting rights in an investee are sufficient to give it power, including:

- the size of the Company's holding of voting rights relative to the size and dispersion of holdings of the other vote holders;
- potential voting rights held by the Company, other vote holders or other parties;
- rights arising from other contractual arrangements; and
- any additional facts and circumstances that indicate that the Company has, or does not have, the current ability to direct the relevant activities at the time that decisions need to be made, including voting patterns at previous shareholders' meetings.

Consolidation of a subsidiary company begins when the Company obtains control over the subsidiary company and ceases when the Company loses control of the subsidiary company. Specifically, income and expenses of a subsidiary company acquired or disposed of during the year are included in profit or loss from the date the Company gains control until the date when the Company ceases to control the subsidiary company.

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Basis of Consolidation (continued)

Profit or loss and each component of other comprehensive income are attributed to the owners of the Company and to the non-controlling interests. Total comprehensive income of subsidiary companies is attributed to the owners of the Company and to the non-controlling interests even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.

Where necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements of subsidiary companies to bring their accounting policies in line with those used by other members of the Group.

All intra-group assets and liabilities, equity, income and expenses and cash flows relating to transactions between members of the Group are eliminated in full on consolidation.

Changes in the Group's ownership interests in subsidiary companies that do not result in the Group losing control are accounted for as equity transactions. The carrying amounts of the Group's interests and the non-controlling interests are adjusted to reflect the changes in their relative interests in the subsidiary companies. Any difference between the amount by which the non-controlling interests are adjusted at the fair value of the consideration paid or received is recognised directly in equity and attributed to owners of the Company.

Where the Group loses control of a subsidiary company, a gain or loss is recognised and is calculated as the difference between: (i) the aggregate of the fair value of the consideration received and the fair value of any retained interest; and (ii) the previous carrying amount of the assets (including goodwill), and liabilities of the subsidiary company and any non-controlling interests. All amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in relation to the subsidiary company are accounted for as if the Group had directly disposed of the relevant assets or liabilities of the subsidiary company (i.e. reclassified to profit or loss or transferred directly to retained earnings as specified by applicable MFRSs). The fair value of any investment retained in the former subsidiary company at the date when control is lost is regarded as the fair value on initial recognition for subsequent accounting under MFRS 9 *Financial Instruments* or, when applicable, the cost on initial recognition of an investment in an associated company or joint venture.

Business Combinations

Acquisitions of subsidiary companies and businesses are accounted for using the acquisition method. The consideration transferred in a business combination is measured at fair values which is calculated as the sum of the acquisition-date fair values of assets transferred by the Group, liabilities incurred by the Group to the former owners of the acquiree and equity instruments issued by the Group in exchange for control of the acquiree. Acquisition-related costs are recognised in profit or loss as incurred.

At acquisition date, the identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed are recognised at their fair value, except that:

- deferred tax assets or liabilities and assets or liabilities related to employee benefit arrangements are recognised and measured in accordance with MFRS 112 *Income Taxes* and MFRS 119 *Employee Benefits* respectively;
- liabilities or equity instruments related to the share-based payment arrangements of the acquiree or share-based payment arrangements of the Group entered into to replace share-based payment arrangements of the acquiree are measured in accordance with MFRS 2 *Share-based Payment* at the acquisition date; and

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Business Combinations (continued)

- assets (or disposal groups) that are classified as held for sale in accordance with MFRS 5 *Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations* are measured in accordance with that Standard.

Goodwill is measured as the excess of the sum of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interests in the acquiree, and the fair value of the acquirer's previously held equity interest in the acquiree (if any) over the net of the acquisition-date amounts of the identifiable assets acquired and the liabilities assumed. If, after reassessment, the net of the acquisition-date amounts of the identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed exceeds the sum of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interests in the acquiree and the fair value of the acquirer's previously held equity interest in the acquiree (if any), the excess is recognised immediately in profit or loss as a bargain purchase gain.

Non-controlling interests that are present ownership interests and entitle their holders to a proportionate share of the entity's net assets in the event of liquidation may be initially measured either at fair value or at the non-controlling interests' proportionate share of the recognised amounts of the acquiree's identifiable net assets. The choice of measurement basis is made on a transaction-by-transaction basis. Other types of non-controlling interests are measured at fair value or, when applicable, on the basis specified in another MFRSs.

Where the consideration transferred by the Group in a business combination includes assets or liabilities resulting from a contingent consideration arrangement, the contingent consideration is measured at its acquisition-date fair value. Changes in the fair value of the contingent consideration that qualify as measurement period adjustments are adjusted retrospectively, with corresponding adjustments against goodwill. Measurement period adjustments are adjustments that arise from additional information obtained during the 'measurement period' (which cannot exceed one year from the acquisition date) about facts and circumstances that existed at the acquisition date.

The subsequent accounting for changes in the fair value contingent consideration that do not qualify as measurement period adjustments depends on how the contingent consideration is classified. Contingent consideration that is classified as equity is not re-measured at subsequent reporting dates and its subsequent settlement is accounted for within equity. Contingent consideration that is classified as an asset or liability is remeasured at subsequent reporting dates in accordance with MFRS 137 *Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets*, as appropriate, with the corresponding gain or loss being recognised in profit or loss.

Where a business combination is achieved in stages, the Group's previously held interests in the acquired entity are remeasured to fair value at the acquisition date and the resulting gain or loss, if any, is recognised in profit or loss. Amounts arising from interests in the acquiree prior to the acquisition date that have previously been recognised in other comprehensive income are reclassified to profit or loss, where such treatment would be appropriate if that interest were disposed of.

If the initial accounting for a business combination is incomplete by end of the reporting period in which the combination occurs, the Group reports provisional amounts for the items of which the accounting is incomplete. Those provisional amounts are adjusted during the measurement period, or additional assets or liabilities are recognised, to reflect new information obtained about facts and circumstances that existed as of the acquisition date that, if known, would have affected the amounts recognised at that date.

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Investment in Subsidiary Companies

Investment in subsidiary companies which are eliminated on consolidation, are stated at cost less impairment losses, if any, in the Company's separate financial statements.

Investment in Associated Companies and Joint Venture

An associated company is an entity over which the Group has significant influence. Significant influence is the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of the investee but is not control or joint control over those policies.

A joint venture is a joint arrangement whereby the parties that have joint control of the arrangement have rights to the net assets of the joint arrangement. Joint control is the contractually agreed sharing of control of an arrangement, which exists only when decisions about the relevant activities require unanimous consent of the parties sharing control.

The results and assets and liabilities of associated companies and joint venture are incorporated in these financial statements using the equity method of accounting, except when the investment is classified as held for sale, in which case it is accounted for in accordance with MFRS 5 *Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations*. Under the equity method, an investment in an associated company or a joint venture is initially recognised in the statements of financial position at cost and adjusted thereafter to recognise the Group's share of the profit or loss and other comprehensive income of the associated company or joint venture. When the Group's share of losses of an associated company or a joint venture exceeds the Group's interest in that associated company or joint venture (which includes any long-term interests that, in substance, form part of the Group's net investment in the associated company or joint venture), the Group discontinues recognising its share of further losses. Additional losses are recognised only to the extent that the Group has incurred legal or constructive obligations or made payments on behalf of the associated company or joint venture.

An investment in an associated company or a joint venture is accounted for using the equity method from the date on which the investee becomes an associated company or a joint venture. On acquisition of the investment in an associated company or a joint venture, any excess of the cost of the investment over the Group's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities of the investee is recognised as goodwill, which is included within the carrying amount of the investment. Any excess of the Group's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities over the cost of the investment, after reassessment, is recognised immediately in profit or loss in the period in which the investment is acquired.

The requirements of MFRS 136 *Impairment of Assets* are applied to determine whether it is necessary to recognise any impairment loss with respect to the Group's investment in an associated company or a joint venture. When necessary, the entire carrying amount of the investment (including goodwill) is tested for impairment in accordance with MFRS 136 as a single asset by comparing its recoverable amount (higher of value-in-use and fair value less costs to sell) with its carrying amount. Any impairment loss recognised forms part of the carrying amount of the investment. Any reversal of that impairment loss is recognised in accordance with MFRS 136 to the extent that the recoverable amount of the investment subsequently increases.

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Investment in Associated Companies and Joint Venture (continued)

The Group discontinues the use of the equity method from the date when investment ceases to be an associated company or a joint venture, or when the investment is classified as held for sale. When the Group retains an interest in the former associated company or joint venture and the retained interest is a financial asset, the Group measures the retained interest at fair value at that date and the fair value is regarded as its fair value on initial recognition in accordance with MFRS 9. The difference between the carrying amount of the associated company or joint venture at the date the equity method was discontinued, and the fair value of any retained interest and any proceeds from disposing of the associated company or joint venture is included in the determination of the gain or loss on disposal of the associated company or joint venture.

In addition, the Group accounts for all amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in relation to that associated company or joint venture on the same basis as would be required if that associated company or joint venture had directly disposed of the related assets and liabilities. Therefore, if a gain or loss previously recognised in other comprehensive income by that associated company or joint venture would be reclassified to profit or loss on the disposal of the related assets or liabilities, the Group reclassifies the gain or loss from equity to profit or loss (as a reclassification adjustment) when the equity method is discontinued.

The Group continues to use the equity method when an investment in an associated company becomes an investment in a joint venture or an investment in joint venture becomes an investment in an associated company. There is no remeasurement to fair value upon such changes in ownership interests.

When the Group reduces its ownership interest in an associated company or a joint venture but the Group continues to use the equity method, the Group reclassifies to profit or loss the proportion of the gain or loss that had previously been recognised in other comprehensive income relating to that reduction in ownership interest if that gain or loss would be reclassified to profit or loss on the disposal of the related assets or liabilities.

When a group entity transacts with an associated company or a joint venture of the Group, profit or losses resulting from the transactions with the associated company and joint venture are recognised in the Group's consolidated financial statements only to the extent of the Group's interest in the associated company or joint venture that are not related to the Group.

Revenue Recognition

Revenue is recognised when or as a performance obligation in the contract with customer is satisfied, i.e. when the "control" of the goods or services underlying the particular performance obligation is transferred to the customer.

A performance obligation is a promise to transfer a distinct goods or service (or a series of distinct goods or services that are substantially the same and that have the same pattern of transfer) to the customer that is explicitly stated in the contract or implied in the Group's customary business practices.

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Revenue Recognition (continued)

Revenue is measured at the amount of consideration to which the Group and the Company expect to be entitled in exchange of transferring the promised goods or services to the customers, excluding amounts collected on behalf of third parties such as sales taxes or goods and services taxes. If the amount of consideration varies due to discounts, rebates, refunds, credits, incentives, penalties or other similar items, the Group and the Company estimate the amount of consideration to which they will be entitled based on the expected value or the most likely outcome. If the contract with customer contains more than one performance obligation, the amount of consideration is allocated to each performance obligation based on the relative stand-alone selling price of the goods or services promised in the contract.

The revenue is recognised to the extent that it is highly probable that a significant reversal in the amount of cumulative revenue recognised will not occur when the uncertainty associated with the variable consideration is subsequently resolved.

The control of the promised goods or services may be transferred over time or at a point in time. The control over the goods or services is transferred over time and revenue is recognised over time if:

- the customer simultaneously receives and consumes the benefits provided by the Group's and the Company's performance as the Group and the Company perform;
- the Group's and the Company's performance create or enhance an asset that the customer controls as the asset is created or enhanced; or
- the Group's and the Company's performance do not create an asset with an alternative use and the Group and the Company have an enforceable right to payment for performance completed to date.

Revenue for performance obligation that is not satisfied over time is recognised at the point in time at which the customer obtains control of the promised goods or services.

The revenue recognition policies of the Group and of the Company are as follows:

(i) Steel Division

Revenue from the sales of goods is recognised upon delivery of goods and the control of the goods has been transferred to the customers, net of discounts and returns.

(ii) Property Development Division

The Group recognises revenue from property development over time if it creates an asset with no alternative use to the Group and the Group has an enforceable right to payment for performance completed to date. Revenue is recognised over the period of the contract by reference to the progress towards complete satisfaction of that performance obligation.

The progress towards complete satisfaction of the performance obligation is measured based on the Group's efforts or inputs to the satisfaction of the performance obligation (e.g. by reference to the property development costs incurred to date as a percentage of the estimated total costs of development of the contract).

Revenue from sales of land under development and completed property units are recognised when the performance obligation in the contract with customer is satisfied (when the control of the land under development and completed property units has been transferred to the buyer).

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Revenue Recognition (continued)

(iii) Building Material Division

Revenue from the sales of building materials, steel products, lubricants, petroleum products, automotive products and consumer products is recognised upon delivery of goods and the control of the goods has been transferred to the customers, net of discounts and returns.

Sales of goods that result in award credits for customers, under the Group's customer loyalty programmes, are accounted for as multiple element revenue transactions and the fair value of the consideration received or receivable is allocated between the goods supplied and the award credits granted. The consideration allocated to the award credits is measured by reference to their fair value - the amount for which the award credits could be sold separately. Such consideration is not recognised as revenue at the time of the initial sale transaction - but is deferred and recognised as revenue when the award credits are redeemed and the Group's obligations have been fulfilled.

(iv) Other Divisions

Revenue from sales of goods in the course of ordinary activities is recognised upon delivery of goods where the control of the goods has been passed to the customers, net of discounts and returns.

Revenue from services is recognised when the services are performed, net of service taxes and discounts.

Revenue from management fee is recognised upon performance of services are completed, net of taxes and discounts.

Revenue from Other Sources

(i) Dividend income

Dividend income is recognised when the Group's right to receive payment is established.

(ii) Interest income

Interest income is recognised on an accrual basis, by reference to the principal outstanding and at the effective interest rate.

(iii) Rental income

Rental income is recognised over the tenure of the rental period of properties.

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Foreign Currency

(i) Functional and Presentation Currencies

The individual financial statements of each entity in the Group are presented in Ringgit Malaysia, United States Dollar, Chinese Renminbi or Singapore Dollar, the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entities operate (its functional currency). For the purpose of the consolidated financial statements, the results and financial position of each entity, are expressed in Ringgit Malaysia, which is the functional currency of the Company and the presentation currency for the consolidated financial statements.

(ii) Foreign Currency Transactions

In preparing the financial statements of the individual entities, transactions in currencies other than the Group's and the Company's functional currency (foreign currencies) are recorded at the rates of exchange prevailing on the dates of the transactions. At the end of each reporting period, monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing on that date. Non-monetary items carried at fair value that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing on the date when the fair value was determined. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are not retranslated.

Exchange differences arising on the settlement of monetary items, and on the retranslation of monetary items, are included in profit or loss for the period. Exchange differences arising on the retranslation of non-monetary items carried at fair value are included in profit or loss for the period except for differences arising on the retranslation of non-monetary items in respect of which gains and losses are recognised directly in other comprehensive income. For such non-monetary items, any exchange component of that gain or loss is also recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

For the purpose of presenting the consolidated financial statements, the assets and liabilities of the Group's foreign operations (including comparatives) are expressed in Ringgit Malaysia using exchange rate prevailing at the end of the reporting period. Income and expense items (including comparatives) are translated at the average exchange rates for the period, unless exchange rates fluctuated significantly during that period, in which case the exchange rates at the dates of the transactions are used. Exchange differences arising, if any, are classified as equity and transferred to the Group's translation adjustment reserve account. Such translation differences are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which the foreign operation is disposed of.

Employee Benefits

(i) Short-term Employee Benefits

Wages, salaries, paid annual leaves, bonuses and non-monetary benefits are accrued in the year in which the associated services are rendered by employees of the Group and of the Company. Short-term accumulating compensated absences such as paid annual leave are recognised when services are rendered by employees that increase their entitlement to future compensated absences. Short-term non-accumulating compensated absences such as sick leave are recognised when the absences occur.

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Employee Benefits (continued)

(ii) Defined Contribution Plans

The Company, its subsidiary companies incorporated in Malaysia and their eligible employees are required by law to make monthly contributions to the Employees Provident Fund, a local statutory defined contribution plans, at certain prescribed rates based on the employees' salaries. The Group's foreign incorporated subsidiary companies and their eligible employees also make contributions to their respective countries' statutory pension scheme. Such contributions are recognised as an expense in profit or loss as incurred. Once the contributions have been paid, there are no further payment obligations.

Income Tax

Income tax expense on profit or loss for the year comprises current and deferred tax.

Current tax is the expected amount of income taxes payable in respect of the taxable profit for the year and is measured using the tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. Current tax for current and prior periods is recognised as a liability (or asset) to the extent that it is unpaid (or recoverable).

Deferred tax is accounted for, using the "liability" method, on temporary differences at the end of the reporting period between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements. In principle, deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable temporary differences and deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences, unused tax losses and unused tax credits to the extent that it is probable that sufficient future taxable profits will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, unused tax losses and unused tax credits can be utilised. Deferred tax is not recognised if the temporary difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction which is not a business combination and at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient future taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the assets to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the year in which the liabilities are settled or the assets are realised, based on the tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Group and the Company expect, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of their assets and liabilities.

Deferred tax is charged or credited to profit or loss, except when it arises from a transaction which is recognised directly in equity, in which case the deferred tax is also charged or credited directly to equity, or when it arises from a business combination that is an acquisition, in which case the deferred tax is included in the resulting goodwill.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to set-off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when they relate to income taxes by the same tax authority and the Group intends to settle its current tax assets and liabilities on a net basis.

The tax effects of the unused reinvestment allowances are recognised only upon actual realisation.

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Impairment of Assets Excluding Goodwill

At the end of each reporting period, the Group and the Company review the carrying amounts of their non-current assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any). Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Group and the Company estimate the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs to sell and value-in-use. In assessing value-in-use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset.

If the recoverable amount of an asset (or cash-generating unit) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (or cash-generating unit) is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset (or cash-generating unit) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset (or cash-generating unit) in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Property, Plant and Equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any.

Freehold land has unlimited useful life and therefore is not depreciated. Construction work-in-progress is not depreciated as this asset is also not available for use. All other property, plant and equipment are depreciated on a straight-line method at rates based on the estimated useful lives of the various assets.

The annual depreciation rates are as follows:

Freehold buildings	2% - 4%
Other buildings	2% - 18%
Plant, machinery and equipment	2% - 25%
Motor vehicles	8% - 25%
Furniture and office equipment	5% - 25%
Infrastructure	7%
Renovations	2% - 20%

The residual values, useful life and depreciation method are reviewed at each financial year end to ensure that the amount, method and period of depreciation are consistent with previous estimates and the expected pattern of consumption of the future economic benefits embodied in the items of property, plant and equipment.

The estimated useful lives, residual values and depreciation method are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimates accounted for prospectively.

Gain or loss arising from the disposal of an asset is determined as the difference between the estimated net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognised in profit or loss.

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Property, Plant and Equipment under Hire-Purchase Arrangement

Property, plant and equipment acquired under hire-purchase arrangement are capitalised in the financial statements and the corresponding obligations treated as liabilities. Finance charges are allocated to profit or loss to give a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining hire-purchase obligations.

Prepaid Land Lease Payments

Leasehold land that has an indefinite economic life and title that is not expected to pass to the Group by the end of the lease period is classified as right-of-use assets. The up-front payments for right to use the leasehold land over a predetermined period are accounted for as right-of-use assets under MFRS 16 and are subsequently measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and impairment losses.

Prepaid land lease payments are amortised over the shorter period of lease term and useful life of the underlying asset. If a lease transfers ownership of the underlying asset or the cost of the prepaid land lease reflects that the Group expects to exercise a purchase option, the related prepaid land lease payments are amortised over the useful life of the underlying asset. The amortisation starts at the commencement date of the lease. The prepaid land lease payments were amortised on a straight-line basis over the remaining lease terms, ranging from 63 to 69 years in 2023.

Capitalisation of Borrowing Cost

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are added to the cost of those assets, until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale. Investment income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation. All other borrowing costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

Investment Properties

Investment properties, comprising certain freehold and leasehold land and buildings and economic land concession (work-in-progress), are held for long-term rental yields or for capital appreciation or both, and are not occupied by the Group.

Investment properties are stated at cost, less accumulated depreciation and any impairment losses.

On disposal of an investment property, or when it is permanently withdrawn from use and no future economic benefits are expected from its disposal, it shall be derecognised (eliminated from the statements of financial position). The difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount is recognised in profit or loss.

Freehold land and economic land concession within investment properties are not depreciated. Leasehold land is depreciated over the shorter period of the lease term and the useful life of the land at an annual rate of 2%.

Buildings are depreciated on the straight-line method at an annual rate of 2%.

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Leases

As Lessee

The Group and the Company assess whether a contract is or contains a lease, at inception of the contract. The Group and the Company recognise a right-of-use asset and a corresponding lease liability with respect to all lease arrangements in which it is the lessee, except for short-term leases (defined as leases with a lease term of 12 months or less) and leases of low value assets. For these leases, the Group and the Company recognise the lease payments as an operating expense on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease unless another systematic basis is more representative of the time pattern in which economic benefits from the leased assets are consumed.

The lease liability is initially measured at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at the commencement date discounted by using the rate implicit in the lease. If this rate cannot be readily determined, the Group and the Company use the incremental borrowing rate specific to the lessee.

Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability comprise:

- fixed lease payments (including in-substance fixed payments), less any lease incentives receivable;
- the amount expected to be payable by the lessee under residual value guarantees; and
- the exercise price of purchase options, if the lessee is reasonably certain to exercise the options.

The lease liability is presented as a separate line in the statements of financial position.

The lease liability is subsequently measured by increasing the carrying amount to reflect interest on the lease liability by using the effective interest method and by reducing the carrying amount to reflect the lease payments made.

The Group and the Company remeasure the lease liability and make a corresponding adjustment to the related right-of-use asset whenever:

- the lease term has changed or there is a significant event or change in circumstances resulting in a change in assessment of exercise of a purchase option, in which case the lease liability is remeasured by discounting the revised lease payments using a revised discount rate;
- the lease payments change due to changes in an index or rate or a change in expected payment under a guaranteed residual value, in which cases the lease liability is remeasured by discounting the revised lease payments using an unchanged discount rate, unless the lease payments change is due to a change in a floating interest rate, in which case a revised discount rate is used; or
- a lease contract is modified and the lease modification is not accounted for as a separate lease, in which case the lease liability is remeasured based on the lease term of the modified lease by discounting the revised lease payments using a revised discount rate at the effective date of the modification.

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Leases (continued)

As Lessee (continued)

The right-of-use assets comprise the initial measurement of the corresponding lease liability, lease payments made at or before the commencement day, less any lease incentives received and any initial direct costs. They are subsequently measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Right-of-use assets are depreciated over the shorter period of lease term and useful life of the underlying asset. If a lease transfers ownership of the underlying asset or the cost of the right-of-use asset reflects that the Group and the Company expect to exercise a purchase option, the related right-of-use asset is depreciated over the useful life of the underlying asset. The depreciation starts at the commencement date of the lease.

The lease term and the estimated remaining useful lives of the right-of-use assets are as follows:

Leasehold land and buildings	2 - 6 years (2023: 1 - 35 years)
Plant and equipment	1 - 3 years (2023: 2 - 4 years)

The right-of-use assets are presented as a separate line in the statements of financial position. The Group has recognised right-of-use assets in relation to the rental of leasehold land, buildings, premises, plant and equipment, which had previously been classified as operating leases.

The Group and the Company apply MFRS 136 to determine whether a right-of-use asset is impaired and accounts for any identified impairment loss.

As Lessor

Lessors classify all leases as either operating leases or finance leases and account for them differently. Whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee, the contract is classified as a finance lease. All other leases are classified as operating leases.

When the Group and the Company are an intermediate lessors, they account for the head lease and the sublease as two separate contracts. The sublease is classified as a finance or operating lease by reference to the right-of-use asset arising from the head lease.

Rental income from operating leases is recognised on a straight-line basis over the term of the relevant lease. Initial direct costs incurred in negotiating and arranging an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the leased asset and recognised on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Amounts due from lessees under finance leases are recognised as receivables at the amount of the Group's and of the Company's net investment in the leases. Finance lease income is allocated to financial periods so as to reflect a constant periodic rate of return on the Group's and the Company's net investment outstanding in respect of the leases.

When a contract includes lease and non-lease components, the Group and the Company apply MFRS 15 to allocate the consideration under the contract to each component.

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Property, Plant and Equipment under Finance Leases

Assets acquired by way of finance leases are stated at an amount equal to the lower of their fair values and the present value of the minimum lease payments at the inception of the leases, less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. The corresponding liability is included at the end of the reporting period as borrowings. In calculating the present value of the minimum lease payments, the discount factor used is the interest rate implicit in the lease, when it is practicable to determine; otherwise, the Group's incremental borrowing rate is used. Any initial direct costs are also added to the carrying amount of such assets.

Lease payments are apportioned between the finance costs and the reduction of the outstanding liability. Finance costs, which represent the difference between the total leasing commitments and the fair value of the assets acquired, are recognised as an expense in profit or loss over the term of the relevant lease so as to produce a constant periodic rate of charge on the remaining balance of the obligations for each accounting period.

Land held for Property Development

Land held for property development consists of land on which no significant development work has been undertaken or where development activities are not expected to be completed within the normal operating cycle. Such land is classified as non-current asset and is stated at lower of cost and net realisable value.

Cost associated with the acquisition of land includes the purchase price of the land, professional fees, stamp duties, commissions, conversion fees and other relevant levies. Where an indication of impairment exists, the carrying amount of the asset is assessed and written down immediately to its recoverable amount.

Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less the costs of completion and applicable variable selling expenses.

Land held for property development is transferred to property development costs (under current assets) when development activities have commenced and where the development activities are expected to be completed within the Group's normal operating cycle.

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Goodwill on Consolidation

Goodwill on consolidation represents the excess of the cost of acquisition of subsidiary companies over the Group's interest in the net fair value of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities of the subsidiary companies at the date of acquisition. If, after reassessment, the net of the acquisition-date amounts of the identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed exceeds the sum of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interests in the acquiree and the fair value of the acquirer's previously held equity interest in the acquiree (if any), the excess is recognised immediately in profit or loss as a bargain purchase gain.

Goodwill is initially recognised as an asset at cost and is subsequently measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses.

For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill is allocated to each of the Group's cash-generating units expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination. Cash-generating units to which goodwill has been allocated are tested for impairment annually, or more frequently when there is an indication that the unit may be impaired.

If the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit is less than the carrying amount of the unit, the impairment loss is allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to the unit and then to the other assets of the unit pro-rata on the basis of the carrying amount of each asset in the unit. An impairment loss recognised for goodwill is not reversed in a subsequent period.

On disposal of a subsidiary company, the attributable amount of goodwill is included in the determination of the gain or loss on disposal.

Property Development Cost

Property development costs comprising costs of land, direct materials, direct labour, other direct costs, attributable overheads and payments to subcontractors that meet the definition of inventories are recognised as an asset and are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less the estimated costs of completion and applicable variable selling expenses. The asset is subsequently recognised as an expense in profit or loss when or as the control of the asset is transferred to the customer over time or at a point in time.

Incremental costs of obtaining a contract with a customer are recognised as assets if the entity expects to recover those costs. The incremental costs of obtaining a contract are those costs that an entity incurs to obtain a contract with a customer that it would not have incurred if the contract had not been obtained. Costs to obtain a contract that would have been incurred regardless of whether the contract was obtained shall be recognised as an expense when incurred, unless those costs are explicitly chargeable to the customer regardless of whether the contract is obtained.

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Contract Costs

The contract costs are initially measured at cost and amortised on a systematic basis that is consistent with the pattern of revenue recognition to which the assets relate. An impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss when the carrying amount of the contract cost exceeds the expected revenue less expected cost that will be incurred. Where the impairment condition no longer exists or has improved, the impairment loss is reversed to the extent that the carrying amount of the contract cost does not exceed the amount that would have been recognised had there been no impairment loss recognised previously.

The Group applies the practical expedient in paragraph 94 of MFRS 15 and recognises the incremental costs of obtaining contracts as an expense when incurred if the amortisation period of the assets that the Group otherwise would have recognised is one year or less.

Inventories

Trading merchandise, finished goods, raw materials and other products are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined principally on the 'weighted average' method. The costs of raw materials comprise the original purchase price plus the incidental cost incurred in bringing the inventories to their present locations and conditions. The cost of finished goods comprise the cost of raw materials, direct labour, direct charges and an appropriate proportion of production overheads.

Completed property units for sale are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined using the 'specific identification' method.

Net realisable value represents the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less selling and distribution costs and all other estimated costs to completion.

In arriving at net realisable value, due allowance is made for damaged, obsolete or slow moving inventories.

Non-Current Assets Classified As Held For Sale

Non-current assets and disposal groups are classified as held for sale if their carrying amount will be recovered through a sale transaction rather than through continuing use. This condition is regarded as met only when the asset or disposal group is available for immediate sale in its present condition and the sale is highly probable, where management is committed to the sale which is expected to complete within one year from the date of classification.

Non-current assets and disposal groups classified as held for sale are measured at the lower of carrying amount and fair value less costs to sell.

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Group or the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, when it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation, and when a reliable estimate of the amount of the obligation can be made. Provisions are measured at the Directors' best estimate of the amount required to settle the obligation at the end of the reporting period, and are discounted to present value where the effect is material.

At the end of each reporting period, provisions are reviewed by the Directors and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate. Provisions are reversed if it is no longer probable that the Group will be required to settle the obligations.

Segment Reporting

An operating segment is a component of the Group that engages in business activities from which it may earn revenue and incur expenses, including revenue and expenses that relate to transactions with any of the Group's other components. An operating segment's operating results are reviewed by the chief operating decision makers to make decisions about resources to be allocated to the segment and assess its performance, and for which discrete financial information is available.

Contract Assets and Contract Liabilities

A contract assets is the right to consideration for goods or services transferred to the customers. Contract assets is the excess of cumulative revenue recognised in profit or loss over the cumulative billings to customers.

A contract liability is stated at cost and represents the obligation of the Group to transfer goods or services to a customer for which consideration has been received from the customers.

Contingent Liabilities

The Group does not recognise a contingent liability but discloses its existence in the financial statements. A contingent liability is a possible obligation that arises from past events whose existence will be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events beyond the control of the Group or a present obligation that is not recognised because it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation or a sufficiently reliable estimate of the amount of the obligation cannot be made.

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Financial Guarantee Contracts

A financial guarantee contract is a contract that requires the issuer to make specified payments to reimburse the holder for a loss it incurs because a specified debtor fails to make payment when due.

Financial guarantee contract liabilities are initially measured at fair values. Subsequently, they are measured at higher of:

- the amount of the loss allowance determined in accordance with MFRS 9; and
- the amount initially recognised less, when appropriate, the cumulative amount of income recognised in accordance to the principles of MFRS 15.

Financial Instruments

Financial assets

Financial assets are recognised in the statements of financial position when, and only when, the Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the financial instrument.

A financial asset (unless it is a trade receivable without significant financing component) is initially measured at fair value plus transaction cost that are directly attributable to its acquisition or issuance. A trade receivable without significant financing component is initially measured at the transaction price.

The Group determines the classification of its financial assets at initial recognition, and the categories include financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, financial assets at amortised cost and financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income.

(a) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets are classified as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss if they are held for trading or are designated as such upon initial recognition. A financial asset is classified as held for trading if:

- it has been acquired principally for the purpose of selling it in the near term; or
- on initial recognition it is part of a portfolio of identified financial instruments that the Group manages together and has a recent actual pattern of short-term profit taking; or
- it is a derivative that is not designated and effective as hedging instrument.

Subsequent to initial recognition, financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are measured at fair value. Any gains or losses arising from changes in fair value are recognised in profit or loss. Net gains or net losses on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss do not include exchange differences, interest and dividend income. Exchange differences, interest and dividend income on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are recognised separately in profit or loss as part of other losses or other income.

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss could be presented as current or non-current. Financial assets that is held primarily for trading purposes are presented as current whereas financial assets that is not held primarily for trading purposes are presented as current or non-current based on the settlement date.

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Financial Instruments (continued)

Financial assets (continued)

(b) Financial assets at amortised cost

Financial assets at amortised cost are held within a business model with the objective to hold assets to collect contractual cash flows and its contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principle amount outstanding.

Subsequent to initial recognition, financial assets at amortised cost are measured using the effective interest method and are subject to impairment. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the asset is derecognised, modified or impaired.

Financial asset at amortised cost are classified as current assets, except for those having maturity dates later than 12 months after the reporting date which are classified as non-current.

Interest income is recognised by applying effective interest rate to the gross carrying amount, where applicable, except for credit impaired financial assets where the effective interest rate is applied to the amortised cost.

(c) Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVTOCI")

(i) Debt Investments

Fair value through other comprehensive income category comprises debt investment where it is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling the debt investment, and its contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding. The debt investment is not designated as at fair value through profit or loss.

Interest income calculated using the effective interest method, foreign exchange gains and losses and impairment are recognised in profit or loss. Other net gains and losses are recognised in other comprehensive income. On derecognition, gains and losses accumulated in other comprehensive income are reclassified to profit or loss. Interest income is recognised by applying effective interest rate to the gross carrying amount except for credit impaired financial assets where the effective interest rate is applied to the amortised cost.

(ii) Equity Investments

This category comprises investment in equity (other than in subsidiary companies, associated companies and joint venture) which are not held for trading, and the Group irrevocably elects to present subsequent changes in the investment's fair value in other comprehensive income. This election is made on an investment-by-investment basis. Dividends are recognised as income in profit or loss unless the dividend clearly represents a recovery of part of the cost of investment. Other net gains and losses are recognised in other comprehensive income. On derecognition, gains and losses accumulate in other comprehensive income are not reclassified to profit or loss.

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Financial Instruments (continued)

Financial assets (continued)

A financial asset is derecognised when the contractual right to receive cash flows from the asset has expired. On derecognition of a financial asset in its entirety, the difference between the carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received (including any new asset obtained less any new liability assumed) is recognised in profit or loss.

Impairment of financial assets

The Group recognises loss allowance for expected credit losses on financial assets measured at amortised cost, lease receivables, trade receivables and contract assets, as well as on financial guarantee contracts.

The Group measures loss allowance at an amount equal to lifetime expected credit loss except for cash and bank balance for which credit risk has not increased significantly since initial recognition, which are measured at 12-month expected credit loss. Loss allowances for trade receivables, contract assets and lease receivables are always measured at an amount equal to lifetime expected credit loss.

When determining whether the credit risk of a financial asset has increased significantly since initial recognition and when estimating expected credit loss, the Group considers reasonable and supportable information that is relevant and available without undue cost or effort. This includes both quantitative and qualitative information and analysis, based on the Group's historical experience and informed credit assessment and including forward-looking information, where available.

Lifetime expected credit losses are the expected credit losses that result from all possible default events over the expected life of the asset, while 12-month expected credit losses are the portion of expected credit losses that result from default events that are possible within the 12 months after the end of the reporting period. The maximum period considered when estimating expected credit losses is the maximum contractual period over which the Group is exposed to credit risk.

The Group considers past loss experience and observable data such as current changes and future forecast in economic changes to estimate the amount of expected impairment loss. The methodology assumptions including any forecast of future economic conditions are reviewed regularly. An impairment loss in respect of financial assets measured at amortised cost is recognised in profit or loss and the carrying amount of the asset is reduced through the use of an allowance account.

At the end of each reporting period, the Group assesses whether financial assets carried at amortised cost are credit-impaired. A financial asset is credit impaired when one or more events that have a detrimental impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset have occurred. The gross carrying amount of a financial asset is written off (either partially or full) to the extent that there is no realistic prospect of recovery. This is generally the case when the Group determines that the debtor does have assets or sources of income that could generate sufficient cash flows to repay the amounts subject to the write-off. However, financial assets that are written off could still be subject to enforcement activities in order to comply with the Group's procedures for recovery amounts due.

For other receivables, the Group and the Company measure loss allowance at an amount equal to 12-month expected credit loss if credit risk on a financial instrument or a group of financial instruments has not increased significantly since initial recognition.

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Financial Instruments (continued)

Impairment of financial assets (continued)

For financial guarantee contracts, the date that the Group becomes a party to the irrevocable commitment is considered to be the date of initial recognition for the purposes of assessing the financial instrument for impairment. In assessing whether there has been a significant increase in the credit risk since initial recognition of a financial guarantee contracts, the Group considers the changes in the risk that the specified debtor will default on the contract.

Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into and the definitions of a financial liability. Financial liabilities are recognised in the statements of financial position when, and only when, the Group and the Company become a party to the contractual provisions of the financial instrument. Financial liabilities are classified as either financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss or other financial liabilities. The measurement of financial liabilities depends on their classification.

Equity instruments

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of an entity after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments issued by the Group and the Company are recognised at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

Other financial liabilities

The Group's other financial liabilities include trade payables, other payables and loans and borrowings.

Trade and other payables are recognised initially at fair value plus directly attributable transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Loans and borrowings are recognised initially at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred, and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the Group has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the reporting date.

For other financial liabilities, gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognised, and through the amortisation process.

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is extinguished. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as a derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability, and the difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in profit or loss.

Statements of Cash Flows

The Group and the Company adopt the indirect method in the preparation of the statements of cash flows.

Cash and cash equivalents which comprise deposits, cash and bank balances, and bank overdrafts are short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to cash with insignificant risks of changes in value.

4. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY

(i) Critical judgements in applying the Group's and the Company's accounting policies

In the process of applying the Group's and the Company's accounting policies, which are described in Note 3 above, management is of the opinion that there are no instances of application of judgement which are expected to have a significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements except for the following:

(a) Impairment of Receivables

Assessment of impairment for receivables is made based on the evaluation of collectability and ageing analysis of accounts and on management's estimate of, amongst others, the quantum and timing of cash flows. A considerable amount of judgement is required in assessing the ultimate realisation of these receivables, including the judgement about the creditworthiness of the debtors and the past collection history of each customer. If the financial conditions of the customers were to deteriorate such that the ability of the customers to make repayments is affected, additional allowance for impairment loss may be required.

As at 31 December 2024, the Group has trade and other receivables due from two (2023: two) major related parties namely, Lion DRI Sdn Bhd ("Lion DRI") and Graimpi Sdn Bhd (In liquidation) ("Graimpi"). Both of these companies are wholly-owned subsidiaries of Lion Diversified Holdings Berhad (In liquidation), a company in which Tan Sri Cheng Heng Jem has substantial interest.

	The Group	
	2024	2023
	RM'000	RM'000
Trade receivables - Lion DRI (Note 24(a))	113,402	113,402
Other receivables - Lion DRI and Graimpi (Note 24(b))	111,215	111,215
	224,617	224,617
Less: Accumulated impairment losses	(224,617)	(224,617)
	-	-

In view that Lion DRI ceased operations in previous financial years and the ability to generate adequate cash flows for repaying its debts to the Group is uncertain and Graimpi being in liquidation, the Directors are of the opinion that full impairment losses need to be recognised for these outstanding amounts.

4. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY (continued)

(i) Critical judgements in applying the Group's and the Company's accounting policies (continued)

(b) Impairment of Investment Properties

The Group has investment properties which comprise mainly freehold land, leasehold land and economic land concessions ("ELC") in Cambodia of RM114,552,000 (2023: RM118,104,000). Significant judgement is exercised in determining the manner in which the recovery of the said investment properties could be made and the amounts that could be realised. The amount expected to be recovered for the said investment properties was determined based on the fair value less cost to sell, by references to the latest valuation carried out by an independent firm of professional valuers.

(ii) Key sources of estimation uncertainty

Management believes that there are no key assumptions made concerning the future, and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of the reporting period, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year except for the following:

(a) Impairment of Non-Current Assets

Determining whether assets are impaired requires an estimation of the recoverable amounts of the assets. As at 31 December 2024, the Group and the Company recognised accumulated impairment losses in respect of the following:

	The Group		The Company	
	2024	2023	2024	2023
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Right-of-use assets (Note 15)	21,166	-	-	-
Investment in subsidiary companies (Note 17)	-	-	336,800	336,853
Investment in associated companies (Note 18)	12,655	12,655	15,323	15,323
Long-term investments (Note 20)	67,641	68,248	-	-
	<u>67,641</u>	<u>68,248</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>

Management exercises its judgement in estimating the recoverable amounts of these assets.

When there is an indication that the carrying amount of an asset may be impaired, the asset's recoverable amount, being the higher of its fair value less costs to sell and its value-in-use ("VIU"), will be assessed. The assessment of the recoverable amounts involves a number of methodologies.

In determining the VIU of an asset, being the future economic benefits to be expected from its continued use and ultimate disposal, the Group and the Company make estimates and assumptions that require significant judgements. While the Group and the Company believe these estimates and assumptions of VIU could be reasonable and appropriate, changes on these estimates and assumptions of VIU could impact the Group's and the Company's financial position and performance.

4. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY (continued)

(ii) Key sources of estimation uncertainty (continued)

(b) Impairment of Goodwill

Determining whether goodwill is impaired requires an estimation of the VIU of the cash-generating units to which goodwill has been allocated. The VIU calculation requires management to estimate the future cash flows expected to arise from the cash-generating unit and a suitable discount rate in order to calculate present value of those cash flows. Consequently, the goodwill associated with the Group's steel operations, totaling RM130,443,000, was fully impaired in the previous year, given that the recoverable amount was lower than its carrying amount. Details of the cash-generating unit calculation are disclosed in Note 22.

(c) Deferred Tax Assets

Deferred tax assets are recognised for deductible temporary differences, unused tax losses and unabsorbed capital allowances to the extent that it is probable that sufficient future taxable profits will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, unused tax losses and unabsorbed capital allowances can be utilised. Significant management judgement is required to determine the amount of deferred tax assets that can be recognised, based upon likely timing and level of future taxable profits. The total carrying value of deferred tax assets recognised by the Group amounted to RM10,153,000 (2023: RM9,937,000).

(d) Depreciation of Property, Plant and Equipment

The cost of property, plant and equipment except for freehold land and construction work-in-progress, is depreciated on a straight-line basis over the assets' useful lives. The Group reviews the remaining useful lives of property, plant and equipment at the end of each reporting period and ensures the patterns of consumptions of the economic benefits that embodies the items in these assets. Changes in useful lives of property, plant and equipment may result in revision of future depreciation charges.

4. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY (continued)

(ii) Key sources of estimation uncertainty (continued)

(e) Impairment of Property, Plant and Equipment

During the current financial year, the Directors have made impairment assessments on the steel making plants of two subsidiary companies located in Banting ("Banting Plants") and in Klang ("Klang Plants"). Banting Plants have temporarily stopped production, while the Klang Plants are in operation. The two subsidiary companies have incurred losses for the year. The recoverable amounts of the Banting Plants and Klang Plants, which consist of land, buildings, plant and machinery, are determined based on fair value less cost to sell, by a reference to the latest valuation carried out by an independent firm of professional valuers in February 2025 (2023: February 2024). The basis of fair value less cost to sell for the said assets is determined as follows:

- (i) Land - Comparison Method (Level 3), being comparison of current prices in an active market for similar properties in the same location and condition and where necessary, adjusting for location, accessibility, market condition, size, shape and terrain of land, tenurial interest and restriction if any, availability of infrastructure, vacant possession and developmental approval and other relevant characteristics.
- (ii) Building, plant and machinery - Depreciated Replacement Cost Method (Level 3), where the asset value is taken to be equal to the cost of replacing the asset in its existing condition. This is determined by taking the current replacement cost of the asset as new and allowing for depreciation of physical, functional and economic obsolescence.

The Directors believe that the chosen valuation method is appropriate in determining the recoverable amounts of these plants.

The Directors are of the opinion that the carrying amounts of the Banting Plants and Klang Plants of RM640,378,000 and RM33,270,000 (2023: RM678,381,000 and RM96,452,000) respectively, net of accumulated impairment losses of RM183,173,000 and RM13,877,000 (2023: RM183,173,000 and RM3,647,000) respectively are recoverable.

(f) Provision for expected credit losses ("ECL") of trade receivables

The Group uses simplified approach in calculating loss allowances for trade receivables by applying an ECL rate. Significant estimate is required in determining the impairment of trade receivables. Impairment loss measured based on ECL model is based on assumptions on risk of default and expected loss rates. The Group uses judgement in making these assumptions and selecting the inputs to the impairment calculation based on the Group's past collection records, existing market conditions as well as forward looking estimates as of the end of the reporting period.

5. REVENUE

An analysis of revenue is as follows:

	The Group		The Company	
	2024	2023	2024	2023
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Revenue from contracts with customers:				
Sales of goods	1,593,505	1,890,291	-	-
Sales of land	46,471	1,320	-	-
Sales of development properties (Note 24(d))	4,432	-	-	-
Services rendered	17,084	23,176	-	-
	1,661,492	1,914,787	-	-
Revenue from other source:				
Interest income	38	30	-	-
	1,661,530	1,914,817	-	-
Timing of revenue recognition:				
At a point in time	1,640,100	1,892,075	-	-
Over time	21,392	22,712	-	-
Revenue from contracts with customers	1,661,492	1,914,787	-	-
Other revenue	38	30	-	-
	1,661,530	1,914,817	-	-

The transactions price allocated to the remaining performance obligation (unsatisfied or partially unsatisfied) are as follows:

	The Group		The Company	
	2024	2023	2024	2023
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Property development activities:				
- within 1 year	11,404	50,165	-	-
- 1 year to 5 years	-	5,541	-	-
	11,404	55,706	-	-

6. (LOSS)/PROFIT FROM OPERATIONS

(Loss)/Profit from operations is arrived at after crediting/(charging) the following income/(expenses):

	The Group		The Company	
	2024	2023	2024	2023
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Property, plant and equipment written off (Note 12)	(693)	(118)	-	-
Allowance for obsolescence inventories (Note 23)	(35,174)	(225)	-	-
Gain on disposal of:				
- property, plant and equipment	976	12,845	-	-
- non-current assets classified as held for sale	-	25,315	-	-
Government grant (Note)	-	10	-	-
Fees paid/payable to external auditors:				
Statutory audit:				
Auditors of the Company:				
- current year	(1,004)	(882)	(130)	(127)
- prior year	(21)	(35)	-	10
Other auditors:				
- current year	(75)	(74)	-	-
Non-audit services:				
Auditors of the Company	(16)	(23)	(8)	(8)
Bad debts recovered/(written off)	36	94	(6)	-
Rental income	4,420	4,315	26	24
Gain/(Loss) on foreign exchange (net):				
- Realised	3,253	604	(118)	-
- Unrealised	(3,235)	1,980	-	122
Interest income from Housing Development Accounts	94	191	-	36

Note:

During the previous financial year, the Group received government subsidies of RM10,000 in relation to the Wage Subsidy Programme under National Economic Recovery Plan initiated by the Government of Malaysia.

Analysis of staff costs is as follows:

	The Group		The Company	
	2024	2023	2024	2023
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Salaries and other emoluments	106,086	128,508	954	1,203
Defined contribution plans	11,663	12,712	22	39
	117,749	141,220	976	1,242

6. (LOSS)/PROFIT FROM OPERATIONS (continued)

Included in staff costs are the remuneration of members of key management, other than the Directors of the Group and of the Company as disclosed in Note 7, as follows:

	The Group	
	2024	2023
	RM'000	RM'000
Salaries and other emoluments	2,233	2,541
Defined contribution plans	180	220
	2,413	2,761

Included in other emoluments is the estimated monetary value of benefits-in-kind received and receivable by the key management personnel, other than the Directors of the Group and of the Company as disclosed in Note 7, otherwise than in cash from the Group amounted to RM33,000 (2023: RM58,000).

7. DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION

Directors' remuneration of the Group and of the Company classified into executive and non-executive Directors are as follows:

	The Group		The Company	
	2024	2023	2024	2023
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Executive Director:				
- Fee	60	60	35	35
- Salaries and other emoluments	2,584	2,560	965	965
	2,644	2,620	1,000	1,000
Non-executive Directors:				
- Fees	286	255	266	235
- Salaries and other emoluments	184	167	47	35
- Defined contribution plans	12	12	-	-
	482	434	313	270
Total	3,126	3,054	1,313	1,270

Including in other emoluments is estimated monetary value of benefits-in-kind received and receivable by the Directors otherwise than in cash from the Group and the Company amounted to RM203,000 and RM Nil (2023: RM182,000 and RM Nil) respectively.

8. INVESTMENT INCOME

	The Group		The Company	
	2024	2023	2024	2023
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Interest income from:				
- Fixed deposits	1,547	1,905	108	81
- Others	2,879	1,875	16	153
	4,426	3,780	124	234
Dividend income from:				
- Investment in money market funds	87	83	-	-
	4,513	3,863	124	234

9. FINANCE COSTS

	The Group		The Company	
	2024	2023	2024	2023
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Interest expenses on:				
- Term loans	2,912	4,387	372	377
- Security deposits received from customer (Note 33(b))	2,029	2,003	-	-
- Deposits received from non-current assets classified as held for sale (Note 33(b))	4,461	1,400	-	-
- Bills payable, banker acceptance and revolving credit	5,356	4,911	-	-
- Bank overdrafts	444	403	291	261
- Obligations under hire purchase and lease arrangements	20	333	-	-
- Lease liabilities (Note 32)	4,256	1,289	-	1
- Late payment charged by trade payables	5,061	87	-	-
- Others	827	589	1	1
	25,366	15,402	664	640

10. TAX (EXPENSE)/CREDIT

Tax (expense)/credit for the Group and the Company consists of:

	The Group		The Company	
	2024	2023	2024	2023
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Estimated tax payable:				
- Current year	(5,496)	(4,630)	-	-
- Over provision in prior years	622	392	-	99
	(4,874)	(4,238)	-	99
Deferred tax (Note 21):				
- Current year	255	(63,431)	-	-
- Over/(Under) provision in prior years	4,347	(374)	-	-
	4,602	(63,805)	-	-
Total tax (expense)/credit	(272)	(68,043)	-	99

The tax (expense)/credit varied from the amount of tax expense determined by applying the applicable income tax rate to (loss)/profit before tax as a result of the following differences:

	The Group		The Company	
	2024	2023	2024	2023
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
(Loss)/Profit before tax	(84,633)	(334,371)	20,626	(82,627)
Tax credit/(expenses) at statutory tax rate of 24% (2023: 24%)	20,312	80,249	(4,950)	19,830
Tax effects of:				
- Non-taxable income	59,505	18,049	6,091	29
- Non-deductible expenses	(36,674)	(65,512)	(1,152)	(19,859)
Tax effect on share of results of associated companies and joint venture	(5,736)	(1,049)	-	-
Deferred tax assets not recognised	(44,158)	(40,512)	-	-
Reversal of deferred tax assets previously recognised	-	(59,286)	-	-
Utilisation of deferred tax assets not recognised previously	1,510	-	11	-
Over/(Under) provision in prior years:				
- Income tax	622	392	-	99
- Deferred tax	4,347	(374)	-	-
	(272)	(68,043)	-	99

10. TAX (EXPENSE)/CREDIT (continued)

As mentioned in Note 3, the tax effects of deductible temporary differences, unused tax losses and unused tax credits which would give rise to net deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, unused tax losses and unused tax credits can be utilised. As at 31 December 2024, the estimated amount of temporary differences, unused tax losses, unabsorbed capital allowances and unused reinvestment allowances, for which the tax effects are not recognised in the financial statements due to uncertainty of their realisation, is as follows:

	The Group		The Company	
	2024	2023	2024	2023
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Temporary differences arising from:				
- Property, plant and equipment	70,643	43,937	-	-
- Trade and other receivables	23,588	15,422	-	-
- Others	56,830	25,003	-	-
Unused tax losses and unabsorbed capital allowances	1,843,666	1,732,667	14,881	14,837
Unused reinvestment allowances	61,479	61,479	-	-
	2,056,206	1,878,508	14,881	14,837

The availability of the unused tax losses, unabsorbed capital allowances and unused reinvestment allowances for offsetting future taxable profits of the Company and of the subsidiary companies are subject to the agreement with the tax authority.

In accordance with the provision of the Finance Act 2021, the time period of carrying forward unused tax losses is ten years, for which, any excess at the end of the tenth year, will be disregarded.

The expiry of the unused tax losses is as follows:

	The Group		The Company	
	2024	2023	2024	2023
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Unused tax losses:				
Expire by 31 December 2028	702,458	715,379	12,175	12,175
Expire by 31 December 2029	107,452	107,452	-	-
Expire by 31 December 2030	252,960	252,960	-	-
Expire by 31 December 2031	22,333	22,444	-	-
Expire by 31 December 2032	232,586	232,553	-	-
Expire by 31 December 2033	136,648	180,820	-	-
Expire by 31 December 2034	102,800	-	-	-
	1,557,237	1,511,608	12,175	12,175

11. LOSS PER SHARE**(a) Basic**

Basic loss per share of the Group is calculated by dividing loss for the year attributable to owners of the Company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the year as follows:

	The Group	
	2024	2023
Loss attributable to owners of the Company ("RM'000)	(87,655)	(401,296)
Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue ('000)	680,804	680,804
Loss per share (Sen)	(12.88)	(58.94)

(b) Diluted

The calculation of diluted loss per share was based on loss attributable to ordinary shareholders and the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding after adjustment for the effects of all dilutive potential ordinary shares. The diluted loss per ordinary share was not applicable as the unexercised warrants were anti-dilutive in nature, this was due to the average market share price of the Company being below the exercise price of the warrants.

12. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

The Group

	COST						
	As at 1 January 2024 RM'000	Additions RM'000	Disposals RM'000	Write-offs RM'000	Reclassification RM'000	Exchange difference RM'000	As at 31 December 2024 RM'000
Freehold land	283,910	-	-	-	-	-	283,910
Freehold buildings	384,228	-	-	-	(19,661)	-	364,567
Buildings under long lease	48,058	120	(67,839)	-	19,661	-	-
Buildings under short lease	466	-	(466)	-	-	-	-
Plant, machinery and equipment	1,534,416	1,966	(10,374)	(2,623)	6,463	(236)	1,529,612
Motor vehicles	13,661	9	(1,078)	(222)	-	(14)	12,356
Furniture and office equipment	50,141	762	(453)	(1,822)	-	(1)	48,627
Infrastructure	114,596	1,068	-	-	-	-	115,664
Renovations	1,874	12	-	-	-	-	1,886
Construction work-in-progress	173,361	4,396	-	(681)	(6,463)	-	170,613
Total	2,604,711	8,333	(80,210)	(5,348)	-	(251)	2,527,235

12. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (continued)

The Group

	ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION						
	As at 1 January 2024 RM'000	Charge for the year RM'000	Disposals RM'000	Write-offs RM'000	Reclassification RM'000	Exchange difference RM'000	As at 31 December 2024 RM'000
Freehold land	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Freehold buildings	276,013	6,575	-	-	(23,234)	-	259,354
Buildings under long lease	41,065	73	(64,372)	-	23,234	-	-
Buildings under short lease	466	-	(466)	-	-	-	-
Plant, machinery and equipment	1,073,353	33,549	(4,834)	(2,352)	-	(232)	1,099,484
Motor vehicles	11,232	325	(1,078)	(222)	-	(14)	10,243
Furniture and office equipment	40,746	2,261	(401)	(1,810)	-	(1)	40,795
Infrastructure	50,397	554	-	-	-	-	50,951
Renovations	1,572	68	-	-	-	-	1,640
Construction work-in-progress	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	1,494,844	43,405	(71,151)	(4,384)	-	(247)	1,462,467

12. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (continued)

The Group

	ACCUMULATED IMPAIRMENT LOSSES					CARRYING AMOUNT
	As at 1 January 2024 RM'000	Charge for the year RM'000	Disposals RM'000	Write-offs RM'000	Reversal RM'000	As at 31 December 2024 RM'000
Freehold land	-	-	-	-	-	283,910
Freehold buildings	27,454	-	-	-	-	77,759
Buildings under long lease	3,467	-	(3,467)	-	-	-
Buildings under short lease	-	-	-	-	-	-
Plant, machinery and equipment	56,995	16,661	(2,297)	(271)	(637)	359,677
Motor vehicles	-	-	-	-	-	2,113
Furniture and office equipment	28	-	-	-	(28)	7,832
Infrastructure	57,120	-	-	-	-	7,593
Renovations	-	-	-	-	-	246
Construction work-in-progress	114,057	1,896	-	-	-	54,660
Total	259,121	18,557	(5,764)	(271)	(665)	793,790

12. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (continued)**The Group**

	COST							
	As at 1 January 2023 RM'000	Additions RM'000	Disposals RM'000	Write-offs RM'000	Non-current assets classified as held for sale (Note 27) RM'000	Reclassi- fication RM'000	Exchange difference RM'000	As at 31 December 2023 RM'000
Freehold land	296,635	-	-	-	(12,725)	-	-	283,910
Freehold buildings	383,099	869	-	-	-	260	-	384,228
Buildings under long lease	48,058	-	-	-	-	-	-	48,058
Buildings under short lease	466	-	-	-	-	-	-	466
Plant, machinery and equipment	1,598,565	16,848	(75,019)	(8,914)	-	2,545	391	1,534,416
Motor vehicles	14,448	-	(811)	-	-	-	24	13,661
Furniture and office equipment	49,281	1,439	(480)	(105)	-	3	3	50,141
Infrastructure	110,400	4,196	-	-	-	-	-	114,596
Renovations	1,852	22	-	-	-	-	-	1,874
Construction work-in-progress	169,783	6,594	(208)	-	-	(2,808)	-	173,361
Total	2,672,587	29,968	(76,518)	(9,019)	(12,725)	-	418	2,604,711

12. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (continued)

The Group

ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION								
	As at 1 January 2023 RM'000	Charge for the year RM'000	Disposals RM'000	Write-offs RM'000	Non-current assets classified as held for sale (Note 27) RM'000	Reclassi- fication RM'000	Exchange difference RM'000	As at 31 December 2023 RM'000
Freehold land	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Freehold buildings	268,864	7,149	-	-	-	-	-	276,013
Buildings under long lease	40,110	955	-	-	-	-	-	41,065
Buildings under short lease	466	-	-	-	-	-	-	466
Plant, machinery and equipment	1,104,361	33,297	(58,368)	(6,305)	-	-	368	1,073,353
Motor vehicles	11,407	546	(745)	-	-	-	24	11,232
Furniture and office equipment	38,874	2,341	(365)	(105)	-	-	1	40,746
Infrastructure	50,072	325	-	-	-	-	-	50,397
Renovations	1,495	77	-	-	-	-	-	1,572
Construction work-in-progress	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	1,515,649	44,690	(59,478)	(6,410)	-	-	393	1,494,844

12. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (continued)

The Group

	ACCUMULATED IMPAIRMENT LOSSES				CARRYING AMOUNT
	As at 1 January 2023 RM'000	Charge for the year RM'000	Reversal RM'000	Write-offs RM'000	As at 31 December 2023 RM'000
Freehold land	1,754	-	(1,754)	-	283,910
Freehold buildings	28,299	1,004	(1,849)	-	80,761
Buildings under long lease	-	3,467	-	-	3,526
Buildings under short lease	-	-	-	-	-
Plant, machinery and equipment	59,654	-	(168)	(2,491)	404,068
Motor vehicles	-	-	-	-	2,429
Furniture and office equipment	28	-	-	-	9,367
Infrastructure	57,120	-	-	-	7,079
Renovations	-	-	-	-	302
Construction work-in-progress	107,533	6,524	-	-	59,304
Total	254,388	10,995	(3,771)	(2,491)	850,746

12. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (continued)**The Company**

	COST		
	As at 1 January 2024 RM'000	Addition RM'000	Disposal RM'000
Motor vehicles	75	-	-
Furniture and office equipment	5,043	2	(22)
Renovations	1,007	-	-
Total	6,125	2	(22)

	ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION			CARRYING AMOUNT
	As at 1 January 2024 RM'000	Charge for the year RM'000	Disposal RM'000	As at 31 December 2024 RM'000
Motor vehicles	73	-	-	2
Furniture and office equipment	4,980	50	(22)	15
Renovations	1,007	-	-	-
Total	6,060	50	(22)	17

	COST		
	As at 1 January 2023 RM'000	Addition RM'000	Disposal RM'000
Motor vehicles	75	-	-
Furniture and office equipment	5,043	-	-
Renovations	1,007	-	-
Total	6,125	-	-

	ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION			CARRYING AMOUNT
	As at 1 January 2023 RM'000	Charge for the year RM'000	Disposal RM'000	As at 31 December 2023 RM'000
Motor vehicles	73	-	-	2
Furniture and office equipment	4,893	87	-	63
Renovations	997	10	-	-
Total	5,963	97	-	65

12. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (continued)

- (a) Included in property, plant and equipment of the Group are assets acquired under lease and hire-purchase arrangements with carrying amount of RM402,000 (2023: RM547,000).
- (b) The deferred payables of the Group (Note 34) are secured by the property, plant and equipment of certain subsidiary companies with carrying amount totalling RM555,306,000 (2023: RM583,949,000).

13. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES**The Group**

	Freehold land RM'000	Freehold land and buildings RM'000	Leasehold land and buildings RM'000	Work-in progress RM'000	Total RM'000
Cost:					
As at 1 January 2023	52,276	462	22,218	39,785	114,741
Exchange differences	2,378	-	991	1,810	5,179
As at 31 December 2023/ 1 January 2024	54,654	462	23,209	41,595	119,920
Exchange differences	(1,439)	-	(599)	(1,095)	(3,133)
As at 31 December 2024	53,215	462	22,610	40,500	116,787
Accumulated depreciation:					
As at 1 January 2023	-	221	643	-	864
Charge for the year	-	9	464	-	473
Exchange differences	-	-	19	-	19
As at 31 December 2023/ 1 January 2024	-	230	1,126	-	1,356
Charge for the year	-	9	452	-	461
Exchange differences	-	-	(24)	-	(24)
As at 31 December 2024	-	239	1,554	-	1,793
Carrying amount:					
As at 31 December 2023	54,654	232	22,083	41,595	118,564
As at 31 December 2024	53,215	223	21,056	40,500	114,994
Fair value:					
As at 31 December 2023	78,124	410	38,052	Note	
As at 31 December 2024	76,067	410	37,724	Note	

13. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (continued)

Note:

Work-in-progress comprises mainly economic land concessions ("ELC") in Cambodia. The lease agreements for the ELC which determine the lease period of the land, which management is pursuing, have yet to be obtained. The fair values of the ELC are not reasonably determinable until the ELC are converted into leasehold land. Based on the market evidence of transaction prices for leasehold land by the independent firm of professional valuers in March 2025 (2023: March 2024), the Directors have concluded there is no impairment for the ELC.

The rental income earned by the Group from its investment properties amounted to RM1,092,000 (2023: RM514,000). Direct operating expenses pertaining to the investment properties of the Group that generated rental income during the financial year amounted to RM5,000 (2023: RM5,000).

Direct operating expenses incurred by the Group for investment properties that did not generate any rental income during the financial year amounted to RM5,000 (2023: RM6,000).

The fair value of investment properties were determined based on the valuations performed by accredited independent firms of professional valuers. The valuations conform to International Valuation Standards. The fair value measurement for all the investment properties has been categorised as Level 3 fair value based on the market comparable approach that reflects recent transaction prices for similar properties. The key inputs under this approach are the price per square metre from the most recent sales of comparable properties in the area (location and size). In estimating the fair value of the properties, the highest and best use of the properties is their current use. There has been no change to the valuation technique during the financial year.

14. PREPAID LAND LEASE PAYMENTS

	The Group	
	2024	2023
	RM'000	RM'000
Cost:		
At beginning of year	73,134	71,250
Addition	-	1,884
Disposal (Note 41(a) and (b)(i))	(65,306)	-
Reclassified to non-current assets classified as held for sale (Note 27)	(7,828)	-
At end of year	-	73,134
Accumulated amortisation:		
At beginning of year	36,189	34,625
Amortisation for the year	744	1,564
Disposal (Note 41(a) and (b)(i))	(34,510)	-
Reclassified to non-current assets classified as held for sale (Note 27)	(2,423)	-
At end of year	-	36,189
Carrying amount	-	36,945

15. RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS**The Group**

	Leasehold land and buildings RM'000	Plant and equipment RM'000	Total RM'000
Cost:			
As at 1 January 2023	36,395	806	37,201
Additions	7,681	23,023	30,704
Expiry and termination of lease term	(9,513)	-	(9,513)
	34,563	23,829	58,392
As at 31 December 2023 / 1 January 2024			
Additions	34,348	-	34,348
Expiry and termination of lease term	(1,320)	(23,829)	(25,149)
	67,591	-	67,591
As at 31 December 2024			
Accumulated depreciation:			
As at 1 January 2023	14,323	564	14,887
Charge for the year	6,260	9,754	16,014
Expiry and termination of lease term	(1,891)	-	(1,891)
	18,692	10,318	29,010
As at 31 December 2023 / 1 January 2024			
Charge for the year	8,008	80	8,088
Expiry and termination of lease term	(1,320)	(10,398)	(11,718)
	25,380	-	25,380
As at 31 December 2024			
Accumulated impairment losses:			
As at 1 January 2023 / 31 December 2023 / 1 January 2024	-	-	-
Charge for the year	21,166	-	21,166
	21,166	-	21,166
As at 31 December 2024			
Carrying amount:			
As at 31 December 2023	15,871	13,511	29,382
	21,045	-	21,045
As at 31 December 2024			

15. RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS (continued)**The Company**

	Buildings RM'000
Cost:	
As at 1 January 2023	250
Expiry of lease term	(250)
	<hr/>
As at 31 December 2023 / 1 January 2024 / 31 December 2024	-
	<hr/>
Accumulated depreciation:	
As at 1 January 2023	208
Charge for the year	42
Expiry of lease term	(250)
	<hr/>
As at 31 December 2023 / 1 January 2024 / 31 December 2024	-
	<hr/>
Carrying amount:	
As at 31 December 2023	-
	<hr/> <hr/>
As at 31 December 2024	-
	<hr/> <hr/>

During the current financial year, amounts recognised in profit or loss are as follows:

	The Group RM'000	The Company RM'000
2024		
Depreciation on right-of-use assets	8,088	-
Impairment loss on right-of-use assets	21,166	-
Interest expense on lease liabilities	4,256	-
Expenses relating to short term lease	825	-
Loss on expiry and termination of lease	6,774	-
	<hr/> <hr/>	<hr/> <hr/>
2023		
Depreciation on right-of-use assets	16,014	42
Interest expense on lease liabilities	1,289	1
Expenses relating to short term lease	866	-
Gain on expiry and termination of lease	(262)	-
	<hr/> <hr/>	<hr/> <hr/>

Total cash outflows for leases during the current financial year (including fixed, variable and short-term lease payments) of the Group and of the Company amounted to RM13,314,000 (2023: RM7,572,000) and RM Nil (2023: RM45,000), respectively.

15. RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS (continued)

During the current financial year, the Group sold certain of its leasehold land and buildings and leased the leasehold land and buildings back for 6 years. This sale and leaseback transactions enabled the Group to access more capital while continuing to use the leasehold land and buildings.

During the current financial year, as a results of loss incurred by steel making plant of a subsidiary company located at Klang, the Group carried out an impairment test of its leasehold land and buildings that under sale and leaseback arrangement. The assets belong to the Group's steel operation reportable segment. The impairment test led to the recognition of an impairment loss of RM21,166,000 (2023: RM Nil) in profit or loss. The recoverable amount of the assets has been determined on the basis of their value-in-use. The discount rate used in measuring value-in-use was 10% (2023: Nil). No impairment assessment was performed in previous year as there was no indication of impairment.

16. LAND HELD FOR PROPERTY DEVELOPMENT AND PROPERTY DEVELOPMENT COSTS**(a) Land Held for Property Development**

	The Group		The Company	
	2024	2023	2024	2023
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
At beginning of year:				
- Land costs	28,370	28,390	18	18
- Development costs	23,256	23,459	8	8
	51,626	51,849	26	26
Costs incurred:				
- Development costs	17	297	-	-
Transfer to property development costs (Note 16(b)):				
- Development costs	-	(150)	-	-
	-	(150)	-	-
Costs recognised as expenses in profit or loss:				
- Land costs	-	(20)	-	-
- Development costs	-	(350)	-	-
	-	(370)	-	-
At end of year:				
- Land costs	28,370	28,370	18	18
- Development costs	23,273	23,256	8	8
	51,643	51,626	26	26

16. LAND HELD FOR PROPERTY DEVELOPMENT AND PROPERTY DEVELOPMENT COSTS
(continued)
(b) Property Development Costs

	The Group	
	2024	2023
	RM'000	RM'000
At beginning of year:		
- Land costs	64,416	62,745
- Development costs	183,832	180,767
	248,248	243,512
Costs incurred:		
- Land costs	-	1,671
- Development costs	601	2,915
	601	4,586
Transfer from land held for property development (Note 16(a)):		
- Development costs	-	150
	-	150
Transfer to contract cost (Note 24(c)):		
- Land costs	(1,035)	-
- Development costs	(2,696)	-
	(3,731)	-
At end of year:		
- Land costs	63,381	64,416
- Development costs	181,737	183,832
	245,118	248,248
Costs recognised as expenses in profit or loss:		
- Previous years	(243,512)	(243,512)
	(243,512)	(243,512)
Net	1,606	4,736

17. INVESTMENT IN SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES

	The Company	
	2024	2023
	RM'000	RM'000
Quoted shares in Malaysia, at cost	42,232	42,232
Unquoted shares in Malaysia, at cost	921,230	921,297
Share options granted to employees of subsidiary companies	9,460	9,460
Equity contributions	150,782	152,168
	1,081,472	1,082,925
Accumulated impairment losses	(336,800)	(336,853)
	744,672	746,072
Total	786,904	788,304
Market value of quoted shares	16,020	19,405

Movements in the accumulated impairment losses are as follows:

	The Company	
	2024	2023
	RM'000	RM'000
At beginning of year	336,853	229,656
Reclassified from amount owing by subsidiary companies (Note 25)	14	107,197
Write off	(67)	-
At end of year	336,800	336,853

During the current financial year, the Directors reviewed the Company's investment in subsidiary companies for indication of impairment and concluded that accumulated impairment losses of RM336,800,000 (2023: RM336,853,000) is deemed adequate in respect of investment in subsidiary companies.

The equity contributions are for the capital expenditures and working capital purposes of subsidiary companies, which are treated as quasi-equity. The equity contributions have no fixed term of repayment and are repayable at the discretion of the subsidiary companies.

As at 31 December 2024, the market value of shares in Lion Posim Berhad ("LPB") held by the Company was below its carrying amount. Accordingly, the Company had undertaken an impairment test on the carrying amount of the investment in the subsidiary company. The recoverable amount of the investment in the subsidiary company was estimated using cash flow projections covering a five-year period. Cash flows beyond that five-year period had been extrapolated using a terminal growth rate of 5% (2023: 5%). A discount rate of 15% (2023: 15%) was applied to the cash flow projections. All the above key assumptions were based on management knowledge in the respective industries and historical information. As the recoverable amount exceeds the carrying amount, no impairment loss is required.

17. INVESTMENT IN SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES (continued)**Composition of the Group**

Details of the Group's subsidiary companies are disclosed in Note 42.

Information about the composition of the Group at the end of the reporting period is as follows:

Principal activities	Principal place of business and place of incorporation	Number of wholly-owned subsidiary companies		Number of non wholly-owned subsidiary companies	
		2024	2023	2024	2023
Manufacture, sale and distribution of steel products	Malaysia	11	11	5	5
Building materials	Malaysia	-	-	1	1
Property development	Malaysia	7	7	2	2
Others	Malaysia	18	18	16	17
	Other countries	-	-	20	20
		36	36	44	45

Certain investments in subsidiary companies of the Company have been pledged as collateral to financial institutions for banking facilities as disclosed in Note 31.

Non-Controlling Interests in Subsidiary Companies

The Group's subsidiary company that has material non-controlling interests ("NCI") is Lion Posim Berhad ("LPB").

	Percentage of ownership interests held by NCI	Profit/(Loss) allocated to NCI RM'000	Accumulated NCI RM'000
2024			
LPB	26%	2,800	200,391
Other individually immaterial subsidiary companies with NCI		(50)	23,257
		2,750	223,648
2023			
LPB	26%	3,514	197,591
Other individually immaterial subsidiary companies with NCI		(4,632)	25,066
		(1,118)	222,657

17. INVESTMENT IN SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES (continued)

Summarised financial information in respect of each of the Group's subsidiary company that has material NCI is set out below. The summarised financial information below represents amounts before intragroup eliminations.

	LPB	
	2024	2023
	RM'000	RM'000
Non-current assets	298,576	319,597
Current assets	617,092	621,841
Non-current liabilities	(6,560)	(6,799)
Current liabilities	(146,357)	(172,510)
Total equity	762,751	762,129
Equity attributable to owners of LPB	762,751	762,129
Revenue	753,085	755,137
Profit for the year	10,799	13,552
Profit/(Loss) attributable to:		
- Owners of LPB	10,799	13,553
- Non-controlling interests	-	(1)
	10,799	13,552
Other comprehensive (loss)/income attributable to:		
- Owners of LPB	(10,177)	7,914
- Non-controlling interests	-	(42)
	(10,177)	7,872
Total comprehensive income/(loss) attributable to:		
- Owners of LPB	622	21,467
- Non-controlling interests	-	(43)
	622	21,424
Net cash inflow/(outflow) from:		
- Operating activities	17,216	(31,530)
- Investing activities	6,258	3,698
- Financing activities	(13,659)	13,944
Net cash inflow/(outflow)	9,815	(13,888)

Dissolution of a subsidiary company, Well Morning Limited

During the previous financial year, the Group recognised a gain of RM8,586,000 to profit or loss, arising from the realisation of translation adjustment reserve from the dissolution of a foreign subsidiary company.

18. INVESTMENT IN ASSOCIATED COMPANIES

	The Group		The Company	
	2024	2023	2024	2023
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
At cost:				
- Quoted investments	239,501	239,501	64,394	64,394
- Unquoted investments	85,317	104,833	15,323	15,323
	324,818	344,334	79,717	79,717
Share of post-acquisition results and reserves less dividend received	45,878	66,641	-	-
Accumulated impairment losses	(12,655)	(12,655)	(15,323)	(15,323)
	358,041	398,320	64,394	64,394
Market value of quoted investments	88,864	113,159	15,183	19,420

Movements in the accumulated impairment losses are as follows:

	The Group		The Company	
	2024	2023	2024	2023
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
At beginning and end of year	12,655	12,655	15,323	15,323

Details of the associated companies are disclosed in Note 43.

A certain portion of the investment in an associated company of the Group and of the Company has been pledged as collateral to financial institutions for banking facilities as disclosed in Note 31.

Management exercises its judgement in estimating the recoverable amounts of the investment. When there is an indication that the carrying amount of an asset may be impaired, the asset's recoverable amount, being the higher of its fair value less costs to sell and its value-in-use ("VIU"), will be assessed.

The assessment of the recoverable amounts involves a number of methodologies. Judgements made by management in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies in respect of investment in associated companies are as follows:

- The Group does not consider prolonged shortfall between market value and carrying amount as an indication of impairment as management believes that the quoted market price of the most recent transactions of the associated company does not reflect the recoverable amount of the investment of the associated company.
- The Group considers the investment in associated companies as a long-term strategic investment which will be realised upon the disposal of the investment in associated companies.

18. INVESTMENT IN ASSOCIATED COMPANIES (continued)

As at 31 December 2024, the market value of shares in Parkson Holdings Berhad ("Parkson") held by the Group was below its carrying amount. Accordingly, the Group had undertaken an impairment test on the carrying amount of the investment in the associated company. The recoverable amount of the investment in the associated company was estimated using cash flow projections covering a five-year period. Cash flows beyond that five-year period had been extrapolated using a terminal growth rate of 2% (2023: 2%). A discount rate of 10% (2023: 10%) was applied to the cash flow projections. All the above key assumptions were based on management knowledge in the respective industries and historical information. As the recoverable amount exceeds the carrying amount, no impairment loss is required.

Summarised financial information in respect of the Group's material associated company, Parkson and reconciliation of the information of the carrying amount to the Group's interest in the associated companies, are set out below. The summarised financial information presented below represents the amounts in the financial statements of the associated companies and not the Group's shares of those amounts.

2024	Parkson RM'000	Other individually immaterial associated companies RM'000	Total RM'000
Summarised financial information			
Proportion of the Group's effective ownership interest	25%		
Assets and liabilities			
Current assets	2,340,116	237,537	2,577,653
Non-current assets	5,977,741	37,805	6,015,546
Current liabilities	(2,235,447)	(39,807)	(2,275,254)
Non-current liabilities	(3,906,647)	(20,669)	(3,927,316)
Non-controlling interests	(894,875)	(3,947)	(898,822)
Net assets	<u>1,280,888</u>	<u>210,919</u>	<u>1,491,807</u>
Results			
Revenue	2,805,074	133,893	2,938,967
(Loss)/Profit for the year	(127,189)	4,352	(122,837)
Other comprehensive (loss)/income for the year	(100,171)	1,664	(98,507)
Total comprehensive (loss)/income for the year	(227,360)	6,016	(221,344)
Group's share of (loss)/profit of associated companies	(25,565)	1,664	(23,901)
Foreign currency translation differences and Group's share of other comprehensive loss of associated companies	<u>(13,526)</u>	<u>(2,852)</u>	<u>(16,378)</u>
Reconciliation of net assets to carrying amount			
Group's share of net assets	<u>320,972</u>	<u>37,069</u>	<u>358,041</u>
Carrying amount in the Group's statements of financial position	<u>320,972</u>	<u>37,069</u>	<u>358,041</u>

18. INVESTMENT IN ASSOCIATED COMPANIES (continued)

2023	Parkson RM'000	Other individually immaterial associated companies RM'000	Total RM'000
Summarised financial information			
Proportion of the Group's effective ownership interest	25%		
Assets and liabilities			
Current assets	2,519,357	249,381	2,768,738
Non-current assets	6,006,590	28,925	6,035,515
Current liabilities	(2,508,573)	(37,514)	(2,546,087)
Non-current liabilities	(3,599,850)	(21,642)	(3,621,492)
Non-controlling interests	(982,170)	(4,141)	(986,311)
Net assets	<u>1,435,354</u>	<u>215,009</u>	<u>1,650,363</u>
Results			
Revenue	3,477,487	107,035	3,584,522
Loss for the year	(20,507)	(9,239)	(29,746)
Other comprehensive income for the year	26,662	-	26,662
Total comprehensive income for the year	6,155	-	6,155
Group's share of (loss)/income of associated companies	(5,138)	742	(4,396)
Foreign currency translation differences and Group's share of other comprehensive income of associated companies	3,510	3,626	7,136
Dividend received from associated companies	-	98	98
Reconciliation of net assets to carrying amount			
Group's share of net assets	<u>359,700</u>	<u>38,620</u>	<u>398,320</u>
Carrying amount in the Group's statements of financial position	<u>359,700</u>	<u>38,620</u>	<u>398,320</u>

18. INVESTMENT IN ASSOCIATED COMPANIES (continued)

	The Group	
	2024	2023
	RM'000	RM'000
Share of net assets (excluding goodwill)	107,728	117,859
Share of goodwill of associated companies	250,313	280,461
	358,041	398,320

The Group's share of results of an associated company, Renor Pte Ltd, which was dissolved during the year, has been recognised to the extent of the carrying amount of the investment. The cumulative unrecognised share of losses was RM26.7 million in the previous year.

19. INVESTMENT IN JOINT VENTURE

	The Group	
	2024	2023
	RM'000	RM'000
Unquoted shares:		
- At cost	35	125
- Share in post-acquisition results less dividend received	(8)	(8)
	27	117

Details of the joint venture are as follows:

Name of joint venture	Financial year end	Principal place of business and place of incorporation	Effective percentage ownership		Principal activity
			2024	2023	
			%	%	
Mergexcel Property Development Sdn Bhd (In voluntary liquidation)	31 March	Malaysia	49	49	Property development

The joint venture is audited by a firm of auditors other than the auditors of the Company.

19. INVESTMENT IN JOINT VENTURE (continued)

The summarised unaudited financial information in respect of the joint venture of the Group is set out below:

	The Group	
	2024	2023
	RM'000	RM'000
Assets and Liabilities		
Current assets	68	306
Current liabilities	(14)	(14)
Net assets	54	292
Results		
Interest income	-	61
Profit for the year	-	41
Group's share of profit of joint venture	-	27
Reconciliation of net assets to carrying amount		
Group's share of net assets	27	129
Other adjustments	-	(12)
Carrying amount in the Group's statements of financial position	27	117

As at 31 December 2024 and 31 December 2023, there are no contingent liabilities and capital commitments relating to the Group's interest in the joint venture.

20. LONG-TERM INVESTMENTS

	The Group		The Company	
	2024	2023	2024	2023
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Fair value through other comprehensive income				
Unquoted investments in Malaysia	513	599	216	216
At amortised cost				
Unquoted bonds, adjusted for accretion of interest	67,641	68,248	-	-
Less: Accumulated impairment losses	(67,641)	(68,248)	-	-
	-	-	-	-
Total	513	599	216	216

Movements in the accumulated impairment losses are as follows:

	The Group		The Company	
	2024	2023	2024	2023
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
At beginning of year	68,248	68,378	-	-
Reversal	(607)	(130)	-	-
At end of year	67,641	68,248	-	-

During the current financial year, the Directors reviewed the Group's and the Company's long-term investments measured at amortised cost for indication of impairment and concluded that the carrying amounts at the end of the reporting period are equivalent to their recoverable amounts.

The investment in unquoted bonds of the Group bears yield to maturity of 4.75% (2023: 4.75%) per annum.

21. DEFERRED TAX ASSETS/LIABILITIES

Deferred tax assets/(liabilities) of the Group and of the Company are as follows:

	The Group		The Company	
	2024	2023	2024	2023
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
At beginning of year	(58,598)	5,207	-	-
Transfer to/(from) profit or loss (Note 10):				
- Property, plant and equipment	421	(437)	-	1
- Inventories	26	(22)	-	-
- Others	4,890	(3,805)	-	-
- Unused tax losses and unabsorbed capital allowance	(735)	(59,541)	-	(1)
	4,602	(63,805)	-	-
At end of year	(53,996)	(58,598)	-	-

Certain deferred tax assets and liabilities have been offset in accordance with the Group's and the Company's accounting policy. The following is the analysis of the deferred tax balances (after offsetting) for the statements of financial position purposes:

	The Group		The Company	
	2024	2023	2024	2023
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Deferred tax assets	10,153	9,937	-	-
Deferred tax liabilities	(64,149)	(68,535)	-	-
	(53,996)	(58,598)	-	-

21. DEFERRED TAX ASSETS/LIABILITIES (continued)

Deferred tax assets/liabilities presented in the statements of financial position are in respect of the tax effects of the following:

	The Group		The Company	
	2024	2023	2024	2023
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Deferred tax assets				
Temporary differences arising from:				
- Inventories	261	235	-	-
- Others	13,891	9,262	-	-
Unused tax losses and unabsorbed capital allowances	4	739	-	-
	14,156	10,236	-	-
Offsetting	(4,003)	(299)	-	-
Deferred tax assets (after offsetting)	10,153	9,937	-	-
Deferred tax liabilities				
Temporary differences arising from:				
- Property, plant and equipment	61,577	61,998	-	-
- Others	6,575	6,836	-	-
	68,152	68,834	-	-
Offsetting	(4,003)	(299)	-	-
Deferred tax liabilities (after offsetting)	64,149	68,535	-	-

22. GOODWILL

	The Group	
	2024	2023
	RM'000	RM'000
Goodwill on consolidation:		
At beginning and end of year	131,644	131,644
Accumulated impairment losses	(131,644)	(131,644)
	-	-

Movements in the accumulated impairment losses are as follows:

	The Group	
	2024	2023
	RM'000	RM'000
At beginning of year	131,644	1,201
Addition	-	130,443
At end of year	131,644	131,644

Goodwill acquired in business combinations is allocated, at acquisition date, to cash-generating-units ("CGU") that are expected to benefit from that business combination. Goodwill has been allocated to the steel operations of the Group.

The Group tests goodwill annually for impairment or more frequently if there are indications that goodwill might be impaired.

The recoverable amount of the CGU is determined from a value-in-use calculation. The key assumptions for the value-in-use calculation are those regarding the discount rate, growth rates and expected changes to selling prices and direct costs during the year. Management estimates discount rate using pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the CGU. The growth rates and changes in selling prices and direct costs are based on expectations of future changes in the market.

In the previous year, the Group prepared cash flow forecasts derived from the most recent financial budgets for next financial year and extrapolates cash flows for the following 4 financial years based on an estimated growth rate of 5% per annum. The pre-tax discount rate used was 10%. Upon conducting an impairment test, it was revealed that the recoverable amount of goodwill associated with the Group's steel operations was lower than its carrying amount. Consequently, the goodwill amounting to RM131,644,000 was fully impaired, and no analysis of the sensitivity of the impairment test to changes in key assumptions was performed.

23. INVENTORIES

Inventories consist of the following:

	The Group		The Company	
	2024	2023	2024	2023
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Property:				
- Completed units for sale	126	126	43	43
- Leasehold land	-	46,911	-	-
Raw materials	52,943	75,580	-	-
Finished goods	79,296	54,486	-	-
General and consumables stores	118,428	125,164	-	-
Trading merchandise	16,917	17,218	-	-
	267,584	272,448	-	-
Less: Allowance for obsolescence of inventories	(46,140)	(11,351)	-	-
	221,444	261,097	-	-
Net	221,570	308,134	43	43

Movement in the allowances for obsolescence of inventories are as follows:

	The Group	
	2024	2023
	RM'000	RM'000
At beginning of year	11,351	13,971
Allowance for obsolescence of inventories (Note 6)	35,174	225
Written off	(385)	(2,845)
At end of year	46,140	11,351

As a results of temporarily stopped production of steel making plants at Banting, certain general and consumable stores used in the productions become obsolete and their carrying amounts might not be recoverable. The management has analysed the sales trends and current economic trends when making allowance for obsolescence of inventories. During the current financial year, allowance for obsolescence of inventories amounted to RM35,174,000 (2023: RM225,000) is recognised and included in other operating expenses in statements of profit or loss.

During the current financial year, amounts recognised in profit or loss are as follows:

	The Group	
	2024	2023
	RM'000	RM'000
Inventories written (down)/back	(8,851)	1,291
Inventories written off	(98)	(656)

23. INVENTORIES (continued)

In the current financial year, the inventories written down to net realisable value amounted to RM8,851,000 (2023: RM Nil) is recognised as an expense and included in raw materials and consumables used in the statements of profit or loss.

In the previous financial year, the previous inventories written down had been written back as a result of increased selling prices. The inventories written back was included in raw materials and consumables used in the statements of profit or loss.

24. TRADE RECEIVABLES, OTHER RECEIVABLES, DEPOSITS, PREPAYMENTS, CONTRACT COSTS AND CONTRACT ASSETS**(a) Trade receivables**

	The Group	
	2024	2023
	RM'000	RM'000
Trade receivables	497,147	486,086
Less: Accumulated impairment losses	(176,309)	(174,083)
Net	320,838	312,003

Trade receivables of the Group comprise amounts receivable for the sale of goods and services rendered.

The credit period granted to customers ranges from 30 to 90 days (2023: 30 to 90 days).

The trade receivables due from a related party is secured by a lienholder caveat placed on two parcels of land, with an estimated value of RM43 million (2023: RM43 million), in favour of the Group.

The following table details the risk profile of trade receivables based on the Group's provision matrix. As the Group's historical credit loss experience does not show significantly different loss patterns for different customer segments, the provision for loss allowance based on past due status is not further distinguished between the Group's different customer base.

	The Group			
	2024		2023	
	Gross trade receivables	Lifetime ECL	Gross trade receivables	Lifetime ECL
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Not past due	95,351	3,768	133,594	2,722
Past due:				
1 - 30 days	50,833	1,019	44,409	816
31 - 60 days	43,027	658	22,974	436
More than 60 days	307,936	170,864	285,109	170,109
	497,147	176,309	486,086	174,083

24. TRADE RECEIVABLES, OTHER RECEIVABLES, DEPOSITS, PREPAYMENTS, CONTRACT COSTS AND CONTRACT ASSETS (continued)**(a) Trade receivables (continued)**

Movement in the accumulated impairment losses are as follows:

	The Group	
	2024	2023
	RM'000	RM'000
At beginning of year	174,083	166,944
Addition	11,664	10,283
Reversal	(1,844)	-
Write off	(7,594)	(3,144)
At end of year	176,309	174,083

In determining the recoverability of trade receivables, the Group considers any change in the credit quality of the trade receivables from the date credit was initially granted up to the end of the reporting period.

As at 31 December 2024, the Group has trade receivables owing by a major related party, Lion DRI (2023: Lion DRI) which has been fully impaired in the previous years:

	The Group	
	2024	2023
	RM'000	RM'000
Lion DRI	113,402	113,402
Less: Accumulated impairment losses	(113,402)	(113,402)
Net	-	-

The Group recognised impairment loss on trade receivables owing by this major related party based on an assessment of the recoverability of the receivables, as disclosed in Note 4(i)(a).

The currency profile of trade receivables (net) is as follows:

	The Group	
	2024	2023
	RM'000	RM'000
Ringgit Malaysia	320,838	311,945
United States Dollar	-	58
	320,838	312,003

As at 31 December 2024, the trade receivables of a subsidiary company of RM12,133,000 (2023: RM21,744,000) has been charged as collateral to a financial institution for the bank borrowings granted to the Group (Note 31).

24. TRADE RECEIVABLES, OTHER RECEIVABLES, DEPOSITS, PREPAYMENTS, CONTRACT COSTS AND CONTRACT ASSETS (continued)**(b) Other receivables, deposits and prepayments**

	The Group		The Company	
	2024	2023	2024	2023
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Other receivables	452,497	438,444	4,141	4,291
Less: Accumulated impairment losses	(149,292)	(155,871)	(2,095)	(1,304)
Net	303,205	282,573	2,046	2,987
Advance payments to suppliers	25,542	23,031	-	-
Deposits	32,783	15,493	216	226
Prepayments	21,049	19,538	5,444	5,444
	382,579	340,635	7,706	8,657

Movement in the accumulated impairment losses are as follows:

	The Group		The Company	
	2024	2023	2024	2023
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
At beginning of year	155,871	161,401	1,304	1,310
Addition	1,115	941	822	-
Reversal	(7,680)	(6,429)	(31)	(6)
Write off	(14)	(42)	-	-
At end of year	149,292	155,871	2,095	1,304

As at 31 December 2024, the Group has other receivables due from the following two major related parties, Lion DRI and Graimpi:

	The Group	
	2024	2023
	RM'000	RM'000
Other receivables		
Graimpi	103,730	103,730
Lion DRI	7,485	7,485
	111,215	111,215
Less: Accumulated impairment losses	(111,215)	(111,215)
	-	-

The amounts owing by Graimpi and Lion DRI, totaling RM111,215,000 (2023: RM111,215,000), have been impaired based on the assessment as disclosed in Note 4(i)(a).

24. TRADE RECEIVABLES, OTHER RECEIVABLES, DEPOSITS, PREPAYMENTS, CONTRACT COSTS AND CONTRACT ASSETS (continued)**(b) Other receivables, deposits and prepayments (continued)**

In determining the recoverability of other receivables, the Group considers any change in the credit quality of the other receivables from the date credit was initially granted up to the end of the reporting period.

The currency profile of other receivables and deposits is as follows:

	The Group		The Company	
	2024	2023	2024	2023
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Ringgit Malaysia	329,158	294,130	2,262	3,213
United States Dollar	5,277	2,675	-	-
Chinese Renminbi	205	204	-	-
Others	1,348	1,057	-	-
	335,988	298,066	2,262	3,213

(c) Contract costs

Contract costs consist of the following:

	The Group	
	2024	2023
	RM'000	RM'000
At beginning of year	-	-
Transfer from property development costs (Note 16(b))	3,731	-
Cost recognised as expenses in the current year (presented as "property development cost" in Statements of Profit or Loss)	(3,099)	-
At end of year	632	-

(d) Contract assets

	The Group	
	2024	2023
	RM'000	RM'000
Contract assets		
Property development contracts	2,994	-

Contract assets from property development

The Group issues progress billings to purchasers when the billing milestones are attained. The Group recognises revenue when the performance obligation is satisfied.

24. TRADE RECEIVABLES, OTHER RECEIVABLES, DEPOSITS, PREPAYMENTS, CONTRACT COSTS AND CONTRACT ASSETS (continued)**(d) Contract assets (continued)**

The Group's contract assets relating to the sale of development properties as of each reporting period can be summarized as follows:

	The Group	
	2024	2023
	RM'000	RM'000
At beginning of year	-	-
Recognition of revenue during the year (Note 5)	4,432	-
Progress billings issued during the year	(1,438)	-
At end of year	<u>2,994</u>	<u>-</u>

25. RELATED COMPANIES TRANSACTIONS**Amount owing by subsidiary companies included under non-current assets**

	The Company	
	2024	2023
	RM'000	RM'000
Amount owing by subsidiary companies	498,546	476,688
Less: Accumulated impairment losses	(13,642)	(15,764)
	<u>484,904</u>	<u>460,924</u>

Amount owing by subsidiary companies included under non-current assets which arose mainly from inter-company advances, expenses paid on behalf and novation of debts, which are unsecured, interest-free and not expected to be settled in cash within next 12 months.

Amount owing by subsidiary companies included under current assets

	The Company	
	2024	2023
	RM'000	RM'000
Amount owing by subsidiary companies	209	2
Less: Accumulated impairment losses	(205)	-
	<u>4</u>	<u>2</u>

Amount owing by subsidiary companies included under current assets which arose mainly from inter-company advances, expenses paid on behalf and novation of debts, which are interest-free, receivable on demand and expected to be settled in cash.

25. RELATED COMPANIES TRANSACTIONS (continued)

Movement in the accumulated impairment losses is as follows:

	The Company	
	2024	2023
	RM'000	RM'000
At beginning of year	15,764	122,799
Addition	221	162
Reversal	(2,124)	-
Reclassified to investment in subsidiary companies (Note 17)	(14)	(107,197)
At end of year	13,847	15,764

The amount owing by subsidiary companies is denominated in Ringgit Malaysia.

Amount owing to subsidiary companies included under non-current liabilities

	The Company	
	2024	2023
	RM'000	RM'000
Amount owing to subsidiary companies	146,633	143,240

Amount owing to subsidiary companies under non-current liabilities which arose mainly from inter-company advances, expenses paid on behalf and novation of debts, is unsecured, interest-free and not due for settlement in cash within 12 months.

The currency profile of amount owing to subsidiary companies is as follows:

	The Company	
	2024	2023
	RM'000	RM'000
Ringgit Malaysia	139,003	136,150
Chinese Renminbi	7,630	7,090
	146,633	143,240

The Company has the following non-trade transactions with subsidiary companies during the reporting period:

	The Company	
	2024	2023
	RM'000	RM'000
With subsidiary companies:		
- Advances from	1,343	7,776
- Repayment to	(6,375)	(72)

25. RELATED COMPANIES TRANSACTIONS (continued)Reconciliation of liabilities arising from financing activities

The table below details changes in the Company's liabilities arising from financing activities. Liabilities arising from financing activities are those for which cash flows have been, or future cash flows will be, classified in the Company's statement of cash flows as cash flows from/(used in) financial activities.

	As at 1 January 2024 RM'000	Non cash flows RM'000	Financing cash flows RM'000	As at 31 December 2024 RM'000
The Company				
Amount owing to subsidiary companies	143,240	8,425	(5,032)	146,633
	As at 1 January 2023 RM'000	Non cash flows RM'000	Financing cash flows RM'000	As at 31 December 2023 RM'000
The Company				
Amount owing to subsidiary companies	170,824	(35,288)	7,704	143,240

26. INVESTMENT IN MONEY MARKET FUNDS, DEPOSITS, CASH AND BANK BALANCES**(a) Investment in money market funds**

	The Group	
	2024 RM'000	2023 RM'000
Fair value through profit or loss:		
Investment in money market funds	2,449	2,362

The Group's investment in money market funds, denominated in Ringgit Malaysia, is managed by a licensed fund management company. The amounts deposited can be withdrawn at the discretion of the Group by given a two-day notice period.

26. INVESTMENT IN MONEY MARKET FUNDS, DEPOSITS, CASH AND BANK BALANCES**(b) Deposits, cash and bank balances**

	The Group		The Company	
	2024	2023	2024	2023
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Deposits with financial institutions:				
- Restricted	28,902	29,801	3,458	3,365
- Unrestricted (Note 35)	68,841	33,815	220	1,911
	97,743	63,616	3,678	5,276
Housing Development Accounts (Note 35)	4	6,639	-	-
Cash and bank balances:				
- Restricted	23	23	23	23
- Unrestricted (Note 35)	46,359	44,280	106	48
	144,129	114,558	3,807	5,347

The Housing Development Accounts are maintained in accordance with Section 7(A) of the Housing Development (Control and Licensing) Act, 1966. These accounts, which consist of monies received from purchasers, are for the payment of property development expenditure incurred. The surplus monies, if any, will be released to the subsidiary companies (involved) upon the completion of the property development projects and after all property development expenditure have been fully settled.

Included in deposits with financial institutions and cash and bank balances are the amount totalling RM28.9 million (2023: RM29.8 million) and RM3.5 million (2023: RM3.4 million) of the Group and of the Company, respectively, which have been pledged or earmarked for the repayment of the borrowings in Note 31 and pledged as collateral for bank guarantees granted.

The effective interest rates during the financial year are ranged as follows:

	The Group		The Company	
	2024	2023	2024	2023
Deposits with financial institutions (per annum)	1.05% to 3.05%	1.05% to 2.80%	2.25% to 2.75%	2.05% to 2.75%

Deposits of the Group and of the Company have maturity periods ranging from 1 to 365 days (2023: 1 to 365 days) and 7 to 365 days (2023: 1 to 365 days) respectively.

**26. INVESTMENT IN MONEY MARKET FUNDS, DEPOSITS, CASH AND BANK BALANCES
(continued)****(b) Deposits, cash and bank balances (continued)**

The currency profile of deposits, cash and bank balances is as follows:

	The Group		The Company	
	2024	2023	2024	2023
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Ringgit Malaysia	115,229	84,609	3,807	5,347
Chinese Renminbi	27,093	28,345	-	-
United States Dollar	1,807	1,602	-	-
Singapore Dollar	-	2	-	-
	144,129	114,558	3,807	5,347

The deposits, cash and bank balances denominated in Chinese Renminbi of subsidiary companies in the People's Republic of China ("PRC") are subject to the exchange control restrictions of that country. The said deposits, cash and bank balances are available for use by the subsidiary companies in the PRC and the exchange control restrictions are applicable only if the monies are to be remitted to countries outside the PRC.

27. NON-CURRENT ASSETS CLASSIFIED AS HELD FOR SALE

	The Group	
	2024	2023
	RM'000	RM'000
Leasehold land transfer from prepaid land lease payments (Note 14 and Note 41(b)(ii))	5,405	-
Freehold land transfer from property, plant and equipment (Note 12 and Note 41(c))	12,725	12,725
	18,130	12,725

28. SHARE CAPITAL

Share capital of the Group and of the Company is presented by:

	The Group and The Company			
	2024		2023	
	Number of shares '000	Amount RM'000	Number of shares '000	Amount RM'000
Issued share capital (no par value):				
Ordinary shares:				
At beginning and end of year	717,909	1,250,536	717,909	1,250,536

29. WARRANTS

The Company had on 14 December 2022 issued 340,400,686 warrants by way of bonus issue on the basis of 1 warrant for every 2 existing ordinary shares held in the Company.

Salient features of the warrants are as follows:

- (a) Each warrant entitles the registered holder to subscribe for 1 new ordinary share in the Company at any time on or before the maturity date, 12 December 2025, falling 3 years from the date of issuance of the warrants. Unexercised warrants after the exercise period will thereafter lapse and cease to be valid;
- (b) The exercise price of the warrants is fixed at RM0.43 per warrant;
- (c) The new ordinary shares to be issued upon the exercise of the warrants shall rank *pari passu* in all respects with the existing ordinary shares of the Company; and
- (d) The warrants were listed and quoted on the Main Market of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad on 21 December 2022.

As at 31 December 2024, 340,400,686 (2023: 340,400,686) warrants remained unexercised.

30. RESERVES

	The Group		The Company	
	2024	2023	2024	2023
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Non-distributable reserves:				
- Treasury shares	(13,193)	(13,193)	(13,193)	(13,193)
- Capital reserve	(78,741)	(65,215)	5,419	5,419
- Translation adjustment reserve	63,465	73,250	-	-
- Fair value reserve	(41)	-	-	-
	(28,510)	(5,158)	(7,774)	(7,774)
Accumulated losses	(232,221)	(144,566)	(46,943)	(67,569)
	(260,731)	(149,724)	(54,717)	(75,343)

Treasury shares

This amount relates to the acquisition cost of treasury shares. The Directors are committed to enhancing the value of the Company for its shareholders and believe that the repurchase plan can be applied in the best interest of the Company and of its shareholders.

As of 31 December 2024, the Company held 37,105,300 (2023: 37,105,300) treasury shares at a carrying amount of RM13,192,722 (2023: RM13,192,722).

Capital reserve

Capital reserve, which arose from share options lapsed, reclassified from equity compensation reserve and share of other reserves in subsidiary and associated companies.

Translation adjustment reserve

Exchange differences arising from the translation of foreign controlled subsidiary and associated companies are taken to the translation adjustment reserve as described in the accounting policies.

Fair value reserve

Fair value reserve comprises fair value changes on revaluation of unquoted investments designated at fair value through other comprehensive income.

31. LOANS AND BORROWINGS

	The Group		The Company	
	2024	2023	2024	2023
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Non-current				
<u>Secured</u>				
Term loans from financial institutions	1,100	21,680	-	-
<u>Unsecured</u>				
Obligations under hire-purchase arrangements (Note 31(c))	330	520	-	-
	1,430	22,200	-	-
Current				
<u>Secured</u>				
Term loans from financial institutions	8,359	23,060	4,459	4,820
Bank overdrafts (Note 35)	2,579	14,048	-	3,555
Bills payable, banker acceptance and revolving credit	74,500	78,400	-	-
Receivables financing	12,113	21,744	-	-
<u>Unsecured</u>				
Obligations under hire-purchase arrangements (Note 31(c))	189	251	-	-
Bills payable, banker acceptance and revolving credit	890	536	-	-
	98,630	138,039	4,459	8,375
	100,060	160,239	4,459	8,375

The currency profile of loans and borrowings of the Group and of the Company are denominated in Ringgit Malaysia.

31. LOANS AND BORROWINGS (continued)**(a) Terms and repayment schedule****The Group**

	Carrying amount RM'000	Within 1 year RM'000	2 to 5 years RM'000	More than 5 years RM'000
2024				
<u>Secured</u>				
Term loans from financial institutions	9,459	8,359	1,100	-
Bank overdrafts	2,579	2,579	-	-
Bills payable, banker acceptance and revolving credit	74,500	74,500	-	-
Receivables financing	12,113	12,113	-	-
<u>Unsecured</u>				
Obligations under hire-purchase arrangements (Note 31(c))	519	189	330	-
Bills payable, banker acceptance and revolving credit	890	890	-	-
	100,060	98,630	1,430	-
2023				
<u>Secured</u>				
Term loans from financial institutions	44,740	23,060	21,680	-
Bank overdrafts	14,048	14,048	-	-
Bills payable, banker acceptance and revolving credit	78,400	78,400	-	-
Receivables financing	21,744	21,744	-	-
<u>Unsecured</u>				
Obligations under hire-purchase arrangements (Note 31(c))	771	251	481	39
Bills payable, banker acceptance and revolving credit	536	536	-	-
	160,239	138,039	22,161	39

31. LOANS AND BORROWINGS (continued)**(a) Terms and repayment schedule (continued)****The Company**

	Carrying amount RM'000	Within 1 year RM'000	2 to 5 years RM'000
2024			
<u>Secured</u>			
Term loan from financial institutions	4,459	4,459	-
2023			
<u>Secured</u>			
Term loan from financial institutions	4,820	4,820	-
Bank overdraft	3,555	3,555	-
	8,375	8,375	-

The receivables financing of the Group is secured by trade receivables of an indirect subsidiary company and corporate guarantee of a subsidiary company.

The borrowings pertaining to certain subsidiary companies are secured by charges on the deposits with financial institutions (Note 26(b)), certain investment in an associated company (Note 18) and corporate guarantee from the Company (Note 38).

The short-term borrowings of the Company are secured by charges on certain investment in an associated company (Note 18) and certain investment in subsidiary companies (Note 17).

The borrowings and hire-purchase obligations of the Group and of the Company bear interest at rates ranging from 3.67% to 10.00% (2023: 3.67% to 10.00%) and 6.35% to 10.00% (2023: 6.35% to 10.00%) per annum, respectively.

31. LOANS AND BORROWINGS (continued)

(b) Reconciliation of liabilities arising from financing activities

	As at 1 January 2024 RM'000	Repayments RM'000	Interest paid RM'000	Interest expense RM'000	As at 31 December 2024 RM'000
The Group					
Obligations under hire purchase arrangements	771	(252)	(20)	20	519
Other borrowings					
(other than bank overdrafts)	145,420	(48,458)	(8,268)	8,268	96,962
	146,191	(48,710)	(8,288)	8,288	97,481
The Company					
Other borrowings					
(other than bank overdrafts)	4,820	(361)	(372)	372	4,459

31. LOANS AND BORROWINGS (continued)

(b) Reconciliation of liabilities arising from financing activities (continued)

	As at 1 January 2023 RM'000	(Repayments)/ Drawdown RM'000	Interest paid RM'000	Interest expense RM'000	As at 31 December 2023 RM'000
The Group					
Obligations under lease arrangements	47,250	(47,250)	(301)	301	-
Obligations under hire purchase arrangements	1,107	(336)	(32)	32	771
Other borrowings					
(other than bank overdrafts)	103,944	41,476	(9,298)	9,298	145,420
	152,301	(6,110)	(9,631)	9,631	146,191
The Company					
Other borrowings					
(other than bank overdraft)	4,910	(90)	(377)	377	4,820

31. LOANS AND BORROWINGS (continued)**(c) Obligations under hire-purchase arrangements**

	The Group	
	2024	2023
	RM'000	RM'000
Minimum hire-purchase payments:		
- Within 1 year	204	272
- More than 1 year but not exceeding 2 years	123	224
- More than 2 years but not exceeding 5 years	254	313
- More than 5 years	-	44
	581	853
Future finance charges on hire-purchase liabilities:		
- Within 1 year	(15)	(21)
- More than 1 year but not exceeding 2 years	(14)	(16)
- More than 2 years but not exceeding 5 years	(33)	(40)
- More than 5 years	-	(5)
	(62)	(82)
Principal amount relating to hire-purchase liabilities	519	771
Breakdown:		
- Non-current	330	520
- Current	189	251
	519	771

32. LEASE LIABILITIES

	The Group		The Company	
	2024	2023	2024	2023
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
At beginning of year	24,079	23,197	-	44
Additions	142,242	14,183	-	-
Expiry and termination of lease term	(6,657)	(7,884)	-	-
Finance costs (Note 9)	4,256	1,289	-	1
Payment of lease rental	(12,489)	(6,706)	-	(45)
	151,431	24,079	-	-
Breakdown:				
Non-current	126,431	14,618	-	-
Current	25,000	9,461	-	-
	151,431	24,079	-	-

The minimum lease payments for the lease liabilities are payable as follows:

The Group

	Future minimum lease payments	Interest	Present value of minimum lease payments
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
2024			
Within 1 year	33,939	(8,939)	25,000
More than 1 year but not exceeding 2 years	35,040	(7,479)	27,561
More than 2 years but not exceeding 5 years	90,854	(11,347)	79,507
More than 5 years	19,768	(405)	19,363
	179,601	(28,170)	151,431
2023			
Within 1 year	10,600	(1,139)	9,461
More than 1 year but not exceeding 2 years	7,483	(931)	6,552
More than 2 years but not exceeding 5 years	8,661	(595)	8,066
	26,744	(2,665)	24,079

The Group does not face a significant liquidity risk with regard to its lease liabilities.

33. TRADE PAYABLES, OTHER PAYABLES, DEPOSITS AND ACCRUED EXPENSES, AND CONTRACT LIABILITIES**(a) Trade payables**

	The Group		The Company	
	2024	2023	2024	2023
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Trade payables	423,283	415,194	-	274
Retention monies	879	886	65	65
	424,162	416,080	65	339

The normal credit period granted to the Group and the Company for trade purchases ranges from 30 to 60 days (2023: 30 to 60 days).

Certain portions of the trade payables of the Group are secured by the corporate guarantee from the Company (Note 38).

The currency profile of trade payables is as follows:

	The Group		The Company	
	2024	2023	2024	2023
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Ringgit Malaysia	410,927	398,695	65	339
United States Dollar	4,119	15,522	-	-
Others	9,116	1,863	-	-
	424,162	416,080	65	339

(b) Other payables, deposits and accrued expenses

	The Group		The Company	
	2024	2023	2024	2023
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Other payables and deposits	229,910	178,099	663	484
Deposit received from non-current assets classified as held for sale	46,470	46,470	-	-
Accrued expenses	64,720	63,856	431	397
	341,100	288,425	1,094	881

Included in other payables and deposits of the Group, is an amount of RM15.7 million (2023: RM16.1 million) representing security deposits received from customers. These deposits bear interest ranging from 11.75% to 12.00% (2023: 11.75% to 12.00%) per annum and have repayment periods ranging from 1 to 120 days (2023: 1 to 120 days).

The deposit received from non-current assets classified as held for sale of the Group bears interest of 9.60% (2023: 9.60%) per annum.

33. TRADE PAYABLES, OTHER PAYABLES, DEPOSITS AND ACCRUED EXPENSES, AND CONTRACT LIABILITIES (continued)**(b) Other payables, deposits and accrued expenses (continued)**

The currency profile of other payables, deposits and accrued expenses is as follows:

	The Group		The Company	
	2024	2023	2024	2023
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Ringgit Malaysia	308,932	265,113	1,094	881
United States Dollar	23,626	18,050	-	-
Chinese Renminbi	4,521	4,739	-	-
Others	4,021	523	-	-
	341,100	288,425	1,094	881

(c) Contract liabilities

	The Group	
	2024	2023
	RM'000	RM'000
Contract liabilities		
Customer loyalty programs (i)	30,544	29,628
Advances received from customers (ii)	5,356	45,870
Provision for liquidated and ascertained damage (iii)	-	599
	35,900	76,097

(i) Customer loyalty programs

A subsidiary company of the Company accounts for the customer loyalty award credits as a separate obligation of the sales transactions in which they are granted. The consideration received in sales transactions is allocated between the loyalty award credits and the other component of the sales. The amount allocated to the loyalty award credits is determined by reference to its fair value and is deferred until the awards are redeemed or liability is extinguished.

The following table illustrates the reconciliation from the opening balance to the closing balance for the customer loyalty programs.

	The Group	
	2024	2023
	RM'000	RM'000
At beginning of year	29,628	28,794
Provision	13,118	12,408
Utilised	(12,202)	(11,574)
At end of year	30,544	29,628

33. TRADE PAYABLES, OTHER PAYABLES, DEPOSITS AND ACCRUED EXPENSES, AND CONTRACT LIABILITIES (continued)**(c) Contract liabilities (continued)****(ii) Advances received from customers**

Advances received from customers represents the considerations received from customers for goods yet to be delivered. The following table shows reconciliation from the opening balance to the closing balance for the advances received from customers.

	The Group	
	2024	2023
	RM'000	RM'000
At beginning of year	45,870	28,054
Consideration received	1,099,177	1,407,914
Utilised	(1,139,691)	(1,390,098)
At end of year	5,356	45,870

(iii) Provision for liquidated and ascertained damage

Provision of liquidated and ascertained damage arose from failure to deliver the leasehold lands to a customer at the predetermined time.

The following table illustrates the reconciliation from the opening balance to the closing balance for provision for liquidated and ascertained damage:

	The Group	
	2024	2023
	RM'000	RM'000
At beginning of year	599	-
Addition	-	599
Utilised	(599)	-
At end of year	-	599

34. DEFERRED PAYABLES

	The Group	
	2024	2023
	RM'000	RM'000
Non-current		
Secured	120,622	120,622
Current		
Secured	-	123,103
	120,622	243,725

As part of the expansion into the flat steel business, the Group has acquired from Megasteel Sdn Bhd all the encumbered assets for a total consideration of RM537,725,000 ("Purchase Consideration"). The Purchase Consideration is payable to Megasteel Secured Lenders.

As of 31 December 2024, the Group has paid RM417,103,000 (2023: RM294,000,000) to the Megasteel Secured Lenders, with the remaining of the Purchase Consideration RM120,622,000 scheduled for payment in 2031.

The deferred payables of the Group are secured by the said assets acquired which are included in the property, plant and equipment as disclosed in Note 12 and corporate guarantee from the Company (Note 38).

35. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Cash and cash equivalents comprise the following:

	The Group		The Company	
	2024	2023	2024	2023
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Cash and bank balances (unrestricted) (Note 26(b))	46,359	44,280	106	48
Deposits with financial institutions (unrestricted) (Note 26(b))	68,841	33,815	220	1,911
Housing Development Accounts (Note 26(b))	4	6,639	-	-
Bank overdrafts (Note 31)	(2,579)	(14,048)	-	(3,555)
	112,625	70,686	326	(1,596)

36. RELATED COMPANIES AND RELATED PARTIES TRANSACTIONS

Related parties are entities in which certain Directors and/or substantial shareholders of the Company or of its subsidiary companies or persons connected with such Directors and/or substantial shareholders have interest, excluding those parties disclosed in Notes 17, 18, 19 and 25.

The Group has the following significant transactions with related parties during the financial year, which were determined on terms not more favourable to the related parties than to third parties:

Sales and purchase of goods and services and interest

Name of Company	Nature	The Group	
		2024 RM'000	2023 RM'000
LAP Trading and Marketing Sdn Bhd	Purchase of goods	10,975	10,880
Bright Steel Sdn Bhd	Rental income	179	95
Lion Tooling Sdn Bhd	Purchase of toolings	2,390	3,055
Likom Caseworks Sdn Bhd	Management fees income	1,633	1,633
Likom CMS Sdn Bhd	Management fees income	1,225	1,225
Pancar Tulin Sdn Bhd	Management fees income	2,394	3,331
Araprop Development Sdn Bhd	Management fees income	1,086	1,736
Senja Ceraf Sdn Bhd	Management fees income	2,473	83
Secom (Malaysia) Sdn Bhd	Security expenses	1,636	1,213
Visionwell Sdn Bhd	Rental expenses	2,483	2,657
Lion Mining Sdn Bhd	Sale of goods	10,125	32,466
	Purchase of goods	-	26,408
	Rental income	1,347	1,285
Compact Energy Sdn Bhd	Purchase of goods	9,295	41,506
	Rental income	382	366

The gross outstanding balances arising from the above transactions with related parties are as follows:

	The Group		The Company	
	2024 RM'000	2023 RM'000	2024 RM'000	2023 RM'000
Receivables:				
Included in trade receivables	201,506	204,218	-	-
Included in other receivables	155,005	152,680	1,658	1,824
Payables:				
Included in trade payables	4,678	5,766	2	139
Included in other payables	28,043	27,899	190	57

36. RELATED COMPANIES AND RELATED PARTIES TRANSACTIONS (continued)

The outstanding balances with related parties are either interest-free or subject to normal trade terms (2023: either interest-free or subject to normal trade terms), repayable on demand and expected to be settled in cash.

Compensation of key management personnel (other than the Directors of the Company)

Key management personnel (other than the Directors of the Company) are defined as those persons having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Group either directly or indirectly.

During the financial year, the significant transactions, which were determined on terms not more favourable to the key management personnel (other than the Directors of the Company) than to third parties, are as follows:

	The Group	
	2024	2023
	RM'000	RM'000
Sales of property	-	2,787

Acquisition of land by Posim Marketing Sdn Bhd ("Posim Marketing")

On 25 November 2021, Posim Marketing, a subsidiary company of Lion Posim Berhad ("LPB"), which is in turn a listed subsidiary company of the Company, had entered into a conditional sale and purchase agreement with Bonus Essential Sdn Bhd ("Bonus Essential") for the acquisition of 10.879 acres of vacant freehold industrial land located at Banting Industrial City, Kuala Langat, Selangor ("BIC Industrial Park Development") from Bonus Essential for a cash consideration of RM26 million ("Purchase Consideration") ("Acquisition of Land").

Bonus Essential is a company in which Tan Sri Cheng Heng Jem ("TSWC") is a director and has substantial interest.

The Purchase Consideration was arrived at on a willing buyer-willing seller basis after taking into consideration the market valuation as certified by Henry Butcher Malaysia Sdn Bhd.

Posim Marketing has lodged a private caveat and lien holder's caveat on the said land. Bonus Essential has procured a personal guarantee from TSWC, its ultimate shareholder, in favour of Posim Marketing with a guaranteed sum of RM26 million to secure the repayment by Bonus Essential in the event Bonus Essential failed to complete the Acquisition of Land.

As at 31 December 2024, the carrying amount of 'capital work-in-progress' includes RM24.4 million (2023: RM24.4 million) incurred for the Acquisition of Land, which has not been reclassified to 'freehold land' under property, plant and equipment in Note 12, as certain infrastructure works by Bonus Essential are yet to be completed.

37. SEGMENTAL INFORMATION

Segment reporting is presented in respect of the Group's business segments in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to and regularly reviewed by the chief operating decision makers in order to allocate resources to a segment and to assess its performance.

Business segments provide products or services that are subject to risks and returns that are different from those of other business segments. Geographical segments provide products or services within a particular economic environment that is subject to risks and returns that are different from those components operating in other economic environments.

Segment revenue, expense, assets and liabilities refer to amounts arising from the operating activities of a segment that are directly attributable to that segment along with the relevant portion that can be allocated on a reasonable basis to the segment. Segment revenue, expenses, assets and liabilities are determined before the elimination of intragroup balances and transactions during the consolidation process, except to the extent that such intragroup balances and transaction are within the Group.

(a) Business Segments

The Group's activities are classified into three major business segments:

- Steel - manufacture and marketing of steel bars, wire rods, and steel related products, and provision of chartering services;
- Building materials - trading and distribution of building materials and other steel products; and
- Others - property development and management, investment holding, treasury business, manufacture and trading of lubricants products, distribution of petroleum products and automotive products, provision of transportation services and training services, distributing and retailing of consumer products, none of which is of a sufficient size to be reported separately.

Inter-segment revenue comprises sales of goods and income from other business segments. These transactions are conducted on an arm's length basis under terms, conditions and prices not materially different from transactions with non-related parties.

Capital expenditure comprises additions to property, plant and equipment, investment properties, prepaid land lease payments, right-of-use assets, land held for property development.

37. SEGMENTAL INFORMATION (continued)

(a) Business Segments (continued)

The Group 2024	Steel RM'000	Building materials RM'000	Others RM'000	Eliminations RM'000	Consolidated RM'000
Statements of Profit or Loss					
Revenue					
External revenue	855,627	621,977	183,926	-	1,661,530
Inter-segment revenue	270,714	8,063	17,911	(296,688)	-
Total revenue	1,126,341	630,040	201,837	(296,688)	1,661,530
Results					
Segment results	(264,484)	4,983	(1,118)	-	(260,619)
Investment income	244	2,946	1,323	-	4,513
Finance costs	(21,149)	(1,375)	(2,842)	-	(25,366)
Share of results of associated companies	818	-	(24,719)	-	(23,901)
Gain arising from sale and leaseback transactions	220,740	-	-	-	220,740
Loss before tax					(84,633)
Tax expense					(272)
Loss for the year					(84,905)

37. SEGMENTAL INFORMATION (continued)

(a) Business Segments (continued)

The Group 2024	Steel RM'000	Building materials RM'000	Others RM'000	Eliminations RM'000	Consolidated RM'000
Statements of Financial Position					
Segment assets	1,331,428	373,394	372,090	-	2,076,912
Investment in associated companies and joint venture	9,488	-	348,580	-	358,068
Unallocated corporate assets					16,495
Total Assets					2,451,475
Segment liabilities	927,462	55,967	189,846	-	1,173,275
Unallocated liabilities					64,747
Total Liabilities					1,238,022
Other Information					
Capital expenditure	29,015	323	13,360	-	42,698
Depreciation and amortisation	44,500	614	7,584	-	52,698
Impairment loss on:					
- Property, plant and equipment	18,557	-	-	-	18,557
- Right-of-use assets	21,166	-	-	-	21,166
- Trade and other receivables	430	6,923	5,426	-	12,779
Reversal of impairment loss on:					
- Property, plant and equipment	-	-	(665)	-	(665)
- Trade and other receivables	(7,639)	(1,728)	(157)	-	(9,524)
- Long term investments	(581)	-	(26)	-	(607)
Other non-cash expenses	60,828	64	772	-	61,664

37. SEGMENTAL INFORMATION (continued)

(a) Business Segments (continued)

The Group 2023	Steel RM'000	Building materials RM'000	Others RM'000	Eliminations RM'000	Consolidated RM'000
Statements of Profit or Loss					
Revenue					
External revenue	1,164,003	620,884	129,930	-	1,914,817
Inter-segment revenue	266,912	14,550	19,801	(301,263)	-
Total revenue	1,430,915	635,434	149,731	(301,263)	1,914,817
Results					
Segment results	(195,181)	2,290	(3,715)	-	(196,606)
Investment income					
Finance costs	670	1,760	1,433	-	3,863
	(11,730)	(1,256)	(2,416)	-	(15,402)
Share of results of:					
- Associated companies	889	-	(5,285)	-	(4,396)
- Joint venture	-	-	27	-	27
Realisation of translation adjustment reserve upon dissolution of a subsidiary company	-	8,586	-	-	8,586
Impairment loss on goodwill	(130,443)	-	-	-	(130,443)
Loss before tax					(334,371)
Tax expense					(68,043)
Loss for the year					(402,414)

37. SEGMENTAL INFORMATION (continued)**(a) Business Segments (continued)**

The Group 2023	Steel RM'000	Building materials RM'000	Others RM'000	Eliminations RM'000	Consolidated RM'000
Statements of Financial Position					
Segment assets	1,380,812	378,757	423,446	-	2,183,015
Investment in associated companies and joint venture	8,670	-	389,767	-	398,437
Unallocated corporate assets					19,675
Total Assets					2,601,127
Segment liabilities	900,852	83,658	224,135	-	1,208,645
Unallocated liabilities					69,013
Total Liabilities					1,277,658
Other Information					
Capital expenditure	53,520	103	9,230	-	62,853
Depreciation and amortisation	53,140	560	9,041	-	62,741
Impairment loss on:					
- Property, plant and equipment	10,995	-	-	-	10,995
- Trade and other receivables	884	5,885	4,853	-	11,622
Reversal of impairment loss on:					
- Property, plant and equipment	(3,603)	-	(168)	-	(3,771)
- Trade and other receivables	(6,377)	(253)	(197)	-	(6,827)
- Long term investments	(124)	-	(6)	-	(130)
Other non-cash expenses/(income)	89,385	193	(582)	-	88,996

37. SEGMENTAL INFORMATION (continued)**(b) Geographical Segments**

The Group operates in two main geographical areas:

- Malaysia - manufacture and marketing of steel bars, wire rods, and steel related products, provision of chartering services, property development and management, trading and distribution of building materials and other steel products, manufacture and trading of lubricants products, distribution of petroleum products and automotive products, provision of transportation services and training services, distributing and retailing of consumer products; and
- Other countries which are not sizable to be reported separately.

	Revenue	
	2024 RM'000	2023 RM'000
Malaysia	1,633,950	1,888,259
Other countries	27,580	26,558
	1,661,530	1,914,817

	Total assets		Capital Expenditure	
	2024 RM'000	2023 RM'000	2024 RM'000	2023 RM'000
Malaysia	2,281,693	2,424,517	42,690	62,853
Other countries	169,782	176,610	8	-
	2,451,475	2,601,127	42,698	62,853

In determining the geographical segments of the Group, revenue is based on the country in which the customer is located. Total assets and capital expenditure are determined based on where the assets are located.

38. FINANCIAL GUARANTEE CONTRACTS

	The Company	
	2024 RM'000	2023 RM'000
Corporate guarantee given to certain subsidiary companies for:		
- Deferred payables (Note 34)	120,622	243,725
- Trade payables and borrowings	350,910	451,075
	471,532	694,800

The corporate guarantees issued are not recognised in the financial statements as the Directors regard the value of the credit enhancement provided by these guarantees is minimal and the probability of default, based on historical track records of the parties receiving the guarantees are remote.

39. CAPITAL COMMITMENTS

At the end of the reporting period, the Group has the following capital commitments:

	The Group	
	2024	2023
	RM'000	RM'000
Purchase of property, plant and equipment and others:		
- Approved and contracted for	17,519	9,525
- Approved but not contracted for	3,134	3,228
	20,653	12,753

40. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS**Capital risk management**

The objective of the Group's and of the Company's capital management is to safeguard the Group's and the Company's ability to continue as a going-concern while maximising the return to shareholders through the optimisation of debt and equity balance. The Group's overall strategy remains unchanged since 31 December 2023.

The capital structure of the Group and of the Company consists of net debts (borrowings offset by cash and cash equivalents) and equity of the Group and of the Company (comprising issued capital, reserves and non-controlling interests).

The Group's management reviews the capital structure of the Group on a regular basis. As part of this review, management considers the cost of capital and risk associated with each class of capital.

Gearing ratio

The gearing ratio at the end of the reporting period is as follows:

	The Group		The Company	
	2024	2023	2024	2023
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Debt (i)	100,060	160,239	4,459	8,375
Cash and cash equivalents (excluding bank overdrafts)	(115,204)	(84,734)	(326)	(1,959)
Net (cash)/debts	(15,144)	75,505	4,133	6,416
Equity (ii)	1,213,453	1,323,469	1,195,819	1,175,193
Debt to equity ratio	N/A*	5.71%	0.35%	0.55%

* The Group is in net cash position, thus debt to equity ratio is not applicable.

(i) Debt is loans and borrowings as disclosed in Note 31.

(ii) Equity includes issued capital, reserves, and non-controlling interests.

40. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)**Categories of financial instruments**

	The Group		The Company	
	2024	2023	2024	2023
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Financial assets				
Fair Value Through Profit or Loss ("FVTPL"):				
Investment in money market funds	2,449	2,362	-	-
Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income ("FVTOCI"):				
Unquoted investments	513	599	216	216
Amortised cost:				
Trade receivables	320,838	312,003	-	-
Other receivables and deposits	335,988	298,066	2,262	3,213
Amount owing by subsidiary companies	-	-	484,908	460,926
Deposits, cash and bank balances	144,129	114,558	3,807	5,347
Financial liabilities				
At amortised cost:				
Trade payables	424,162	416,080	65	339
Other payables, deposits and accrued expenses	341,100	288,425	1,094	881
Amount owing to subsidiary companies	-	-	146,633	143,240
Lease liabilities	151,431	24,079	-	-
Loans and borrowings	100,060	160,239	4,459	8,375
Deferred payables	120,622	243,725	-	-

Financial risk management objectives and policies

The operations of the Group and of the Company are subject to a variety of financial risks, including foreign currency risk, interest rate risk, credit risk and liquidity risk. The Group's and the Company's financial risk management principal objective is to minimise the Group's and the Company's exposure to risks and/or costs associated with the financing, investing and operating activities of the Group and of the Company.

Various risk management policies are made and approved by the Board of Directors for observation in the day-to-day operations for the controlling and management of the risks associated with financial instruments.

40. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)**Foreign currency risk**

The Group and the Company undertake transactions denominated in foreign currencies; consequently, exposures to exchange rate fluctuation arise.

The carrying amounts of the Group's and of the Company's foreign currency denominated monetary assets and monetary liabilities at the end of the reporting period are as follows:

	The Group		The Company	
	Assets	Liabilities	Assets	Liabilities
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
2024				
United States Dollar	7,084	27,745	-	-
Chinese Renminbi	27,298	4,527	-	7,630
Others	1,348	13,131	-	-
	35,730	45,403	-	7,630
2023				
United States Dollar	4,335	33,572	-	-
Chinese Renminbi	28,549	4,745	-	7,090
Others	1,059	2,380	-	-
	33,943	40,697	-	7,090

Foreign currency sensitivity analysis

The Group and the Company are mainly exposed to the foreign currencies of United States Dollar and Chinese Renminbi.

The following table details the Group's and the Company's sensitivity to a 10% increase and decrease in the Ringgit Malaysia against the relevant foreign currencies. 10% is the sensitivity rate used when reporting foreign currency risk internally to key management personnel and represents management's assessment of the reasonably possible change in foreign exchange rates. The sensitivity analysis includes only outstanding foreign currency denominated monetary items and adjusts their translation at the end of the reporting year for a 10% change in foreign currency rates. A positive number below indicates a gain in the profit or loss before tax and other equity where the Ringgit Malaysia strengthens 10% against the relevant currency. For a 10% weakening of the Ringgit Malaysia against the relevant currency, there would be a comparable impact on profit or loss before tax and other equity, the balances below would be negative.

40. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)Foreign currency sensitivity analysis (continued)

	The Group		The Company	
	2024	2023	2024	2023
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Profit or loss before tax				
United States Dollar	2,066	2,924	-	-
Chinese Renminbi	44	45	763	709
	2,110	2,969	763	709
Other equity				
Chinese Renminbi	(2,322)	(2,425)	-	-

In management's opinion, the sensitivity analysis is unrepresentative of the inherent foreign exchange risk because the year end exposure does not reflect the exposure during the financial year.

Interest rate risk

The Group is exposed to interest rate risk through the impact of rate changes on bank borrowings. The interest rates for the said bank borrowings are disclosed in Note 31.

The interest rates for the loans and borrowings and lease liabilities, which are fixed at the inception of the borrowing/financing arrangements, are disclosed in Notes 31 and 32 respectively.

Interest rate sensitivity analysis

The Group's exposures to interest rates on financial liabilities are detailed below. The sensitivity analysis below has been determined based on the exposure to interest rates for financial liabilities at the end of the reporting period. For floating rate liabilities, the analysis is prepared assuming the amount of the liabilities at the end of the reporting period will remain unchanged for the whole year. A 50 basis point increase or decrease is used when reporting interest rate risk internally to key management personnel and represents management's assessment of the reasonably possible change in interest rates.

If interest rates had been 50 basis points higher or lower and all other variables were held constant, the Group's and the Company's profit or loss before tax for the year ended 31 December 2024 would decrease or increase by as follows:

	The Group		The Company	
	2024	2023	2024	2023
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Floating rate liabilities				
Bank overdrafts	13	70	-	18
Bills payables	377	395	-	-
Term loans	47	224	22	24
Receivables financing	61	109	-	-
	498	798	22	42

40. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of loss that may arise on outstanding financial instruments should a counterparty default on its obligations.

Trade and other receivables and corporate guarantees

The Group is exposed to credit risk mainly from trade and other receivables. The Group extends credit to its customers based upon careful evaluation on the customers' financial condition and credit history.

The Company is also exposed to credit risk resulting from the corporate guarantee given to financial institution for the granting of credit facilities to the subsidiary companies. The Company's maximum exposure to credit risk resulting from the corporate guarantee is disclosed in Note 38. The Company monitors on an ongoing basis the results of the subsidiary companies, and their repayments. As at the reporting date, there was no indication that these companies would default on repayment.

The Group's and the Company's exposure to credit risk in relation to their receivables, should all their customers fail to perform their obligations as of 31 December 2024, is the carrying amount of these receivables as disclosed in the statements of financial position. The concentration of credit risk is limited due to the fact that the customer base is large and did not exceed 10% of gross monetary assets at any time during the reporting period.

Deposits, cash and bank balances

Exposure to credit risk arising from deposits, cash and bank balances is managed by depositing or investing the Group's and the Company's funds with licensed financial institutions. The deposits, cash and bank balances that denominated in Chinese Renminbi which are held with bank and financial institutions in the PRC, rated A2 and Baa2 (2023: A2 and Baa2) respectively, based on Moody's Investors Service ratings.

Deposits, cash and bank balances have been assessed on a 12-month expected loss basis and reflects the short maturities of the exposures. The Group and the Company consider that their deposits, cash and bank balances have low credit risk based on their external credit ratings.

Liquidity risk

Ultimate responsibility for liquidity risk management rests with the Board of Directors, which has established an appropriate liquidity risk management framework for the management of the Group's and of the Company's short-term, medium and long-term funding and liquidity management requirements. The Group and the Company manage liquidity risk by maintaining adequate reserves and banking facilities by continuously monitoring forecast and actual cash flows, and by matching the maturity profiles of financial assets and liabilities.

The Group and the Company practise prudent liquidity risk management to minimise the mismatch of financial assets and liabilities and to maintain sufficient credit facilities for contingent funding requirement of working capital.

40. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

Liquidity risk (continued)

The tables below summarise the maturity profile of the Group's and of the Company's financial liabilities at the end of the reporting period based on contractual undiscounted repayment obligations. The tables include both interest and principal cash flows.

The Group 2024	Within 1 year		More than 1 year but not exceeding 2 years		More than 2 years but not exceeding 5 years		More than 5 years		Total RM'000	Contractual interest rate %
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000		
Financial liabilities										
Non-interest bearing:										
- Trade payables	424,162	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	424,162	-
- Other payables, deposits and accrued expenses	277,967	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	277,967	-
- Deferred payables	-	-	-	-	-	-	120,622	-	120,622	-
Interest bearing:										
- Other payables, deposits and accrued expenses	17,524	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	17,524	11.75 - 12.00
- Security deposits from non-current assets classified as held for sale	50,931	3,346	-	-	-	-	-	-	54,277	9.60
- Lease liabilities	33,939	35,040	90,854	-	-	-	19,768	-	179,601	2.50 - 6.98
- Loans and borrowings	102,677	1,238	255	-	-	-	-	-	104,170	3.67 - 10.00
	907,200	39,624	91,109	-	-	-	140,390	-	1,178,323	

40. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

Liquidity risk (continued)

The Group 2023

	Within 1 year RM'000	More than 1 year but not exceeding 2 years RM'000	More than 2 years but not exceeding 5 years RM'000	More than 5 years RM'000	Total RM'000	Contractual interest rate %
Financial liabilities						
Non-interest bearing:						
- Trade payables	416,080	-	-	-	416,080	-
- Other payables, deposits and accrued expenses	225,890	-	-	-	225,890	-
- Deferred payables	123,103	-	-	120,622	243,725	-
Interest bearing:						
- Other payables, deposits and accrued expenses	17,973	-	-	-	17,973	11.75 - 12.00
- Security deposits from non-current assets classified as held for sale	50,931	3,346	-	-	54,277	9.60
- Lease liabilities	10,600	7,483	8,661	-	26,744	2.50 - 6.98
- Loans and borrowings	144,820	7,104	17,336	44	169,304	3.67 - 10.30
	<u>989,397</u>	<u>17,933</u>	<u>25,997</u>	<u>120,666</u>	<u>1,153,993</u>	

40. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)**Liquidity risk (continued)**

The Company 2024	Within 1 year RM'000	More than 1 year but not exceeding 5 years RM'000	Total RM'000	Contractual interest rate %
Financial liabilities				
Non-interest bearing:				
- Trade payables	65	-	65	-
- Other payables, deposits and accrued expenses	1,094	-	1,094	-
- Amount owing to subsidiary companies	-	170,295	170,295	-
- Financial guarantee contracts	471,532	-	471,532	-
Interest bearing:				
- Loans and borrowings	4,851	-	4,851	7.60 - 10.00
	<u>477,542</u>	<u>170,295</u>	<u>647,837</u>	
2023				
Financial liabilities				
Non-interest bearing:				
- Trade payables	339	-	339	-
- Other payables, deposits and accrued expenses	881	-	881	-
- Amount owing to subsidiary companies	-	178,528	178,528	-
- Financial guarantee contracts	694,800	-	694,800	-
Interest bearing:				
- Loans and borrowings	8,994	-	8,994	6.35 - 10.00
	<u>705,014</u>	<u>178,528</u>	<u>883,542</u>	

40. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)**Fair value of financial instruments**

Except as detailed in the following table, the carrying amounts of the financial assets and the financial liabilities carried at amortised cost in the financial statements approximate their fair values.

	The Group			The Company	
	Carrying amount	Fair value		Carrying amount	Fair value
2024	RM'000	RM'000		RM'000	RM'000
Financial assets					
Investment in money market funds	2,449	2,449	#	-	-
Unquoted investments	513	513	^	216	216
2023					
Financial assets					
Investment in money market funds	2,362	2,362	#	-	-
Unquoted investments	599	599	^	216	216

The quoted market prices of quoted investments as at the end of the reporting period are used to determine the fair values of these financial assets.

^ The fair values of unquoted investments are based on price quotes for similar instruments based on market observable inputs (Level 2) as quoted prices of identical instruments from an active market (Level 1) are not available.

40. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)**Fair value hierarchy**

Fair values of financial instruments that are measured at fair value in the statements of financial position at the end of the reporting period are as follows:

	Level 1 RM'000	Level 2 RM'000	Level 3 RM'000	Total RM'000
The Group				
2024				
Financial assets				
Investment in money market funds	2,449	-	-	2,449
Unquoted investments	-	513	-	513
2023				
Financial assets				
Investment in money market funds	2,362	-	-	2,362
Unquoted investments	-	599	-	599
The Company				
2024				
Financial asset				
Unquoted investments	-	216	-	216
2023				
Financial asset				
Unquoted investments	-	216	-	216

There were no transfers between Levels 1, 2 and 3 during the financial year.

41. SIGNIFICANT EVENTS

- (a) Amsteel Mills Sdn Bhd ("AMSB"), a 99%-owned subsidiary company of the Company had on 23 February 2024 entered into a conditional sale and purchase agreement with RHB Trustees Berhad ("RHB Trustees"), acted as the trustee for Axis Real Estate Investment Trust ("Axis-REIT"), for the disposal of a piece of leasehold land held under HS (D) 24277, PT 3501 in Mukim Kapar, Daerah Klang, Negeri Selangor Darul Ehsan measuring approximately 3.23 hectares together with the buildings erected thereon, for a disposal consideration of RM49.00 million ("Disposal").

The Disposal was completed on 31 May 2024 and subsequently leaseback by AMSB.

41. SIGNIFICANT EVENTS (continued)

- (b) AMSB had on 22 April 2024 entered into the following conditional sale and purchase agreements with RHB Trustees, who acted as the trustee for Axis-REIT for the following:
- (i) disposal of 2 pieces of leasehold industrial land held under HS (D) 17795, PT 3494 (now known as Lot No. 25170) with the buildings erected thereon together with the fixtures and fittings attached thereto and HS (D) 31354, PT 17631 (now known as Lot No. 26953), both located in Mukim Kapar, Daerah Klang, Negeri Selangor Darul Ehsan, for a total disposal consideration of RM313.00 million to be satisfied entirely in cash and the subsequent leaseback by AMSB ("Proposed Disposal of Property 1"). The Proposed Disposal of Property 1 was completed during the financial year; and
 - (ii) disposal of a piece of leasehold industrial land held under HS (D) 119721, PT 59358 (now known as Lot No. 62610) located in Mukim Kapar, Daerah Klang, Negeri Selangor Darul Ehsan, for a total disposal consideration of RM38.80 million to be satisfied entirely in cash ("Proposed Disposal of Property 2"). The Proposed Disposal of Property 2 is pending completion.
- (c) On 1 September 2023:
- (i) AMSB entered into a conditional sale and purchase agreement with Unichamp Mineral Sdn Bhd ("Unichamp Mineral") for the proposed disposal of a portion of a piece of freehold land held under GRN 297957, Lot 19322, Mukim Tanjong Duabelas, Daerah Kuala Langat, Negeri Selangor measuring 19.781 acres or approximately 861,660 sq ft for a cash consideration of RM67.96 million; and
 - (ii) Gelora Berkat Sdn Bhd, a wholly-owned subsidiary company of the Company, entered into a conditional sale and purchase agreement with Unichamp Mineral for the proposed disposal of a portion of a piece of freehold land held under H.S.(D) 26819, PT 17217, Mukim Tanjong Duabelas, Daerah Kuala Langat, Negeri Selangor measuring 7.006 acres or approximately 305,181 sq ft for a cash consideration of RM24.07 million (collectively, the "Proposed Disposals").

The Proposed Disposals are pending fulfillment of conditions precedent.

- (d) Lion Waterfront Sdn Bhd, a wholly-owned subsidiary of Lion Posim Berhad ("LPB"), which is in turn, a listed subsidiary company of the Company, had on 18 May 2022 entered into a conditional development agreement with Landasan Lumayan Sdn Bhd ("Landasan Lumayan"), a wholly-owned subsidiary of Menteri Besar Selangor (Pemerbadanan), to form an unincorporated joint venture to undertake a mixed residential and commercial development on a parcel of land to be alienated by the Selangor State Government to Landasan Lumayan measuring approximately 26.29 acres in Section 24, Shah Alam, Selangor ("Proposed Unincorporated Joint Venture").

In conjunction with the Proposed Unincorporated Joint Venture, LPB proposed to diversify the existing businesses of LPB and its subsidiary companies to include property development ("Proposed Diversification").

The Proposed Unincorporated Joint Venture and the Proposed Diversification shall collectively be referred to as the "Proposals".

The Shareholders of LPB had on 2 December 2022 approved the Proposals. The Proposals are pending the approvals to be obtained from relevant regulatory authorities.

42. SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES

The subsidiary companies are as follows:

Name of company	Principal place of business and place of incorporation	Percentage ownership		Principal activities
		2024 %	2023 %	
*Amble Legacy Sdn Bhd	Malaysia	100	100	Investment holding
Cendana Domain Sdn Bhd	Malaysia	100	100	Investment holding
*Crest Wonder Sdn Bhd	Malaysia	100	100	Investment holding
Lion Courts Sdn Bhd	Malaysia	100	100	Property development and investment holding
Lion Group Management Services Sdn Bhd	Malaysia	52 ^a	52 ^a	Provision of management services
*Lion Metal Industries Sdn Bhd	Malaysia	100	100	Provision of storage facilities
*Lion Motor Venture Sdn Bhd	Malaysia	100	100	Investment holding
LLB Enterprise Sdn Bhd	Malaysia	94	94	Dormant
LLB Harta (M) Sdn Bhd	Malaysia	100	100	Managing of debts novated from the Company and certain of its subsidiary companies pursuant to a debt restructuring exercise undertaken by the Company
LLB Nominees Sdn Bhd	Malaysia	100	100	Investment holding
*LLB Steel Industries Sdn Bhd	Malaysia	100	100	Investment holding

42. SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES (continued)

Name of company	Principal place of business and place of incorporation	Percentage ownership		Principal activities
		2024 %	2023 %	
LLB Strategic Holdings Sdn Bhd	Malaysia	100	100	Investment holding
Malim Courts Property Development Sdn Bhd	Malaysia	100	100	Property development and investment holding
Mcken Sdn Bhd	Malaysia	100	100	Ceased operations
*Slag Aggregate Sdn Bhd	Malaysia	100	100	Investment holding
Sucorp Enterprise Sdn Bhd	Malaysia	100	100	Money lending and investment holding
Tahap Berkat Sdn Bhd	Malaysia	100	100	Investment holding
Subsidiary company of Amble Legacy Sdn Bhd				
*Tianjin Baden Real Estate Development Co Ltd (In voluntary liquidation)	People's Republic of China	95	95	Property development
Subsidiary company of Cendana Domain Sdn Bhd				
Cendana Aset Sdn Bhd	Malaysia	100	100	Real estate activities namely renting and leasing of land and building as well as plant and machinery
Subsidiary company of Cendana Aset Sdn Bhd				
*Secomex Manufacturing (M) Sdn Bhd	Malaysia	100	100	Ceased operations

42. SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES (continued)

Name of company	Principal place of business and place of incorporation	Percentage ownership		Principal activities
		2024	2023	
		%	%	
Subsidiary company of Crest Wonder Sdn Bhd				
Lunas Cemerlang Sdn Bhd	Malaysia	100	100	Investment holding
Subsidiary companies of Lunas Cemerlang Sdn Bhd				
Lion Steel Sdn Bhd	Malaysia	100	100	Manufacturing and marketing of steel products
Formula Sepadu Sdn Bhd	Malaysia	100	100	Dormant
Kenari Juara Sdn Bhd	Malaysia	100	100	Dormant
Sendi Setara Sdn Bhd	Malaysia	100	100	Dormant
Subsidiary company of Lion Motor Venture Sdn Bhd				
*Tianjin Hua Shi Auto Meter Co Ltd (In voluntary liquidation)	People's Republic of China	56	56	Manufacturing of meters for motor vehicles and after sales services
Subsidiary companies of LLB Nominees Sdn Bhd				
*Holdsworth Investment Pte Ltd	Singapore	70	70	Investment holding
*Zhongsin Biotech Pte Ltd	Singapore	51	51	Investment holding

42. SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES (continued)

Name of company	Principal place of business and place of incorporation	Percentage ownership		Principal activities
		2024 %	2023 %	
Subsidiary company of LLB Steel Industries Sdn Bhd				
*Steelcorp Sdn Bhd	Malaysia	99	99	Investment holding
Subsidiary companies of Malim Courts Property Development Sdn Bhd				
Berkat Timor Sdn Bhd	Malaysia	100	100	Dormant
Inspirasi Elit Sdn Bhd	Malaysia	85	85	Property development
Jopp Builders Sdn Bhd	Malaysia	100	100	Dormant
LLB Bina Sdn Bhd	Malaysia	100	100	Construction works and property development
LLB Indah Permai Sdn Bhd	Malaysia	100	100	Property development
PM Holdings Sdn Bhd	Malaysia	100	100	Investment holding, property development and provision of management services
Soga Sdn Bhd	Malaysia	99	99	Property development
Sumber Realty Sdn Bhd	Malaysia	100	100	Investment holding and property development
Syarikat Pekan Baru Kemajuan Sdn Bhd	Malaysia	100	100	Dormant

42. SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES (continued)

Name of company	Principal place of business and place of incorporation	Percentage ownership		Principal activities
		2024 %	2023 %	
Subsidiary company of Sucorp Enterprise Sdn Bhd				
Kisan Agency Sdn Bhd	Malaysia	100	100	Property development
Subsidiary company of Tahap Berkat Sdn Bhd				
Gelora Berkat Sdn Bhd	Malaysia	100	100	Investment holding
Subsidiary companies of PM Holdings Sdn Bhd				
Citibaru Sendirian Berhad	Malaysia	100	100	Dormant
Malim Jaya (Melaka) Sdn Bhd	Malaysia	100	100	Property development
Subsidiary company of Soga Sdn Bhd				
Batu Pahat Enterprise Sdn Berhad	Malaysia	100	100	Real estate development
Subsidiary company of Steelcorp Sdn Bhd				
Amsteel Mills Sdn Bhd	Malaysia	100	100	Manufacture and marketing of steel bars and wire rods
Subsidiary companies of Sumber Realty Sdn Bhd				
Projek Jaya Sdn Bhd	Malaysia	100	100	Investment holding
Seri Lalang Development Sdn Bhd	Malaysia	100	100	Dormant
Sharikat Pengangkutan East West Sdn Bhd	Malaysia	100	100	Dormant

42. SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES (continued)

Name of company	Principal place of business and place of incorporation	Percentage ownership		Principal activities
		2024 %	2023 %	
Subsidiary companies of Amsteel Mills Sdn Bhd				
Amsteel Mills Marketing Sdn Bhd	Malaysia	100	100	Sale and distribution of steel products
*Amsteel Mills Realty Sdn Bhd	Malaysia	100	100	Ceased operations
Lion Posim Berhad ("LPB")	Malaysia	74 ^b	74 ^b	Investment holding
Lion Waterway Logistics Sdn Bhd	Malaysia	100	100	Stevedoring and related activities and to own, lease and operate ships barges and to enter into charter parties
*Lion Investment (A) Sdn Bhd	Malaysia	100	100	Investment holding
Subsidiary companies of LPB				
Gama Harta Sdn Bhd (Dissolved on 16 December 2024)	Malaysia	-	100	Investment holding
Intra Inspirasi Sdn Bhd	Malaysia	100	100	Investment holding
LFIB Agriculture (Cambodia) Sdn Bhd	Malaysia	100	100	Investment holding
*Lion AMB Resources Sdn Bhd	Malaysia	100	100	Investment holding
Lion Petroleum Products Sdn Bhd	Malaysia	100	100	Manufacturing of petroleum products

42. SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES (continued)

Name of company	Principal place of business and place of incorporation	Percentage ownership		Principal activities
		2024	2023	
		%	%	
Subsidiary companies of LPB (continued)				
Posim Marketing Sdn Bhd	Malaysia	100	100	Trading and distribution of building materials and steel products
Posim Petroleum Marketing Sdn Bhd	Malaysia	100	100	Trading, distribution and e-commerce of petroleum and automotive products
*Lion Waterfront Sdn Bhd	Malaysia	100	100	Property development
Subsidiary company of Intra Inspirasi Sdn Bhd				
Brands Pro Management Sdn Bhd	Malaysia	100 ⁽²⁾	100 ⁽¹⁾	Distribution and retailing of ACCA KAPPA products and other beauty and fashion brands
Subsidiary companies of LFIB Agriculture (Cambodia) Sdn Bhd ("BVI Companies")				
^Bright Triumph Investments Limited	British Virgin Islands	100	100	Investment holding
^Distinct Harvest Limited	British Virgin Islands	100	100	Investment holding
^Double Merits Enterprise Limited	British Virgin Islands	100	100	Investment holding
^Elite Image Investments Limited	British Virgin Islands	100	100	Investment holding
^Eminent Elite Investments Limited	British Virgin Islands	100	100	Investment holding

42. SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES (continued)

Name of company	Principal place of business and place of incorporation	Percentage ownership		Principal activities
		2024 %	2023 %	
Subsidiary companies of LFIB Agriculture (Cambodia) Sdn Bhd ("BVI Companies") (continued)				
^Green Choice Holdings Limited	British Virgin Islands	100	100	Investment holding
^Radiant Elite Holdings Limited	British Virgin Islands	100	100	Investment holding
^Up Reach Limited	British Virgin Islands	100	100	Investment holding
Subsidiary companies of BVI Companies				
^Bright Triumph (Cambodia) Co., Limited	Cambodia	100	100	Investment and development in agriculture
^Distinct Harvest (Cambodia) Co., Ltd	Cambodia	100	100	Investment and development in agriculture
^Hi-Rev Lubricants (Cambodia) Co., Ltd	Cambodia	100	100	Wholesale of petroleum products and related products
^Eminent Elite (Cambodia) Co., Ltd	Cambodia	100	100	Investment and development in agriculture
^Green Choice (Cambodia) Co., Limited	Cambodia	100	100	Investment and development in agriculture
^Radiant Elite (Cambodia) Co., Ltd	Cambodia	100	100	Investment and development in agriculture

42. SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES (continued)

Name of company	Principal place of business and place of incorporation	Percentage ownership		Principal activities
		2024	2023	
		%	%	
Subsidiary companies of BVI Companies (continued)				
^Up Reach (Cambodia) Co., Limited (In voluntary liquidation)	Cambodia	100	100	Investment and development in agriculture
Subsidiary companies of Lion AMB Resources Sdn Bhd				
*AMB Venture Sdn Bhd	Malaysia	100	100	Investment holding
*CeDR Corporate Consulting Sdn Bhd	Malaysia	100	100	Provision of training services
Subsidiary companies of AMB Venture Sdn Bhd				
*Chrome Marketing Sdn Bhd	Malaysia	100	100	Investment holding
*Lion Tyre Venture Sdn Bhd (Dissolved on 27 March 2025)	Malaysia	100	100	Ceased operations
*Range Grove Sdn Bhd	Malaysia	100	100	Investment holding
Subsidiary company of Range Grove Sdn Bhd				
*Shanghai AMB Management Consulting Co Ltd	People's Republic of China	100	100	Provision of management services

42. SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES (continued)

- * The financial statements of these companies are audited by auditors other than the auditors of the Company.
- [^] These subsidiary companies are inactive presently and no statutory requirement for the financial statements to be audited at the end of the financial year.
- ^a 35% held by Sucorp Enterprise Sdn Bhd and 17% held by Posim Petroleum Marketing Sdn Bhd.
- ^b 20% held by the Company and 54% held by Amsteel Mills Sdn Bhd.
- ⁽¹⁾ Held by Gama Harta Sdn Bhd.
- ⁽²⁾ During the financial year, Intra Inspirasi Sdn Bhd ("Intra") acquired 100% equity interest in Brands Pro Management Sdn Bhd ("Brands Pro") from Gama Harta Sdn Bhd for a total cash consideration of RM1. Consequently, Brands Pro became a wholly-owned subsidiary company of Intra.

43. ASSOCIATED COMPANIES

The associated companies of the Group are as follows:

Name of company	Financial year-end	Principal place of business and place of incorporation	Percentage ownership		Principal activities
			2024 %	2023 %	
Renor Pte Ltd (Dissolved on 1 April 2024)	30 June	Singapore	-	40	Investment holding
Lion Insurance Company Limited	31 December	Malaysia	41	41	Captive insurance business
Parkson Holdings Berhad	31 December	Malaysia	26	26	Investment holding
Lion Titco Resources Sdn Bhd	31 December	Malaysia	40	40	Processing of steel slag and metal extraction
Lion Corporation Berhad	31 December	Malaysia	21	21	Investment holding
Lion Asiapac Limited	30 June	Singapore	37	37	Investment holding
Angkasa Amsteel (M) Sdn Bhd (In voluntary liquidation)	30 June	Malaysia	50	50	Trading and distribution of fabricated steel reinforcement bars

The financial statements of all the associated companies are audited by auditors other than the auditors of the Company.

LION INDUSTRIES CORPORATION BERHAD
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

STATEMENT BY DIRECTORS

We, Tan Sri Cheng Heng Jem and Cheng Hui Ya, Serena, being two of the Directors of Lion Industries Corporation Berhad, do hereby state that, in the opinion of the Directors, the accompanying financial statements are drawn up in accordance with MFRS Accounting Standards, IFRS Accounting Standards and the requirements of the Companies Act 2016 in Malaysia so as to give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Group and of the Company as at 31 December 2024 and of the financial performance and the cash flows of the Group and of the Company for the year then ended.

Signed on behalf of the Board in accordance with a resolution of the Directors dated 10 April 2025.



TAN SRI CHENG HENG JEM
Director



CHENG HUI YA, SERENA
Director

Kuala Lumpur

LION INDUSTRIES CORPORATION BERHAD
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

**DECLARATION BY THE OFFICER PRIMARILY RESPONSIBLE FOR THE FINANCIAL
MANAGEMENT OF THE COMPANY**

I, Ooi Kim Lai (MIA Membership number: 9454), the officer primarily responsible for the financial management of LION INDUSTRIES CORPORATION BERHAD, do solemnly and sincerely declare that the accompanying financial statements are, in my opinion, correct and I make this solemn declaration conscientiously believing the same to be true, and by virtue of the provisions of the Statutory Declaration Act, 1960.



OOI KIM LAI

Subscribed and solemnly declared by the
abovenamed OOI KIM LAI at Kuala Lumpur in
the Federal Territory on the 10th day of April
2025.

Before me



SUITE 9.03, TINGKAT 9
MENARA RAJA LAUT
NO. 288 JALAN RAJA LAUT
50350 KUALA LUMPUR

FORM OF PROXY

CDS ACCOUNT NUMBER

			-				-									
--	--	--	---	--	--	--	---	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

I/We _____

NRIC/Passport/Registration No. _____

of _____

being a member of LION INDUSTRIES CORPORATION BERHAD, hereby appoint _____

NRIC/Passport No. _____

of _____

or failing whom, _____

NRIC/Passport No. _____

of _____

as my/our proxy to vote for me/us and on my/our behalf at the 94th Annual General Meeting of the Company to be held at the Meeting Hall, Level 16, Lion Office Tower, No. 1 Jalan Nagasari, 50200 Kuala Lumpur, Wilayah Persekutuan on Friday, 30 May 2025 at 10.30 am and at any adjournment thereof.

RESOLUTIONS	FOR	AGAINST
1. To approve Directors' fees		
2. To approve Directors' benefits		
3. To re-elect Y. Bhg. Dato' Sun Teoh Tia as Director		
4. To re-elect Cik Zainab binti Dato' Hj. Mohamed as Director		
5. To re-appoint Messrs Forvis Mazars PLT as Auditors		
6. Authority to Directors to Issue and Allot Shares		
7. Proposed Renewal of Shareholders' Mandate for Recurrent Related Party Transactions of a Revenue or Trading Nature		

Please indicate with an "X" how you wish your vote to be cast. If no specific direction as to voting is given, the proxy will vote or abstain at his discretion.

As witness my/our hand this _____ day of _____ 2025

No. of shares: _____

Signed: _____

Representation at Meeting:

- In respect of deposited securities, only Members whose names appear in the Record of Depositors on 26 May 2025 shall be eligible to attend the Meeting.
- A member entitled to attend and vote at the Meeting is entitled to appoint not more than 2 proxies to attend and vote instead of him. A proxy need not be a member of the Company.
- If a member appoints 2 proxies, the proportion of his shareholdings represented by each proxy must be specified.
- The instrument appointing a proxy must be in writing under the hand of the appointor or his attorney duly authorised in writing or, if the appointor is a corporation, either under seal or the hand of an officer or attorney duly authorised.
- Where a member of the Company is an exempt authorised nominee which holds ordinary shares in the Company for multiple beneficial owners in 1 securities account ("omnibus account"), there is no limit to the number of proxies which the exempt authorised nominee may appoint in respect of each omnibus account it holds.
- The instrument appointing a proxy shall be deposited at the Office of the Registrar of the Company, Securities Services (Holdings) Sdn Bhd at Level 7, Menara Milenium, Jalan Damanlela, Pusat Bandar Damansara, Damansara Heights, 50490 Kuala Lumpur, Wilayah Persekutuan not less than 48 hours before the time for holding the Meeting.
- Completed Form of Proxy sent through facsimile transmission or any electronic or digital manner shall not be accepted.



LION INDUSTRIES CORPORATION BERHAD

Registration No. 192401000008 (415-D)

Level 14, Lion Office Tower

No. 1 Jalan Nagasari

50200 Kuala Lumpur

Wilayah Persekutuan

Tel No : +603 2142 0155

www.lion.com.my/lionind

